

Soil Moisture Measurements with Cosmic-Ray Neutrons

Particle Physics Colloquium
November 12th 2019

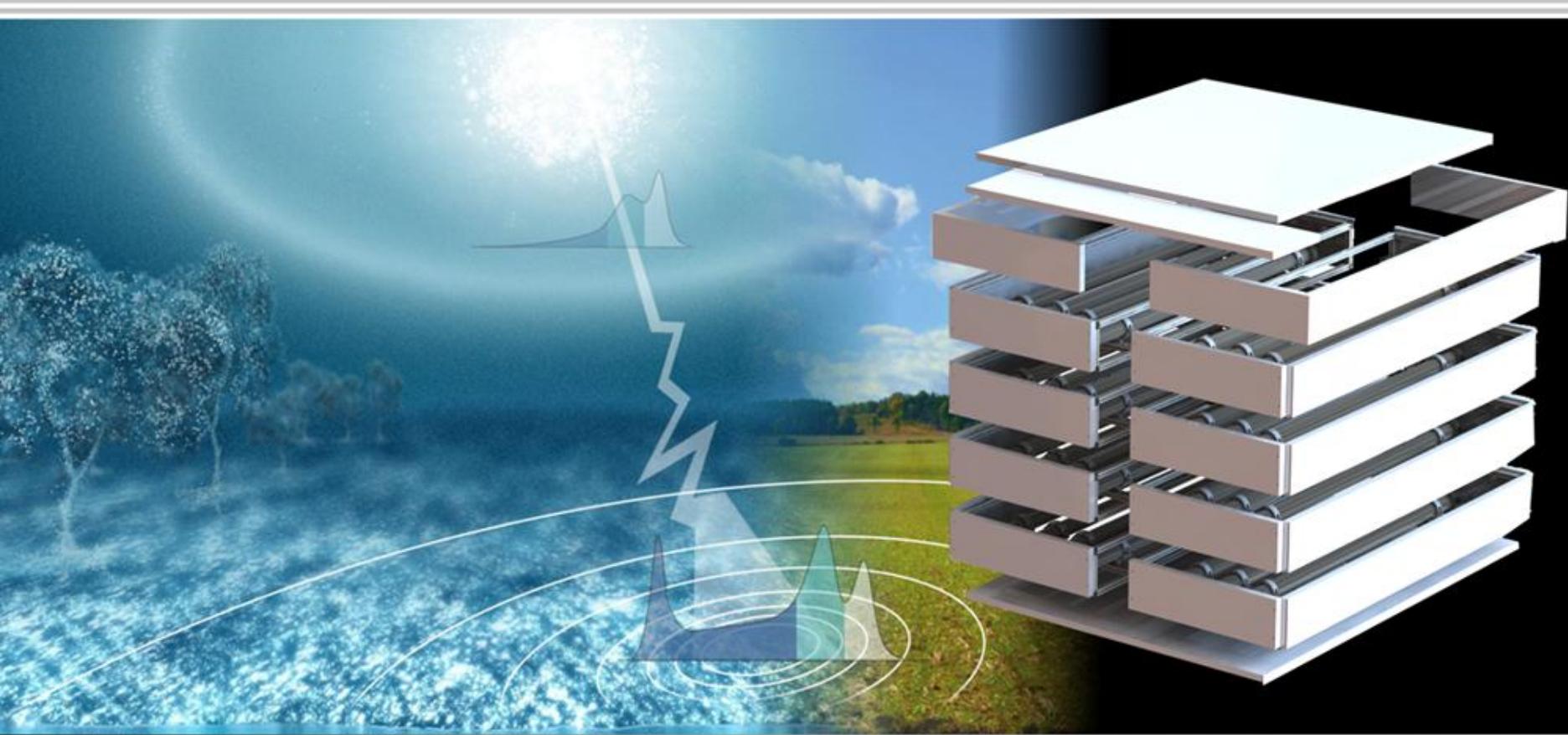


Physikalisches Institut

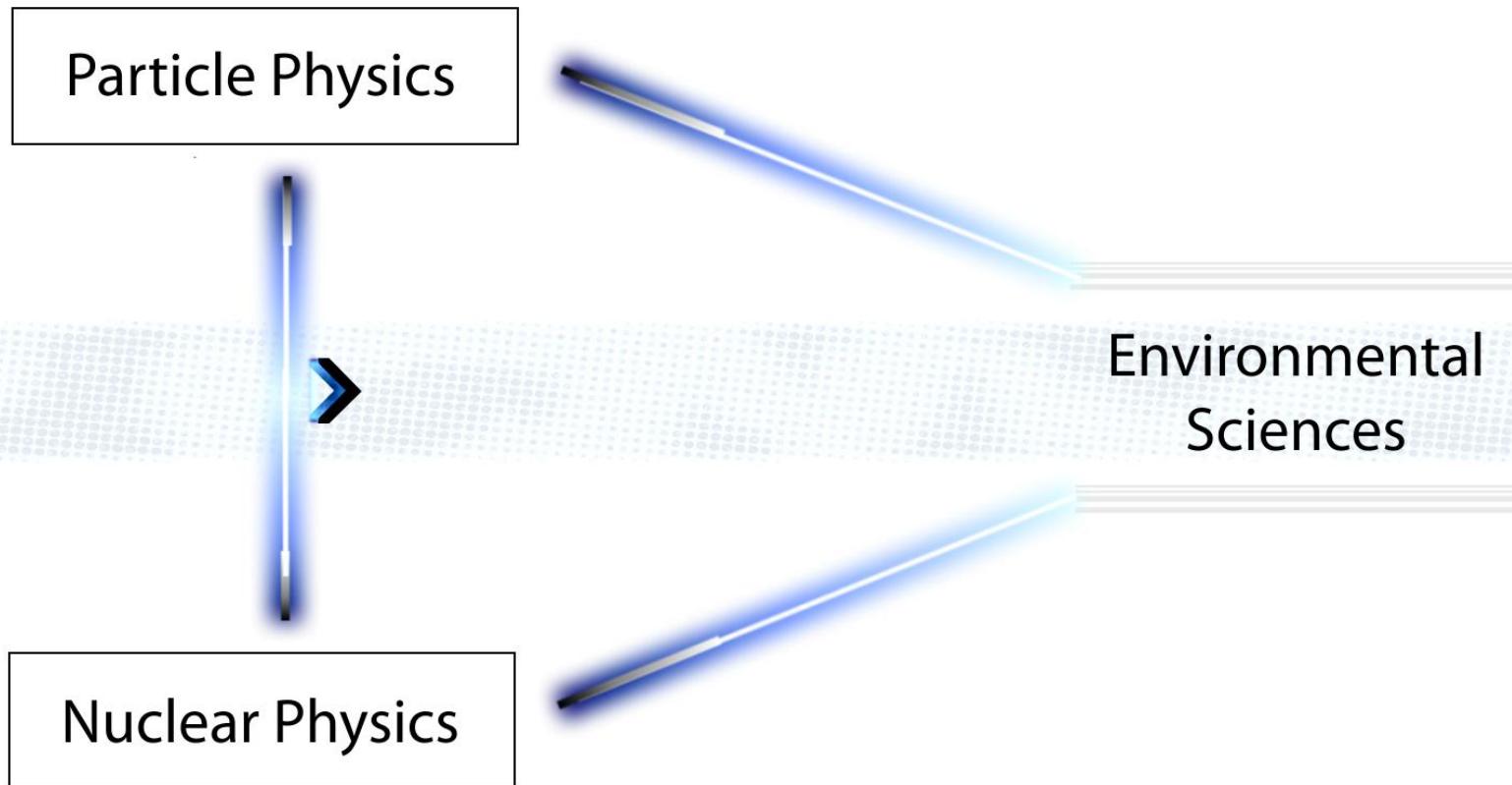
Ruprecht-Karls-Universität
Heidelberg

Markus Köhli

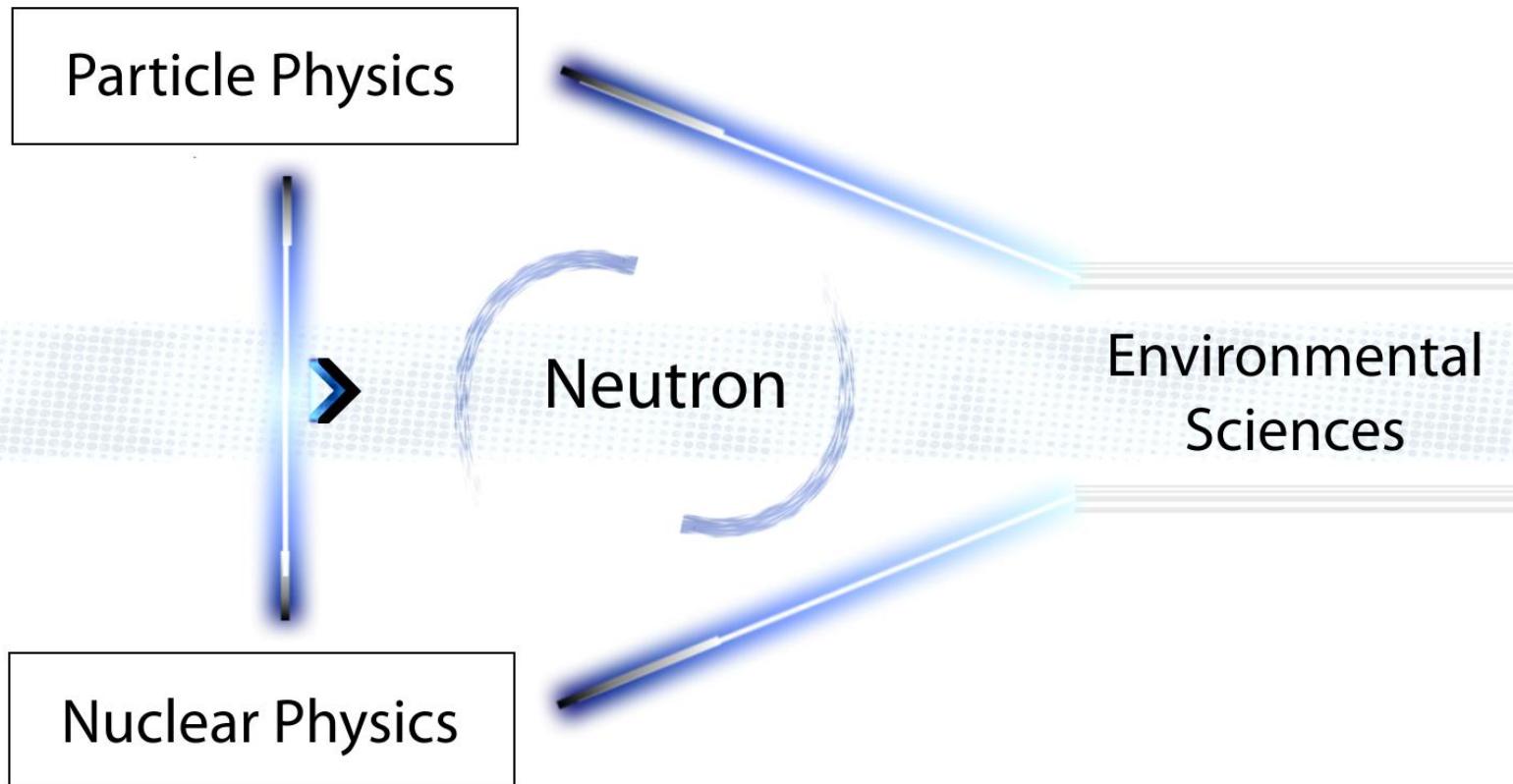
AG Schmidt
ANP-PAT



An interdisciplinary spin-off



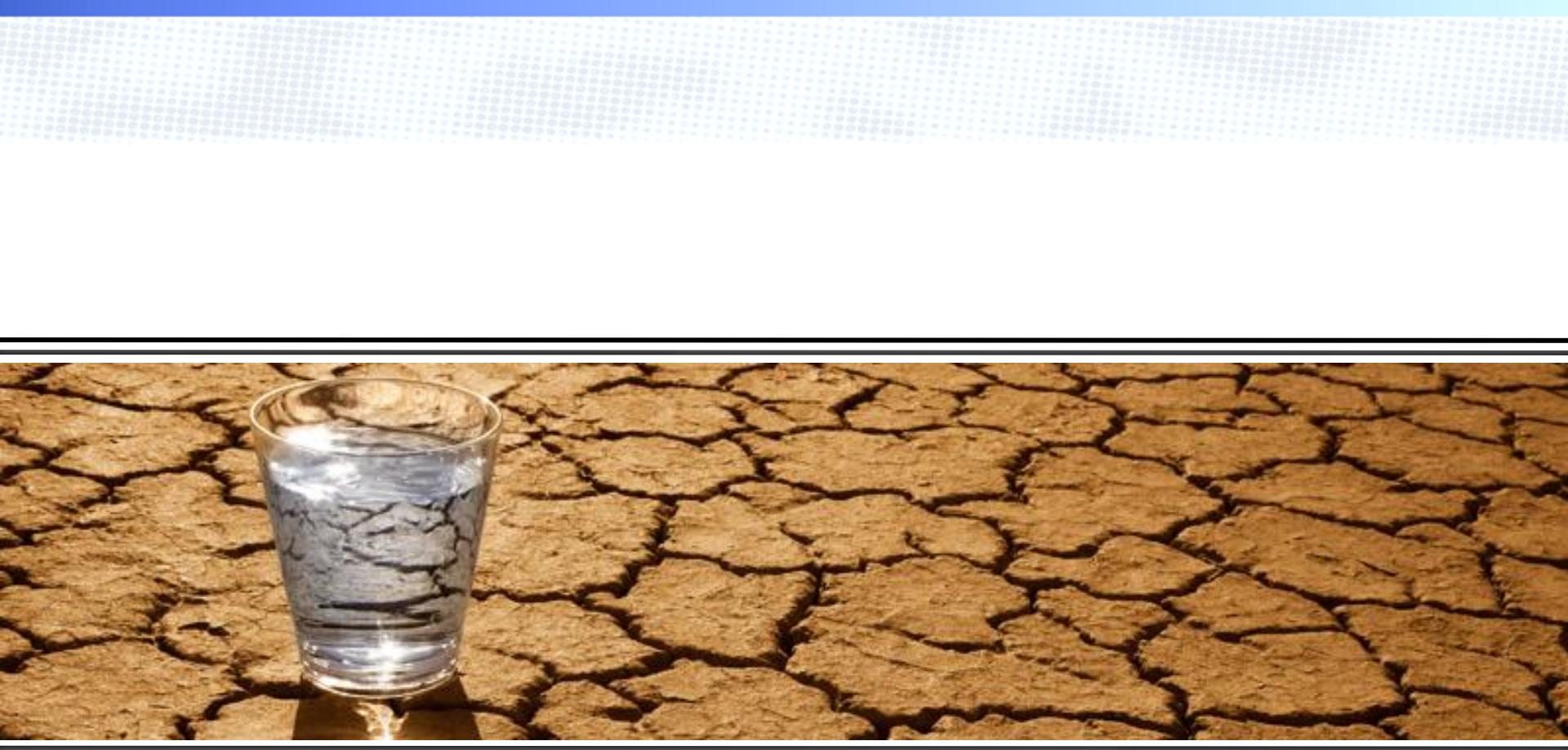
An interdisciplinary spin-off





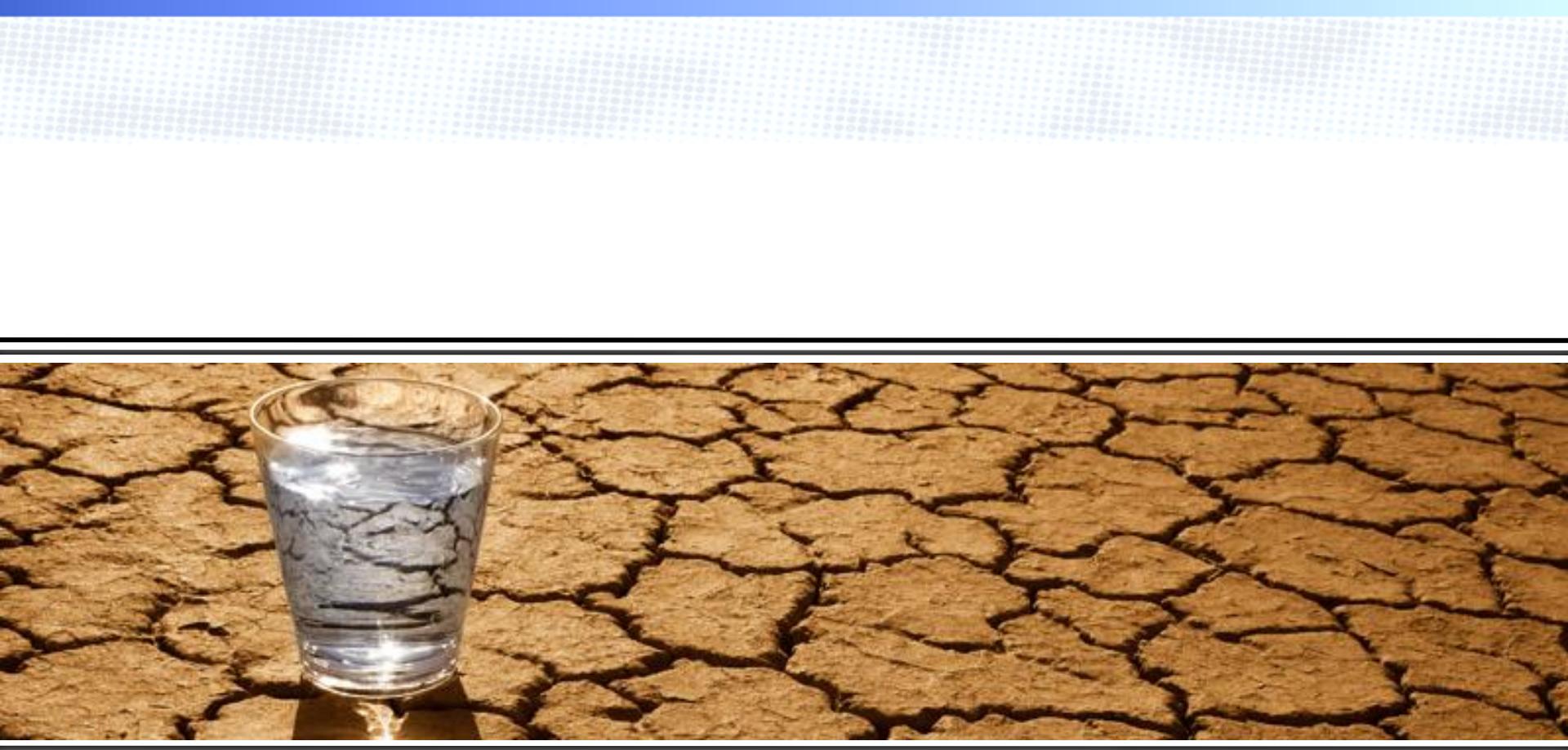
CNCS inelastic spectrometer, SNS





[1]

