



Understanding $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$?

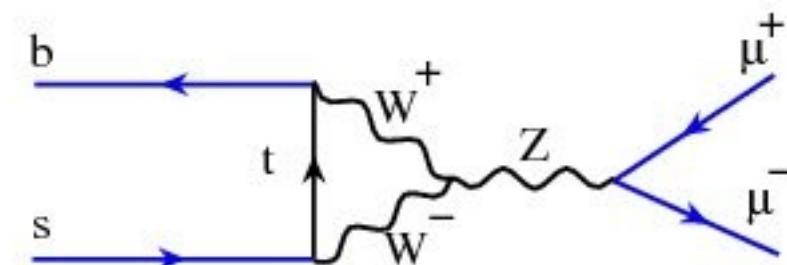
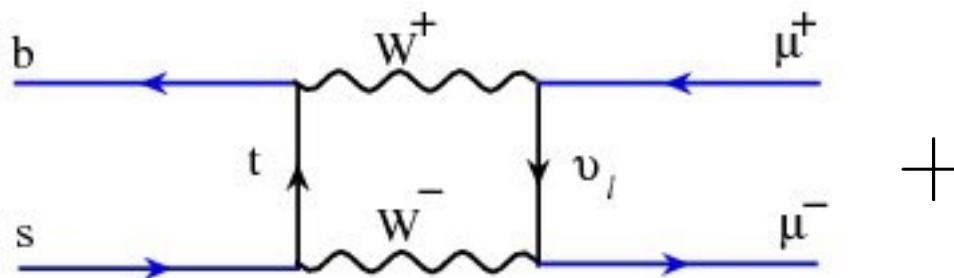
Johannes Albrecht

- naïve estimate
- BR calculation in SM & SUSY
- some example SUSY graphs

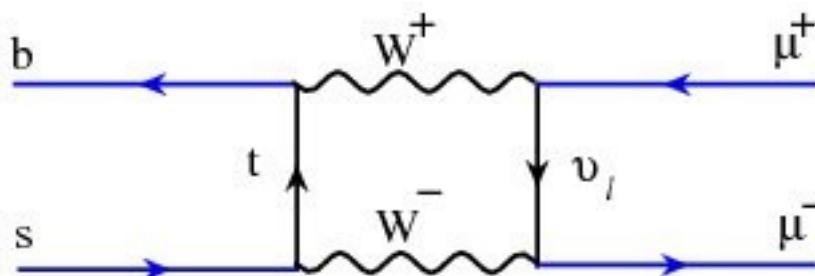


SM Bs decays

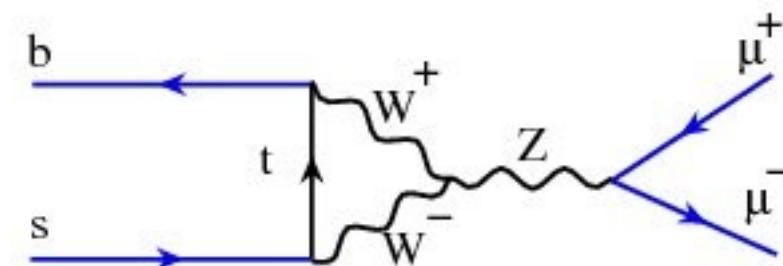
B_s^0 DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	(MeV/c) μ	PDG 06
D_s^- anything		(94 \pm 30) %		—	
$D_s^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[a]	(7.9 \pm 2.4) %		—	
$D_s^- \pi^+$		< 13 %		2321	
$D_s^{(*)+} D_s^{(*)-}$		(23 \pm 21) %		—	
$J/\psi(1S)\phi$		(9.3 \pm 3.3) $\times 10^{-4}$		1588	
$J/\psi(1S)\pi^0$		< 1.2 $\times 10^{-3}$	90%	1787	
$J/\psi(1S)\eta$		< 3.8 $\times 10^{-3}$	90%	1734	
•••					
$\pi^-(892)^-\rho^-$		< 7.07 $\times 10^{-4}$	90%	2550	
$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 K^*(892)^0$		< 1.681 $\times 10^{-3}$	90%	2531	
$\phi K^*(892)^0$		< 1.013 $\times 10^{-3}$	90%	2507	
$p\bar{p}$		< 5.9 $\times 10^{-5}$	90%	2514	
$\gamma\gamma$	B1	< 1.48 $\times 10^{-4}$	90%	2684	
$\phi\gamma$		< 1.2 $\times 10^{-4}$	90%	2587	
Lepton Family number (LF) violating modes or $\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current (B1) modes					
$\mu^+\mu^-$	B1	< 1.5 $\times 10^{-7}$	90%	2682	$SM : 3.42 \cdot 10^{-9}$
e^+e^-	B1	< 5.4 $\times 10^{-5}$	90%	2684	why so small?
$e^\pm\mu^\mp$	LF [b]	< 6.1 $\times 10^{-6}$	90%	2683	
$\phi(1020)\mu^+\mu^-$	B1	< 4.7 $\times 10^{-5}$	90%	2582	
$\phi\nu\bar{\nu}$	B1	< 5.4 $\times 10^{-3}$	90%	2587	