[1] http://www.iso.org/iso/2012_iso-in-action_water_vignette.jpg



[1]

Where?

When?

How much?

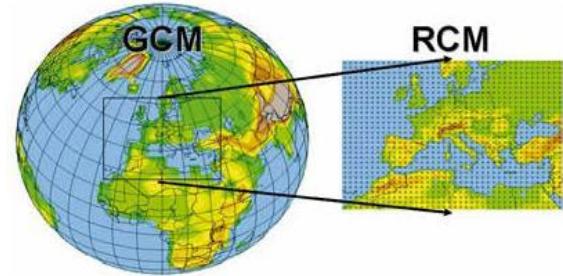
[1] http://www.iso.org/iso/2012_iso-in-action_water_vignette.jpg



[3]



[2]



[1]

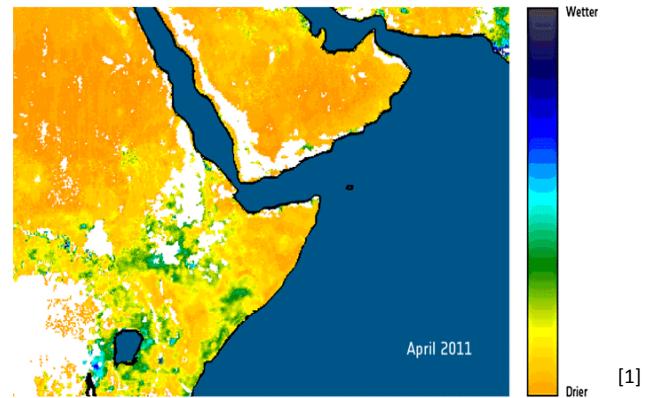
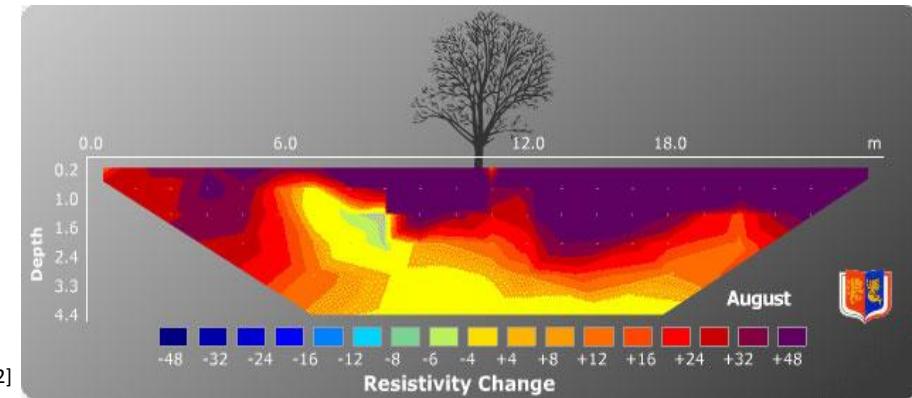
[1] <http://www.wmo.int/pages/themes/climate/images/figures/ClimateModelnesting.jpg>

[2] <http://www.livetradingnews.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/04/precisionag.jpg>

[3] http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/3/37/Nam_steppe.jpg

< 10 m

~ 1 km

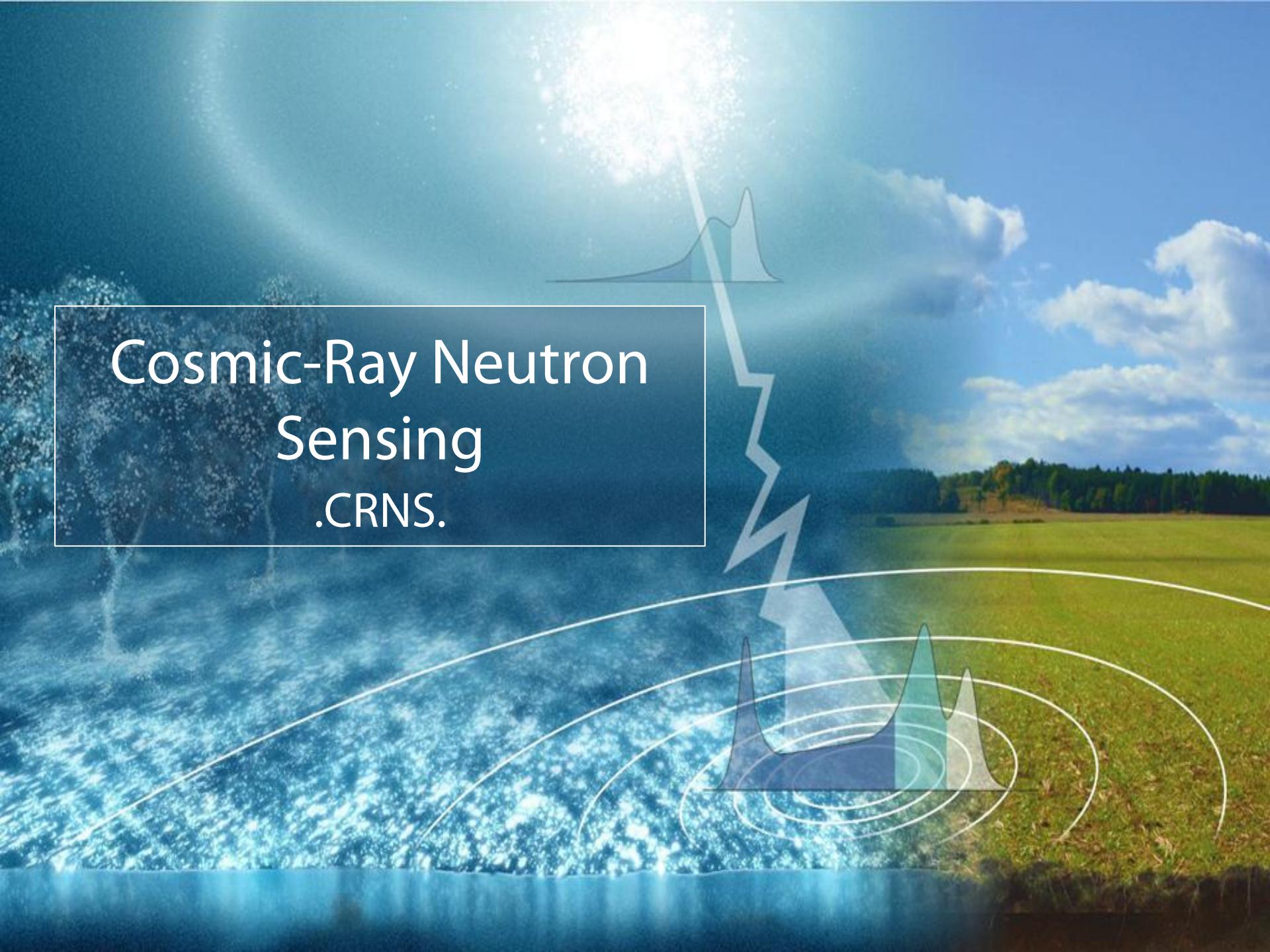


via
local techniques
(electrical resistivity, capacitance, etc)
(even neutrons...)

via
satellite remote sensing
(optical, microwave)

[1] ESA SMOS (http://www.esa.int/Our_Activities/Observing_the_Earth/SMOS/Horn_of_Africa_drought_seen_from_space)

[2] The Clay Research Group (<http://www.theclayresearchgroup.org/images/ert.jpg>)



Cosmic-Ray Neutron Sensing

.CRNS.



A talk of ~ 3 neutron lifetimes

Part
I

- Cosmic-Ray Neutron Basics
- Measure Water With Neutrons

Part
II

- Neutron Detection Principles
- Detector Developments

CRNS

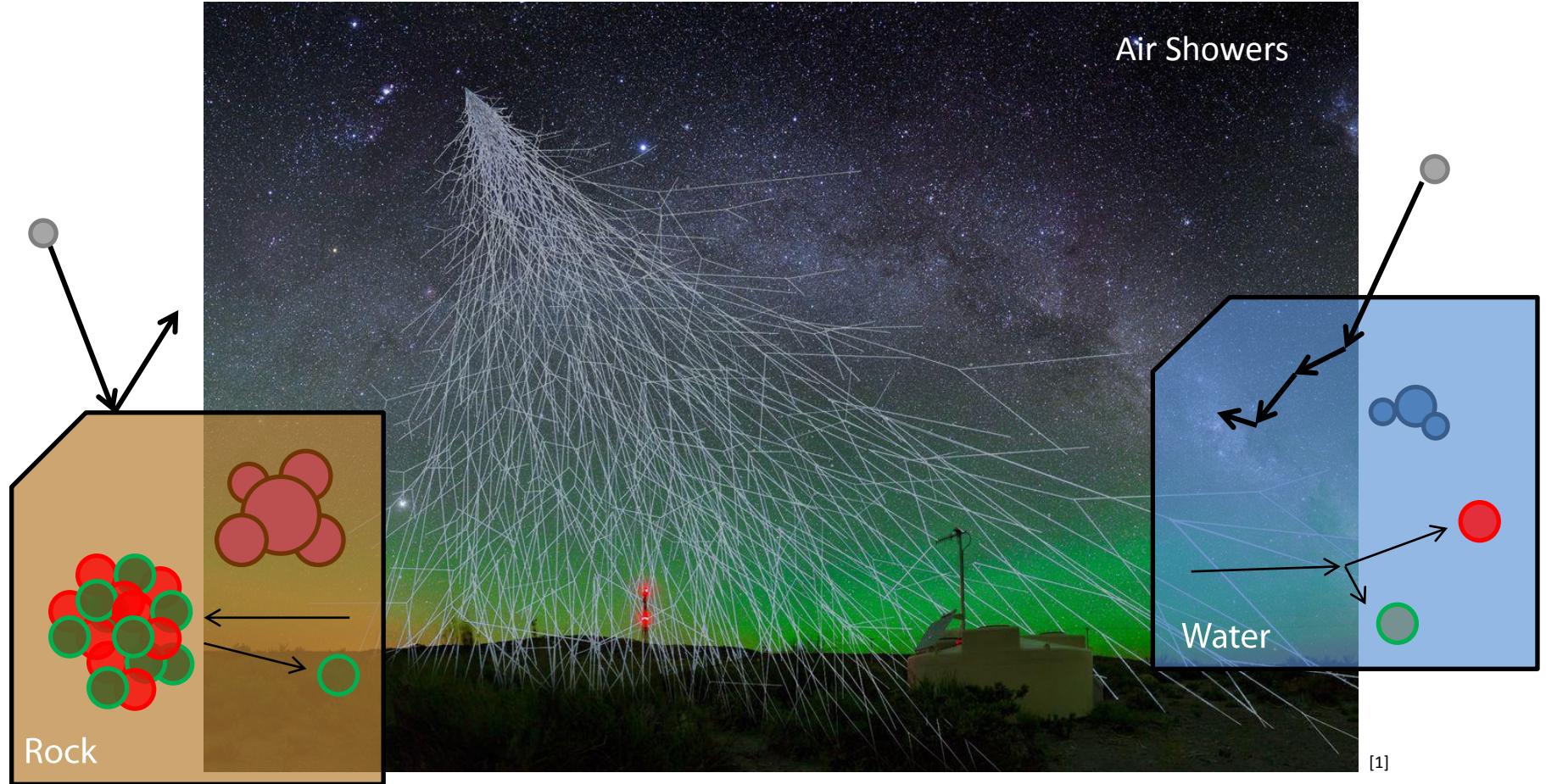
The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[1]

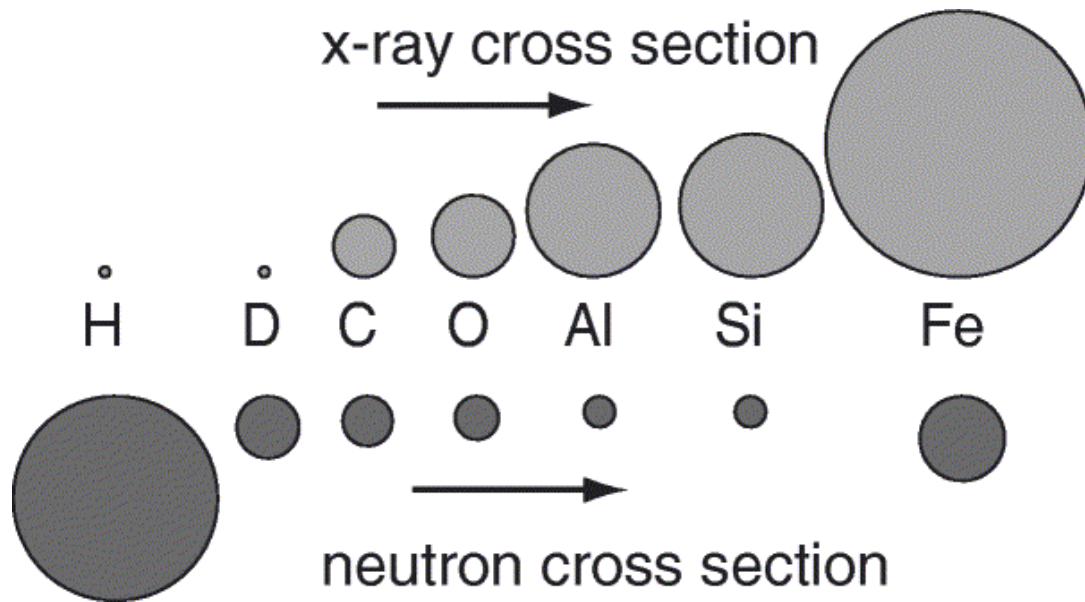
[1] Image by A. Chantelauze, S. Staffi, and L. Bret, <https://www.theverge.com/2017/9/21/16335164/pierre-auger-observatory-cosmic-ray-galaxies-air-shower-particles>

The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[1] Image by A. Chantelauze, S. Staffi, and L. Bret, <https://www.theverge.com/2017/9/21/16335164/pierre-auger-observatory-cosmic-ray-galaxies-air-shower-particles>