SM FCNC: $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ 

$$\left| \frac{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)}{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow D^- X)} \right|^2 \propto \frac{\alpha^4}{\alpha^2} * \text{propagator} * \text{helicity} * \frac{|V_{tb} V_{ts}|}{|V_{ud} V_{cb}|}$$

SM FCNC: $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ 

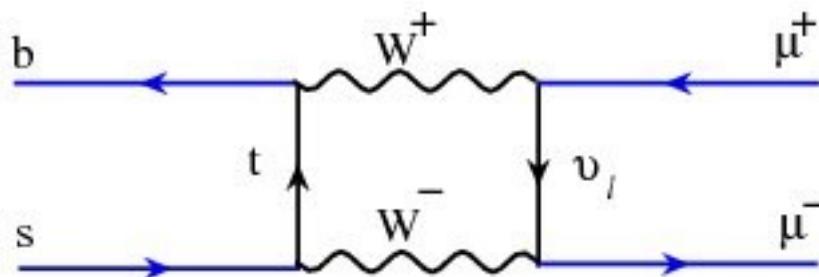
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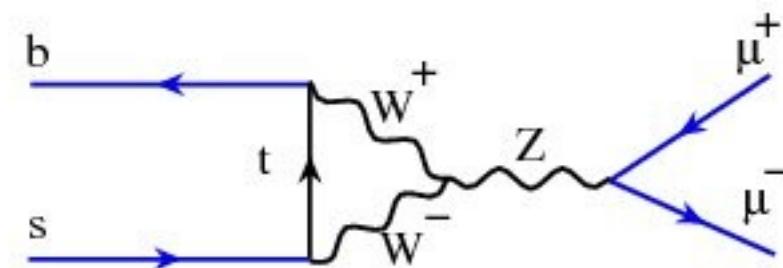
$$\left| \frac{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)}{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow D^- X)} \right|^2 \propto \frac{\alpha^4}{\alpha^2} * \text{propagator} * \text{helicity} * \frac{|V_{tb} V_{ts}|}{|V_{ud} V_{cb}|}$$

$$\text{propagator} \approx \frac{m_t^2}{m_W^2} \approx 1$$

$$\propto \frac{m_t^2}{m_W^2} \approx 1$$

SM FCNC: $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ 

+

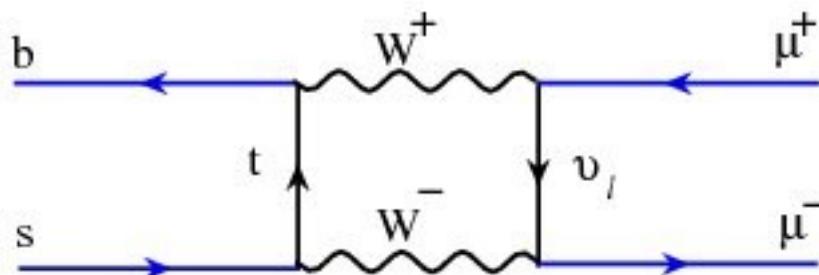


$$\left| \frac{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)}{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow D^- X)} \right|^2 \propto \frac{\alpha^4}{\alpha^2} * \text{propagator} * \text{helicity} * \frac{|V_{tb} V_{ts}|}{|V_{ud} V_{cb}|}$$

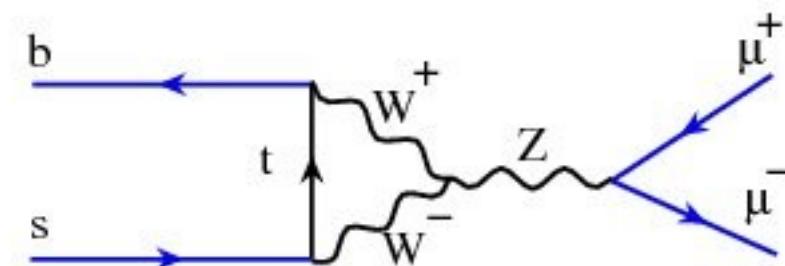
$$\propto \left(\frac{m_\mu}{m_B} \right)^2 \approx 4 \cdot 10^{-4}$$