Cross Sections



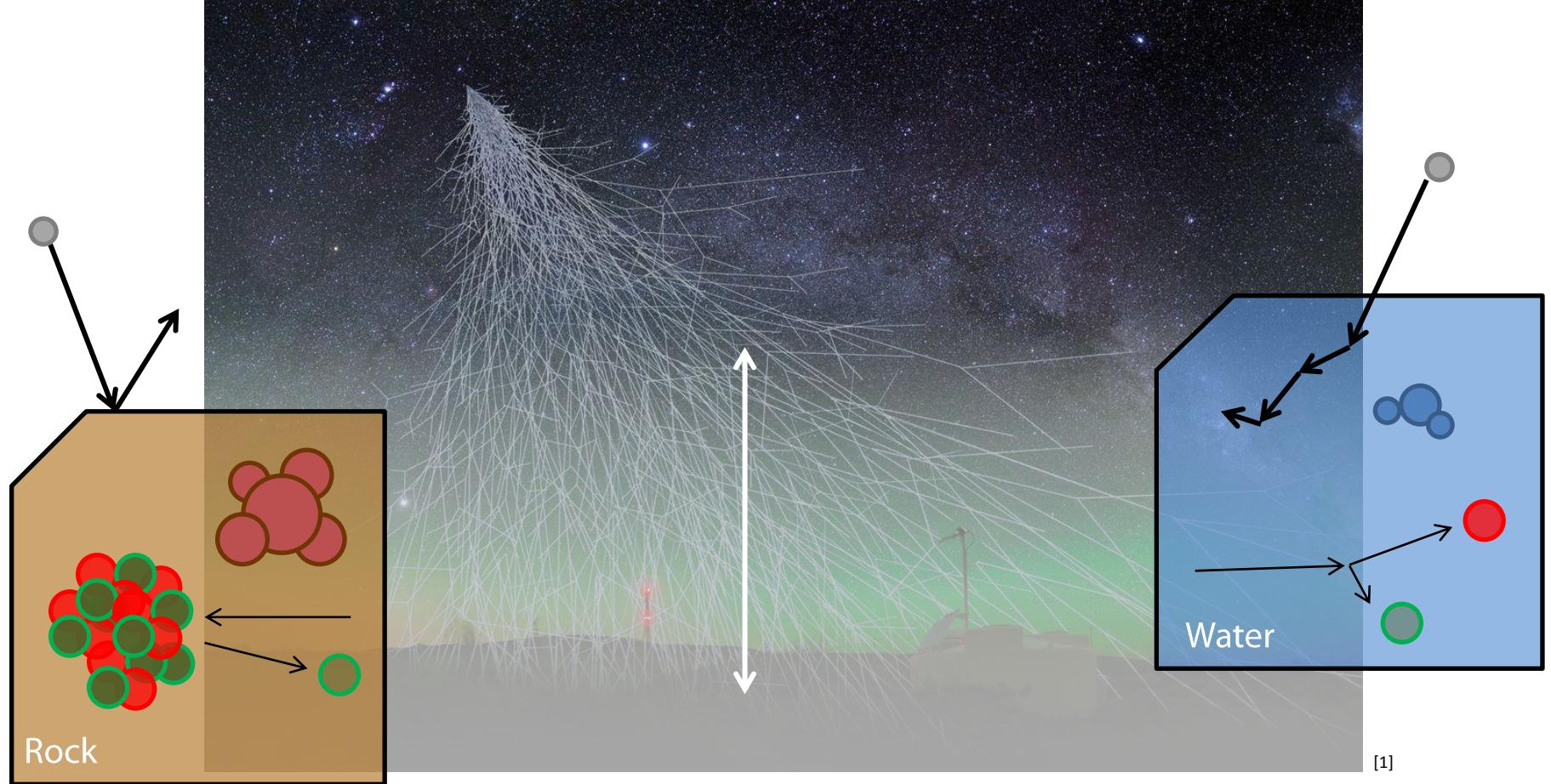
- **X-Ray** cross section depends on Z
- **neutron** cross section varies over periodic table

Neutron imaging



Courtesy: PSI

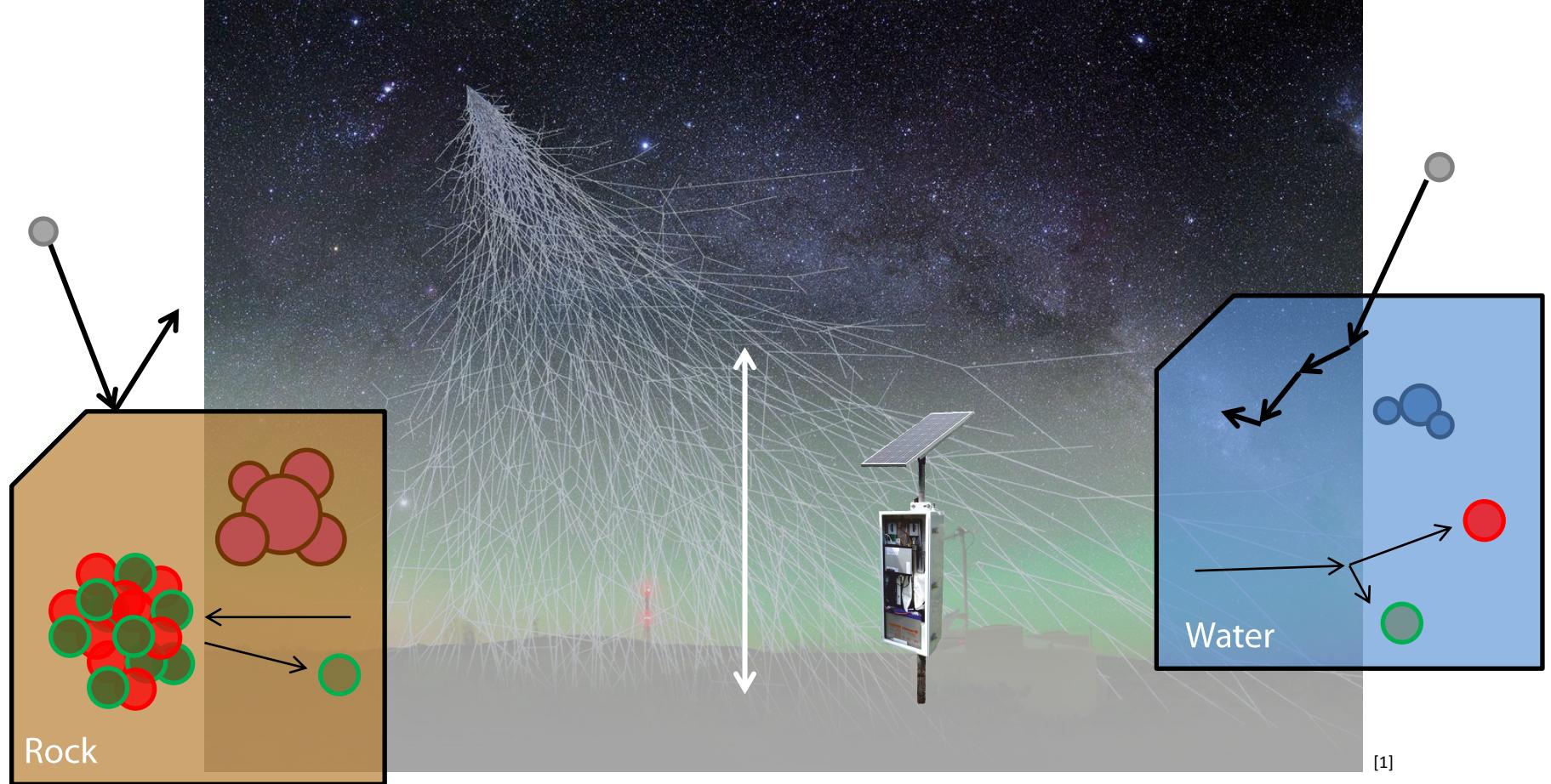
The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[1]

[1] Image by A. Chantelauze, S. Staffi, and L. Bret, <https://www.theverge.com/2017/9/21/16335164/pierre-auger-observatory-cosmic-ray-galaxies-air-shower-particles>

The Cosmic Neutron Basics



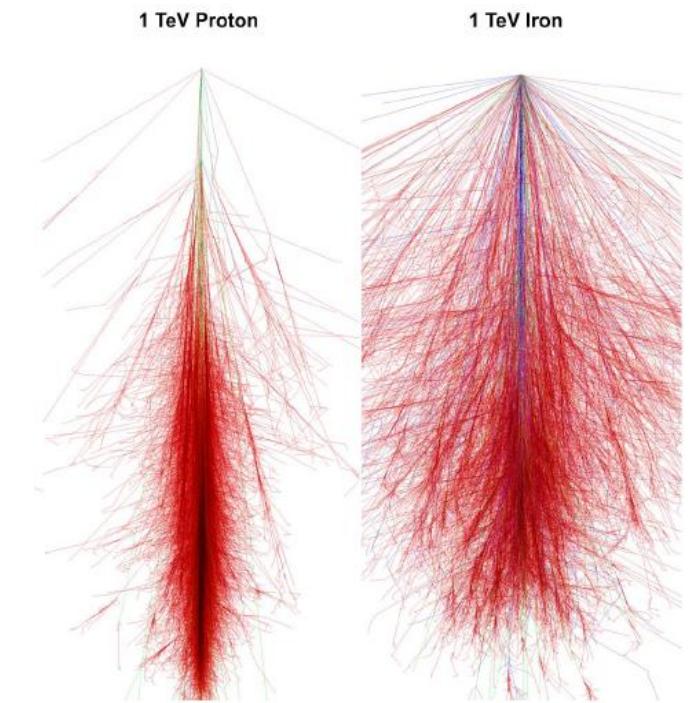
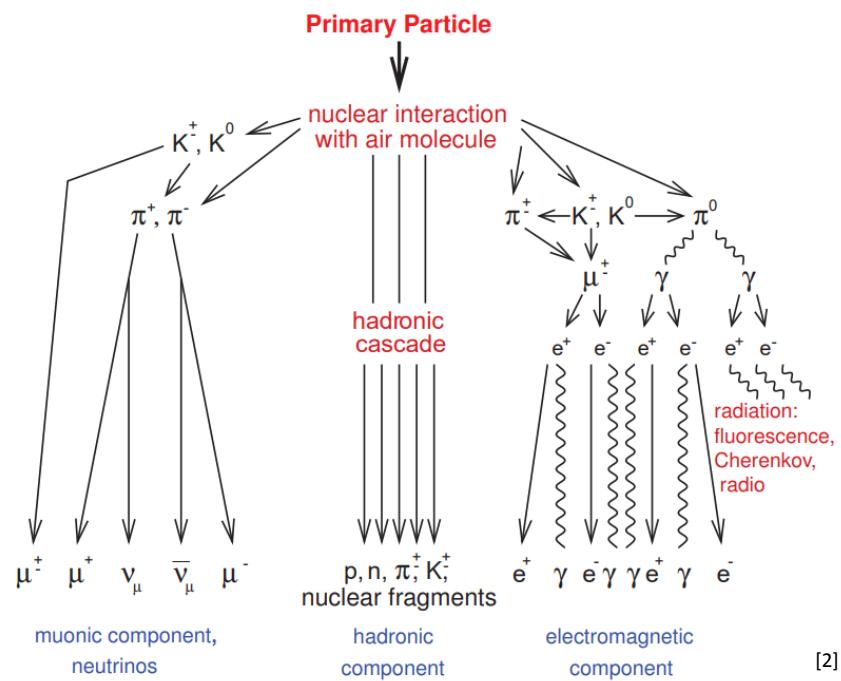
[1]

[1] Image by A. Chantelauze, S. Staffi, and L. Bret, <https://www.theverge.com/2017/9/21/16335164/pierre-auger-observatory-cosmic-ray-galaxies-air-shower-particles>



More details please...

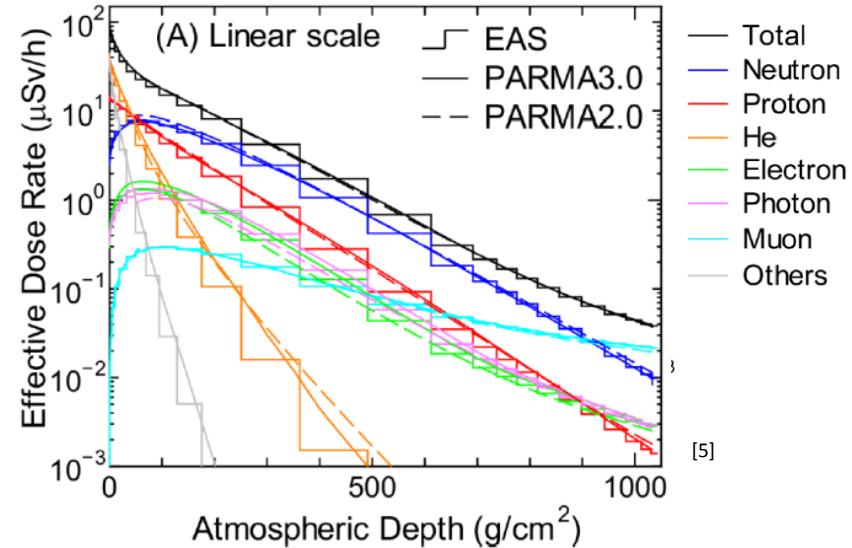
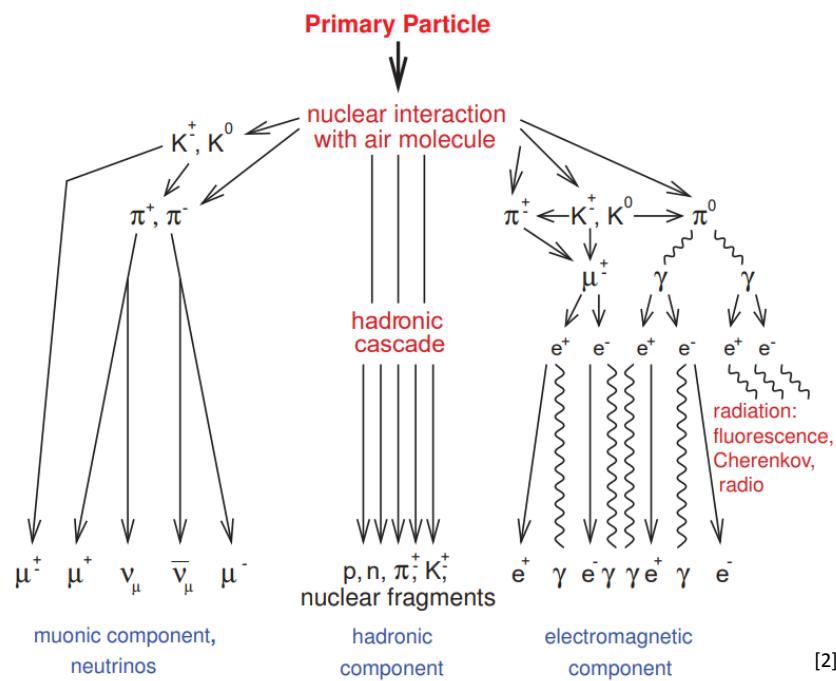
The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[2] Haungs , A. et al., „Energy spectrum and mass composition of high-energy cosmic rays.” Rep. Prog. Phys., 66 (7) (2003)

[3] Heck, D. et al., „CORSIKA: A Monte Carlo code to simulate extensive air showers.” FZKA 6019. Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe (1998)

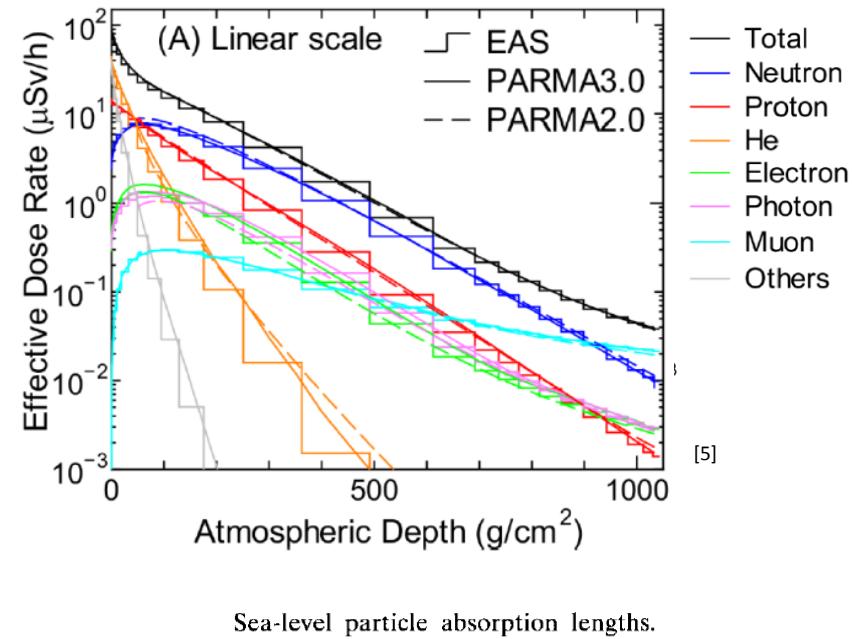
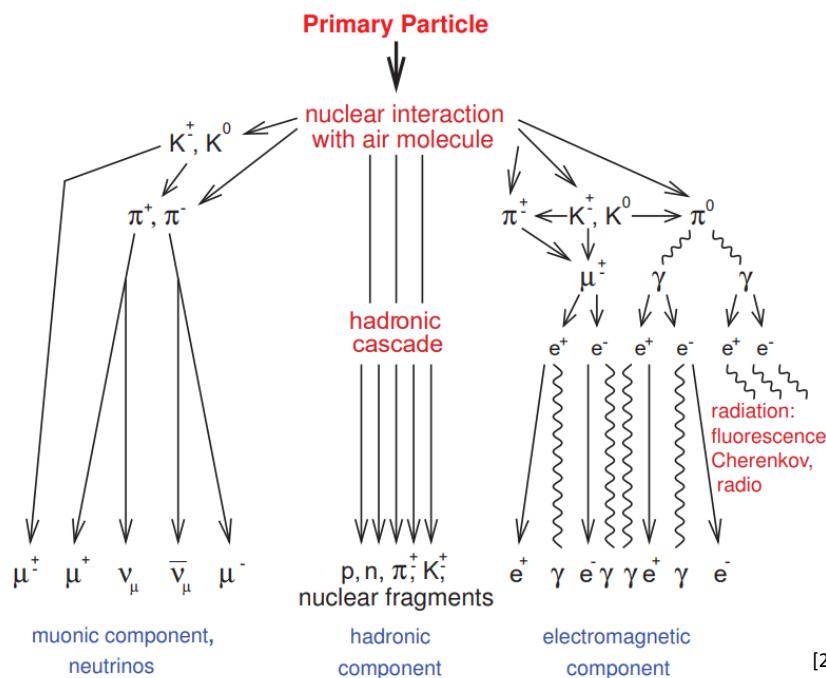
The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[2] Haungs , A. et al., „Energy spectrum and mass composition of high-energy cosmic rays.” Rep. Prog. Phys., 66 (7) (2003)

[5] Sato, T., “Analytical Model for Estimating Terrestrial Cosmic Ray Fluxes Nearly Anytime and Anywhere in the World: Extension of PARMA/EXPACS.”, PLOS ONE 10(12) (2015)

The Cosmic Neutron Basics



Particle	Length L (g/cm^2)
Electrons	100
Protons	110
Pions	113
Neutrons	136
Muons and muon capture	261

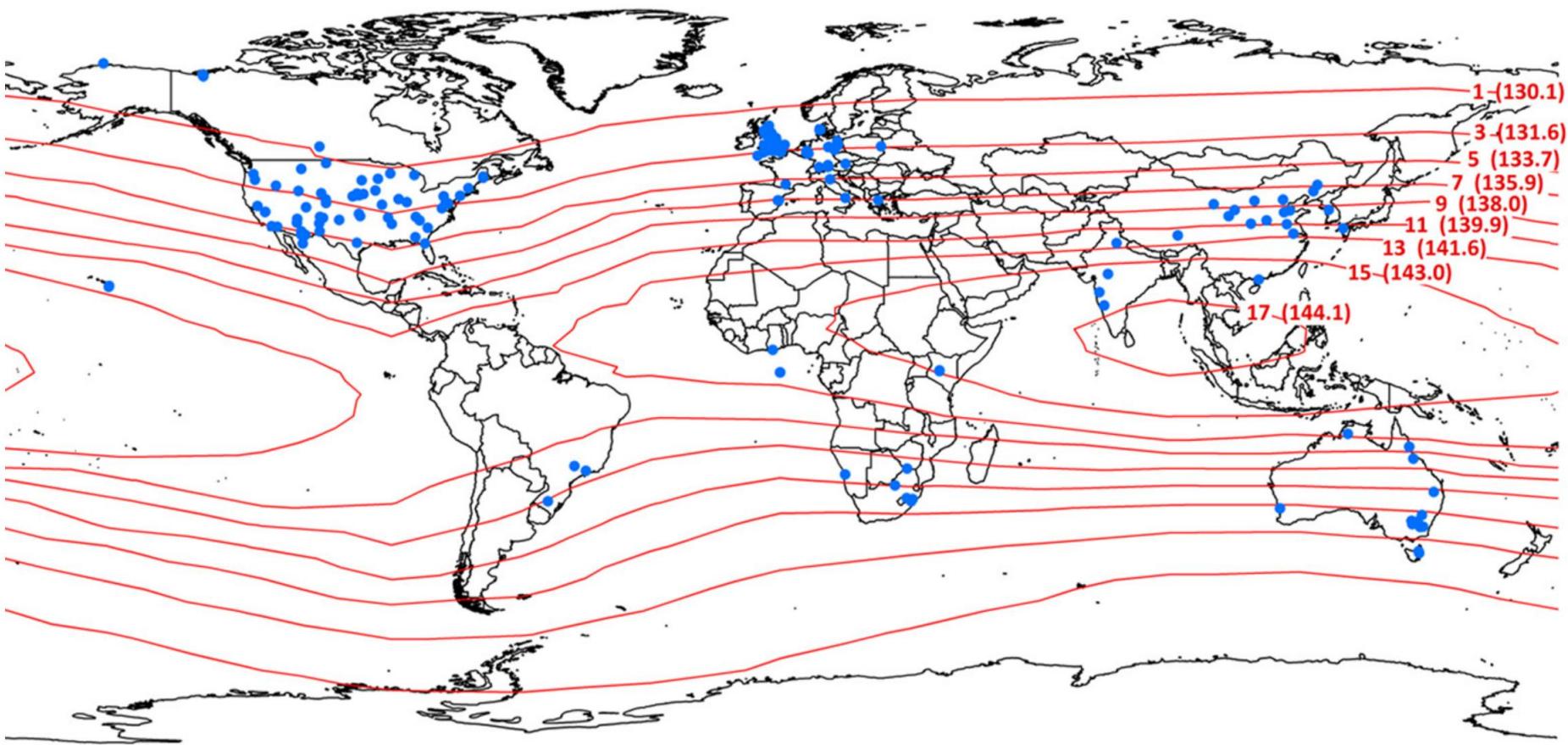
[4]