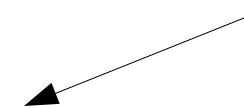
SM FCNC: $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$



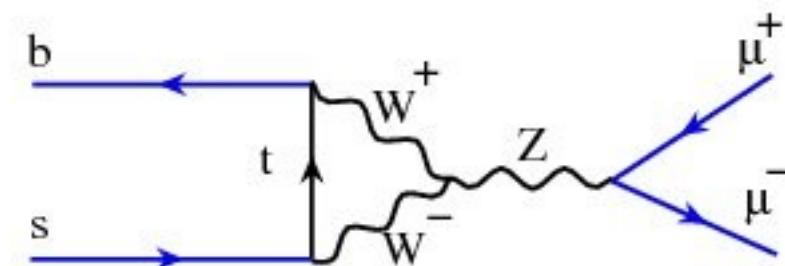
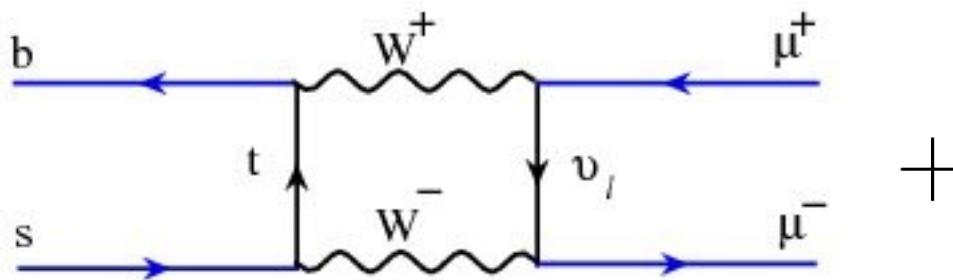
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$$\left| \frac{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)}{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow D^- X)} \right|^2 \propto \frac{\alpha^4}{\alpha^2} * \text{propagator} * \text{helicity} * \frac{|V_{tb} V_{ts}|}{|V_{ud} V_{cb}|}$$



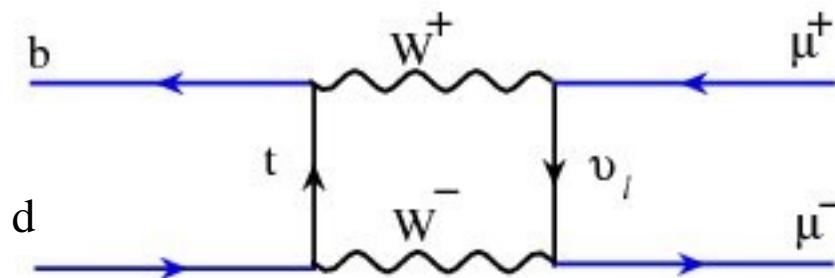
≈ 1

SM FCNC: $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ 

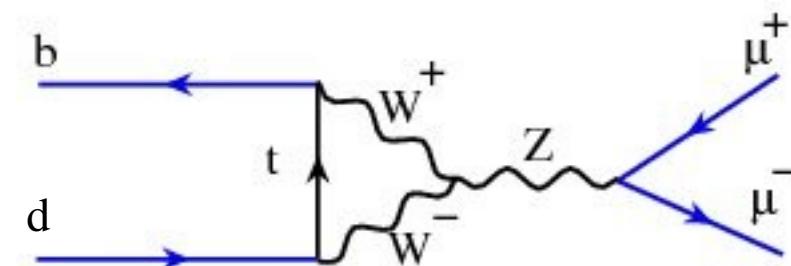
$$\left| \frac{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)}{M_{fi}(B_s \rightarrow D^- X)} \right|^2 \propto \frac{\alpha^4}{\alpha^2} * \text{propagator} * \text{helicity} * \frac{|V_{tb} V_{ts}|}{|V_{ud} V_{cb}|}$$

$$\approx 6 \cdot 10^{-5} * 1 * 10^{-4} * 1$$

$$\approx 10^{-9}$$

SM FCNC: $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$ 

+



$$\left| \frac{M_{fi}(B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu)}{M_{fi}(B_d \rightarrow D^* X)} \right|^2 \propto \frac{\alpha^4}{\alpha^2} * \text{propagator} * \text{helicity} * \left| \frac{V_{tb} V_{td}}{V_{ud} V_{cb}} \right|^2$$