[2] Haungs et al., „Energy spectrum and mass composition of high-energy cosmic rays.” Rep. Prog. Phys., 66 (7) (2003)

[4] Ziegler, J.F., “Terrestrial cosmic ray intensities.” IBM Journal of Research and Development 42(1) (1998)

[5] Sato, T., “Analytical Model for Estimating Terrestrial Cosmic Ray Fluxes Nearly Anytime and Anywhere in the World: Extension of PARMA/EXPACS.”, PLOS ONE 10(12) (2015)

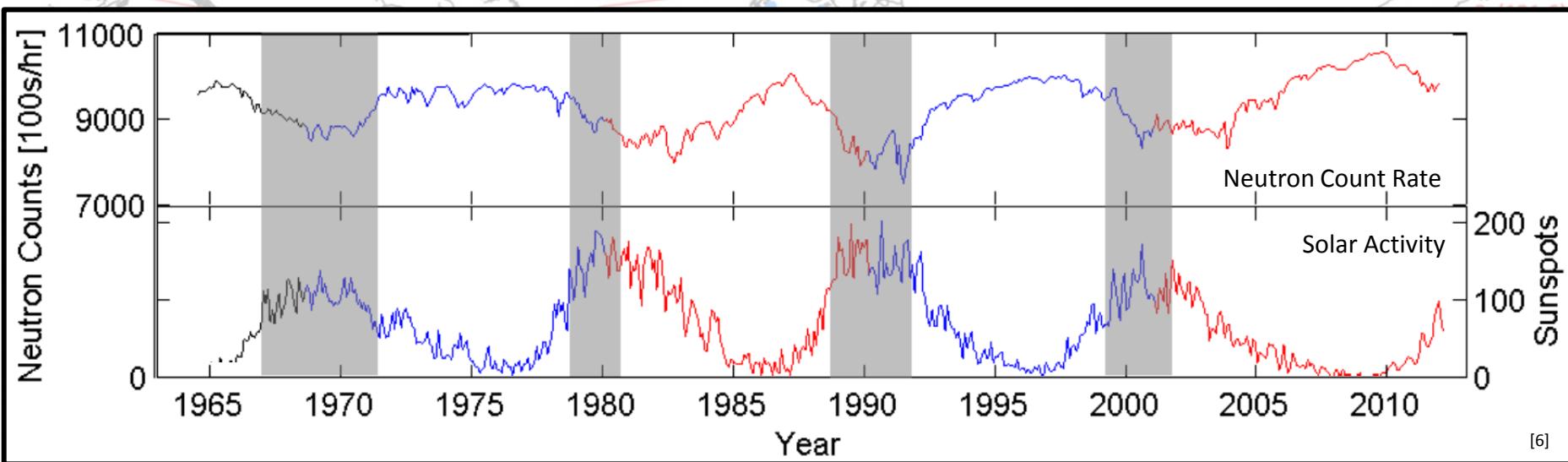
The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[5] Andreassen, M. et al. "Status and Perspectives on the Cosmic-Ray Neutron Method for Soil Moisture Estimation and Other Environmental Science Applications." Vadose Zone Journal 16(8) (2017)

[5]

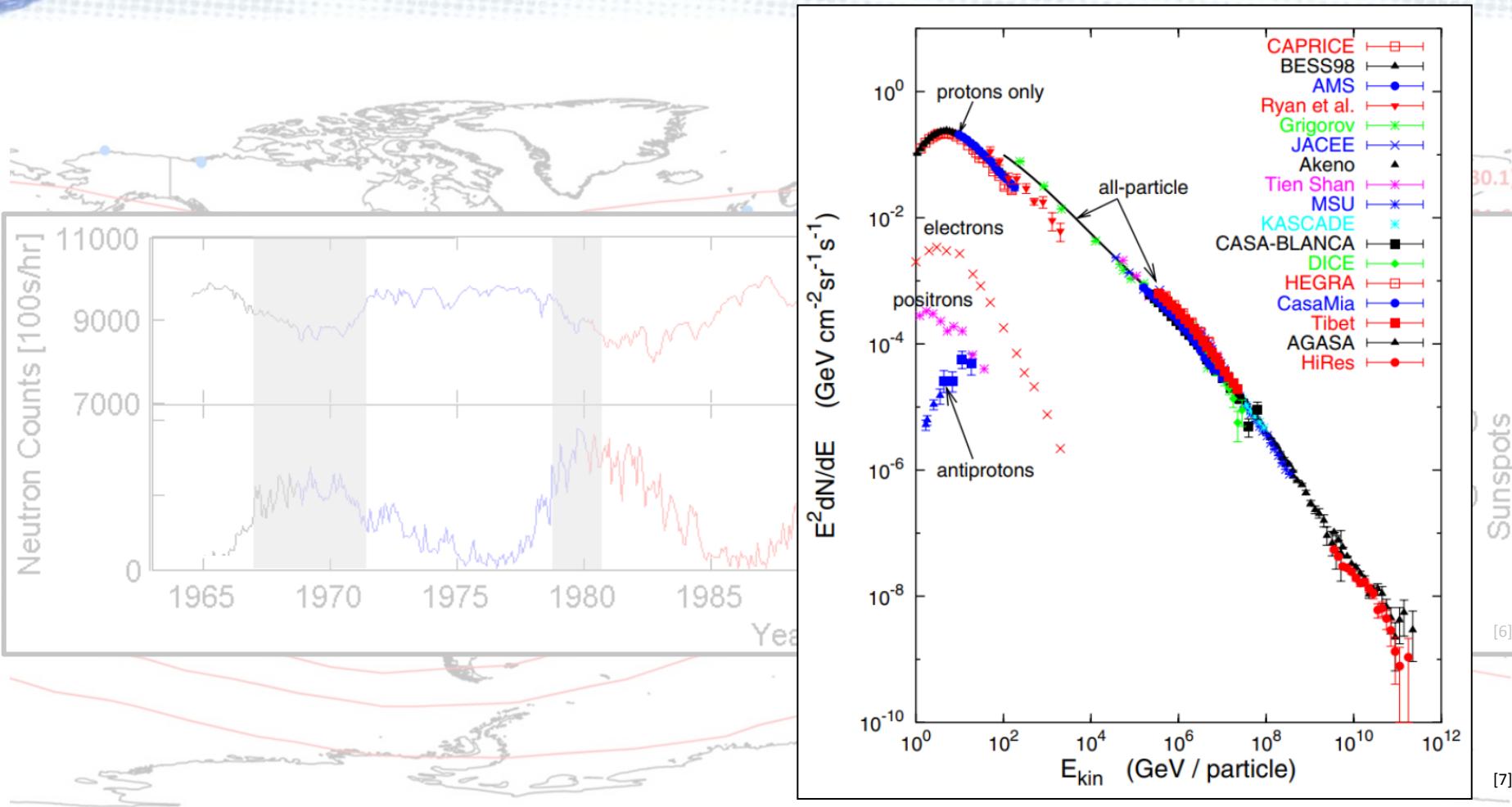
The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[5] Andreassen, M. et al. "Status and Perspectives on the Cosmic-Ray Neutron Method for Soil Moisture Estimation and Other Environmental Science Applications." *Vadose Zone Journal* 16(8) (2017)

[6] Thomas, S.R. et al. "The 22-Year Hale Cycle in Cosmic Ray Flux -Evidence for Direct Heliospheric Modulation." *Solar Physics* 289(1) (2014)

The Cosmic Neutron Basics



[5] Andreassen, M. et al. "Status and Perspectives on the Cosmic-Ray Neutron Method for Soil Moisture Estimation and Other Environmental Science Applications." *Vadose Zone Journal* 16(8) (2017)

[6] Thomas, S.R. et al. "The 22-Year Hale Cycle in Cosmic Ray Flux -Evidence for Direct Heliospheric Modulation." *Solar Physics* 289(1) (2014)

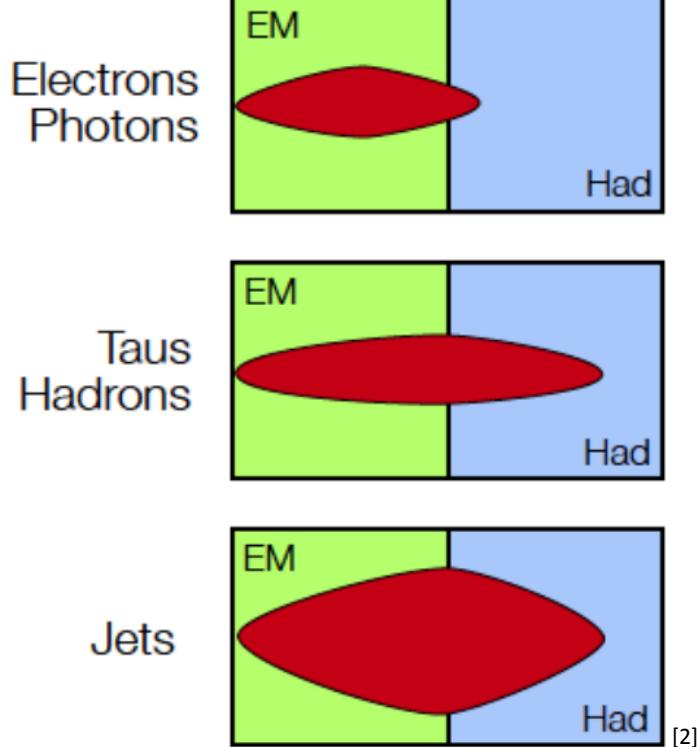
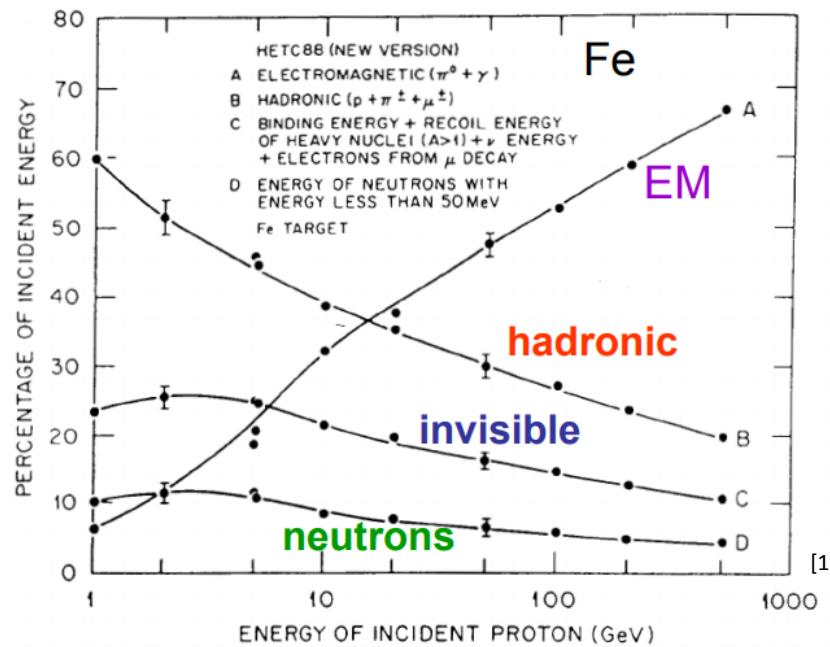
[7] Gaisser, T.K. "The Cosmic-ray Spectrum: from the knee to the ankle." *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* 47(1) (2006)

Neutrons in Calorimeters

Deposited Energy

$$E_p = f_{\text{em}} e + (1 - f_{\text{em}}) h$$

$$h = f_{\text{rel}} \cdot \text{rel} + f_p \cdot p + f_n \cdot n + f_{\text{inv}} \cdot \text{inv}$$



[1] Anderson, D.F. et. al. „Proceedings Of The First International Conference on Calorimetry In High Energy Physics“ (1991)

[2] Schlepper, „Hadron Calorimeters“ http://www.desy.de/~schleper/lehre/Det_Dat/SS_2018/06_lecture_calorimetry_HAD.pdf

The Cosmic Neutron Basics

Scattering

coherent

elastic
 (n,n)

inelastic
 (n,n')

Absorption

photonic
 (n,γ')

charged
 (n,p)
 (n,d)
 (n,α)

neutral
 $(n,2n)$
 $(n,3n)$

fission
 (n,f)

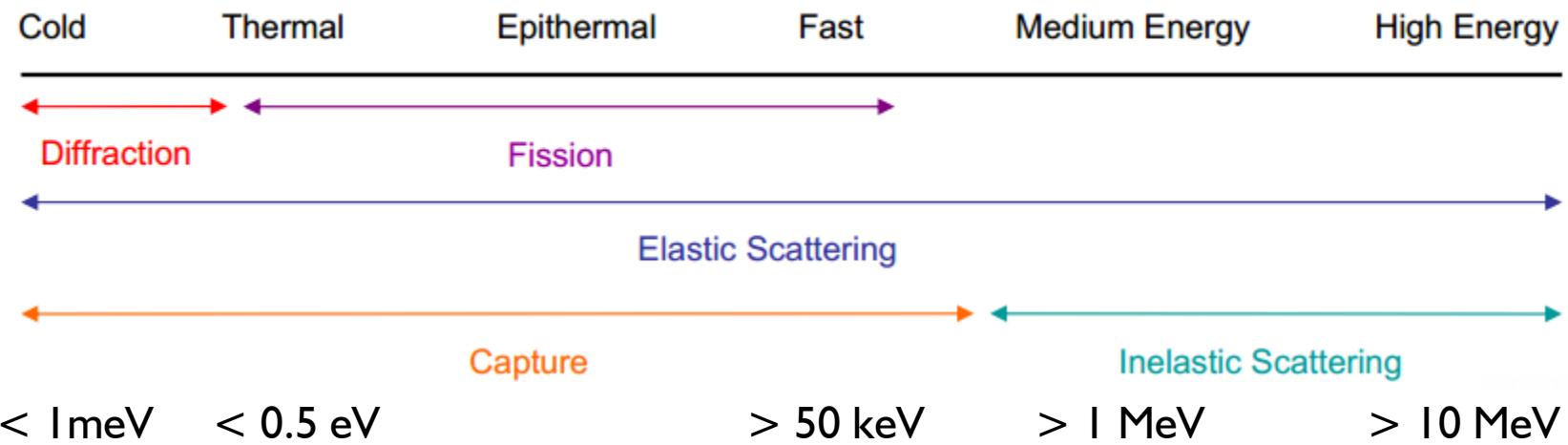


[1]

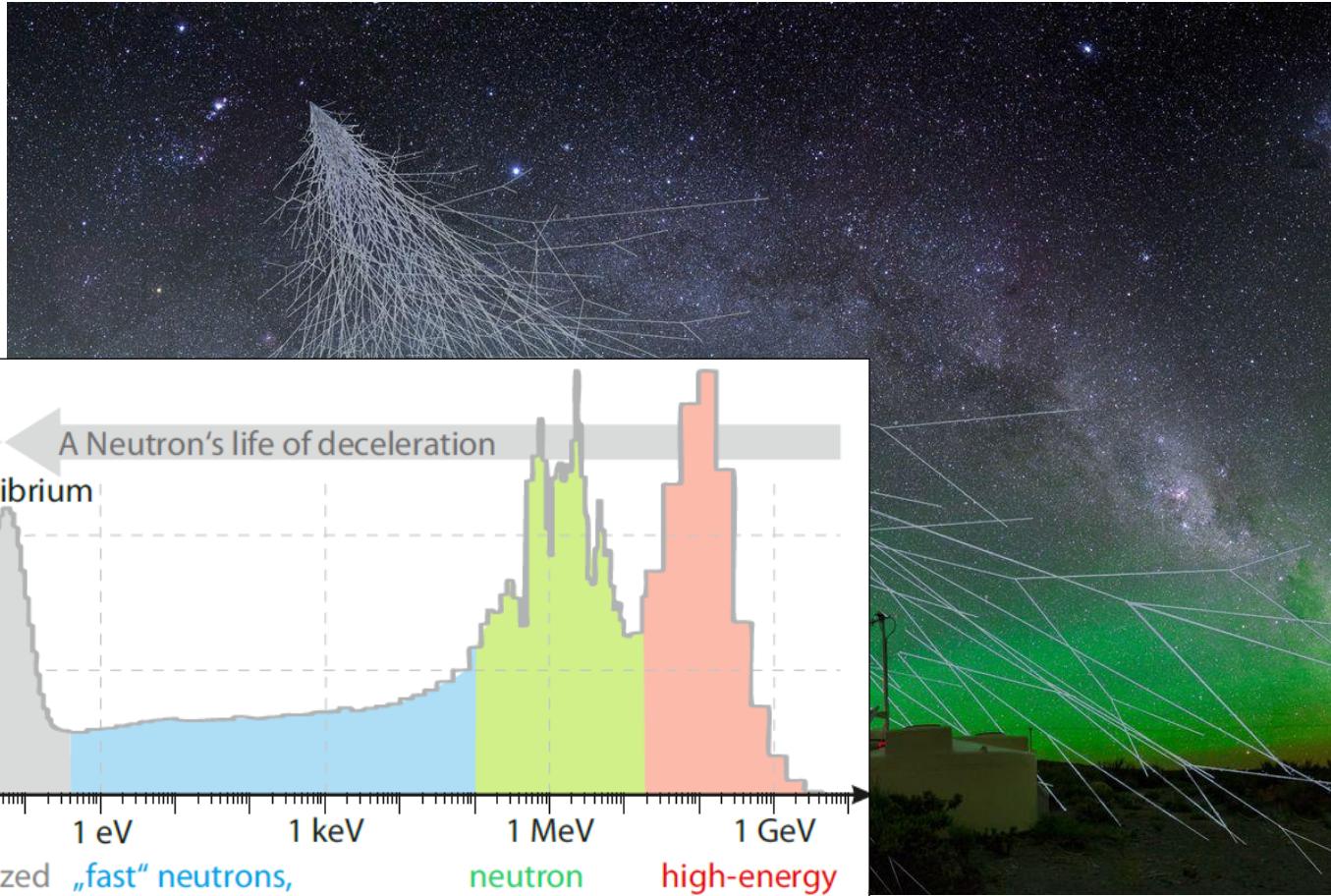
[1] Image by A. Chantelauze, S. Staffi, and L. Bret, <https://www.theverge.com/2017/9/21/16335164/pierre-auger-observatory-cosmic-ray-galaxies-air-shower-particles>

The Cosmic Neutron Basics

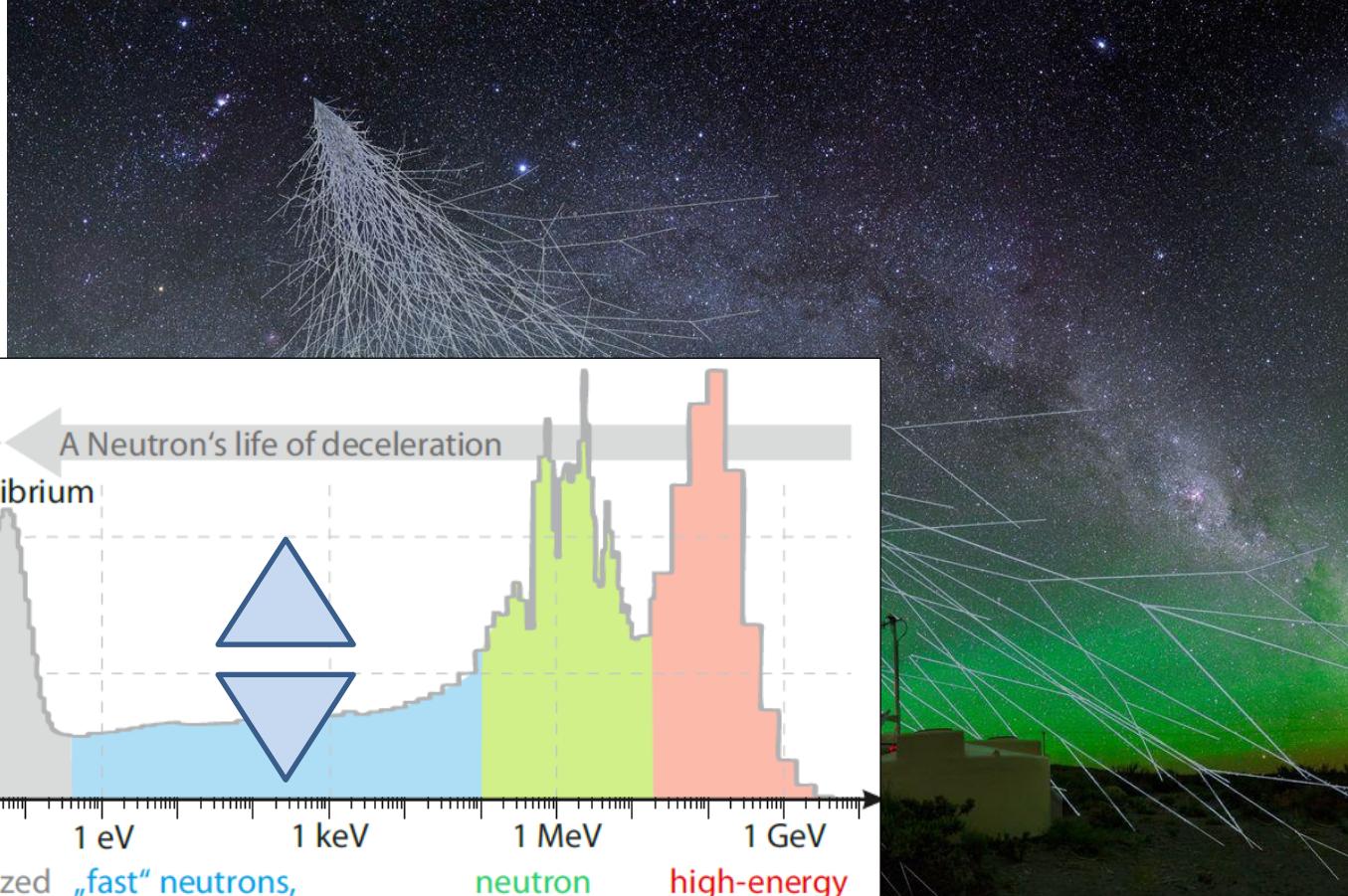
Scattering			Absorption			
coherent	elastic (n,n)	inelastic (n,n')	photonic (n, γ')	charged (n,p) (n,d) (n, α)	neutral (n,2n) (n,3n)	fission (n,f)