$$\approx 10^{-10}$$

$$\left| \frac{V_{tb} V_{td}}{V_{ud} V_{cb}} \right|^2$$

$$\approx 1 \cdot 10^{-2}$$



Calculate BR(Bs -> mumu): SM

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = \\ 6.0 \cdot 10^{-7} \left(\frac{|V_{ts}|}{0.040} \right)^2 \left(\frac{f_{B_s}}{230 \text{ MeV}} \right)^2 \frac{m_\mu^2}{m_{B_s}^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{m_{B_s}^2}} \\ \left\{ \left(1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{M_{B_s}^2} \right) \left| \frac{m_{B_s}^2 C_S}{m_\mu} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{m_{B_s}^2 C_P}{m_\mu} - 2C_A \right|^2 \right\}. \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

within StandardModel : $C_S, C_P \approx 0$ and $C_A \approx 1$

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu) \approx 3.42 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

hadronic uncertainty dominates: $\sigma(f_B) \sim 25\%$



Calculate BR(Bs -> mumu): SUSY

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = \\ 6.0 \cdot 10^{-7} \left(\frac{|V_{ts}|}{0.040} \right)^2 \left(\frac{f_{B_s}}{230 \text{ MeV}} \right)^2 \frac{m_\mu^2}{m_{B_s}^2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{m_{B_s}^2}} \\ \left\{ \left(1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{M_{B_s}^2} \right) \left| \frac{m_{B_s}^2 C_S}{m_\mu} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{m_{B_s}^2 C_P}{m_\mu} - 2C_A \right|^2 \right\}. \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

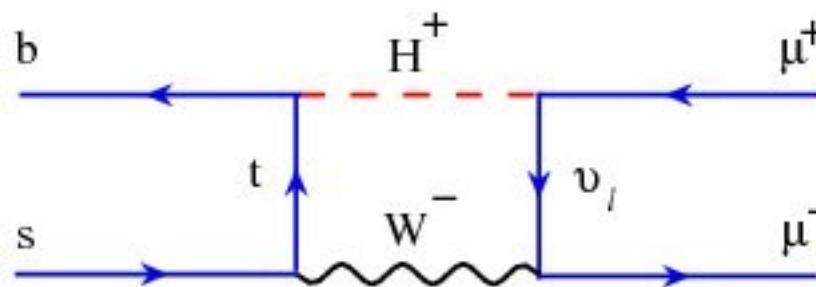
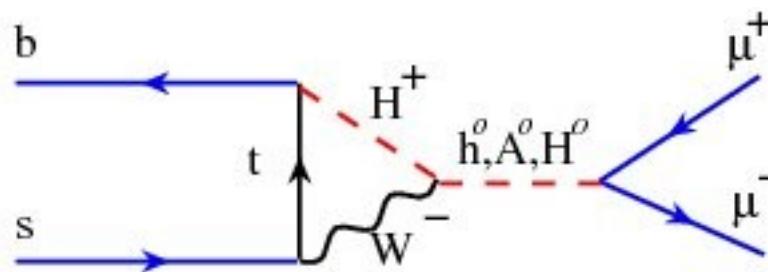
with $A_0 \approx 0$ and $M_0, M_{1/2} \lesssim 500 \text{ GeV}$

$$\mathfrak{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu) \approx \frac{10^{-6} \cdot \tan^6 \beta \cdot M_{1/2}^2 \cdot \text{GeV}^4}{(M_{1/2}^2 + M_0^2)^3}$$



Example SUSY Feynman Graphs I

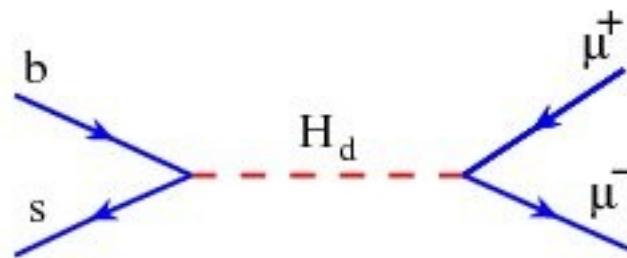
- **SUSY model: 2 Higgs doublets:**
 - graphs as SM with different propagators





Example SUSY Feynman Graphs II

- **SUSY model: Flavor changing Higgs**



- **R parity violation:**
 - Bd not necessarily suppressed