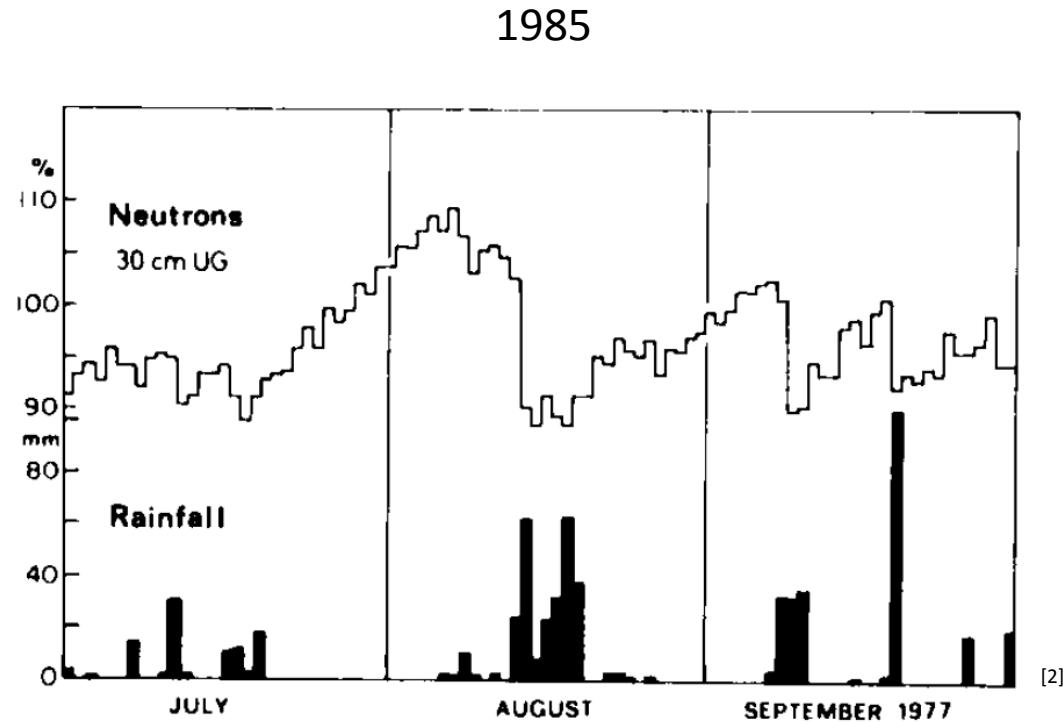
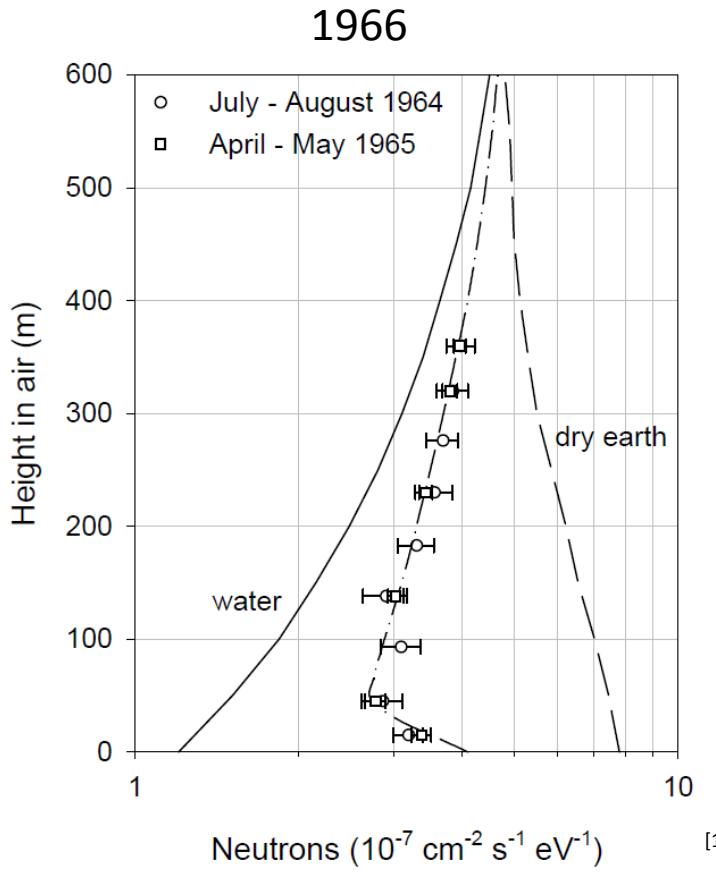
The Cosmic Neutron Basics



The Cosmic Neutron Basics



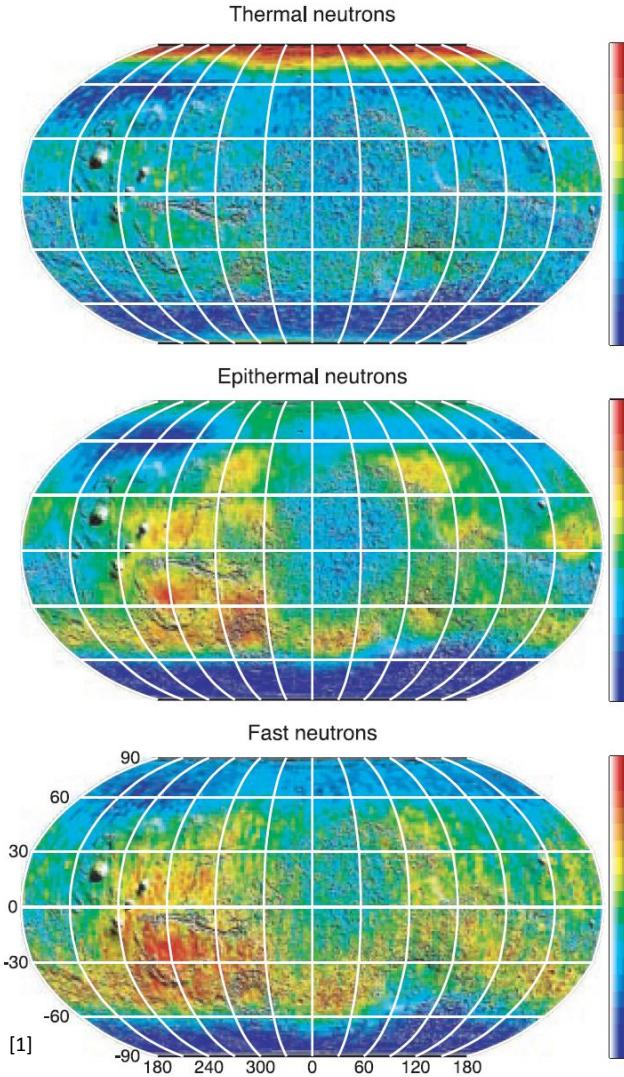
Historical References



[1] Hendrick, L. D. and Edge, R. D., "Cosmic-ray neutrons near the Earth", Phys. Rev. Ser. II, 145 (1966)

[2] Kodama, M. et al., "Application of atmospheric neutrons to soil moisture measurement", Soil Sci., 140 (1985)

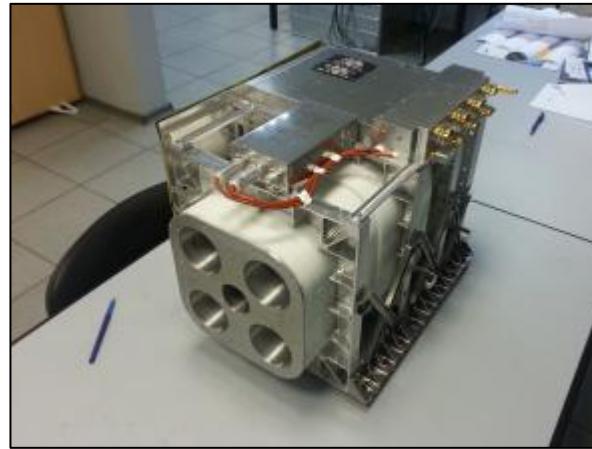
Water on Mars



Curiosity Rover



[2]



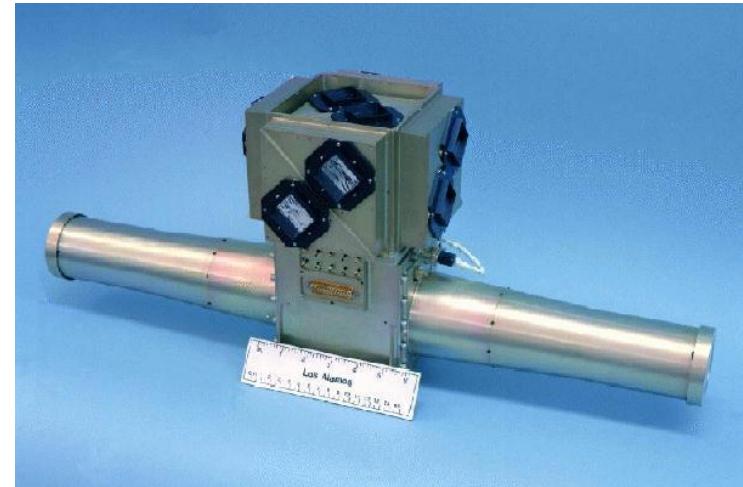
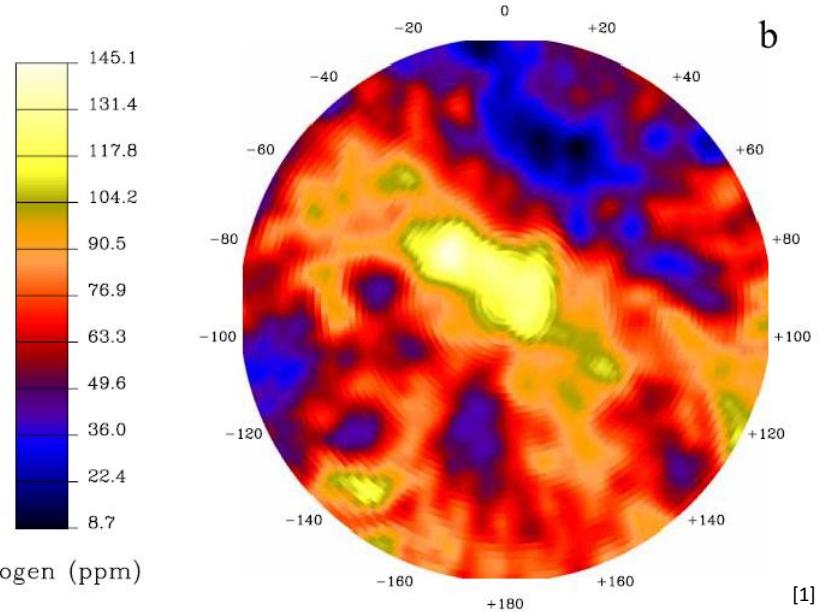
Trace Gas Orbiter

[1] W.C. Feldman, et. al „Global Distribution of Neutrons from Mars: Results from Mars Odyssey“, Science 297 (5578) (2002), 75-78.

[2] <http://exploration.esa.int/mars/48523-trace-gas-orbiter-instruments/?fbodylongid=2217>

Water on Moon

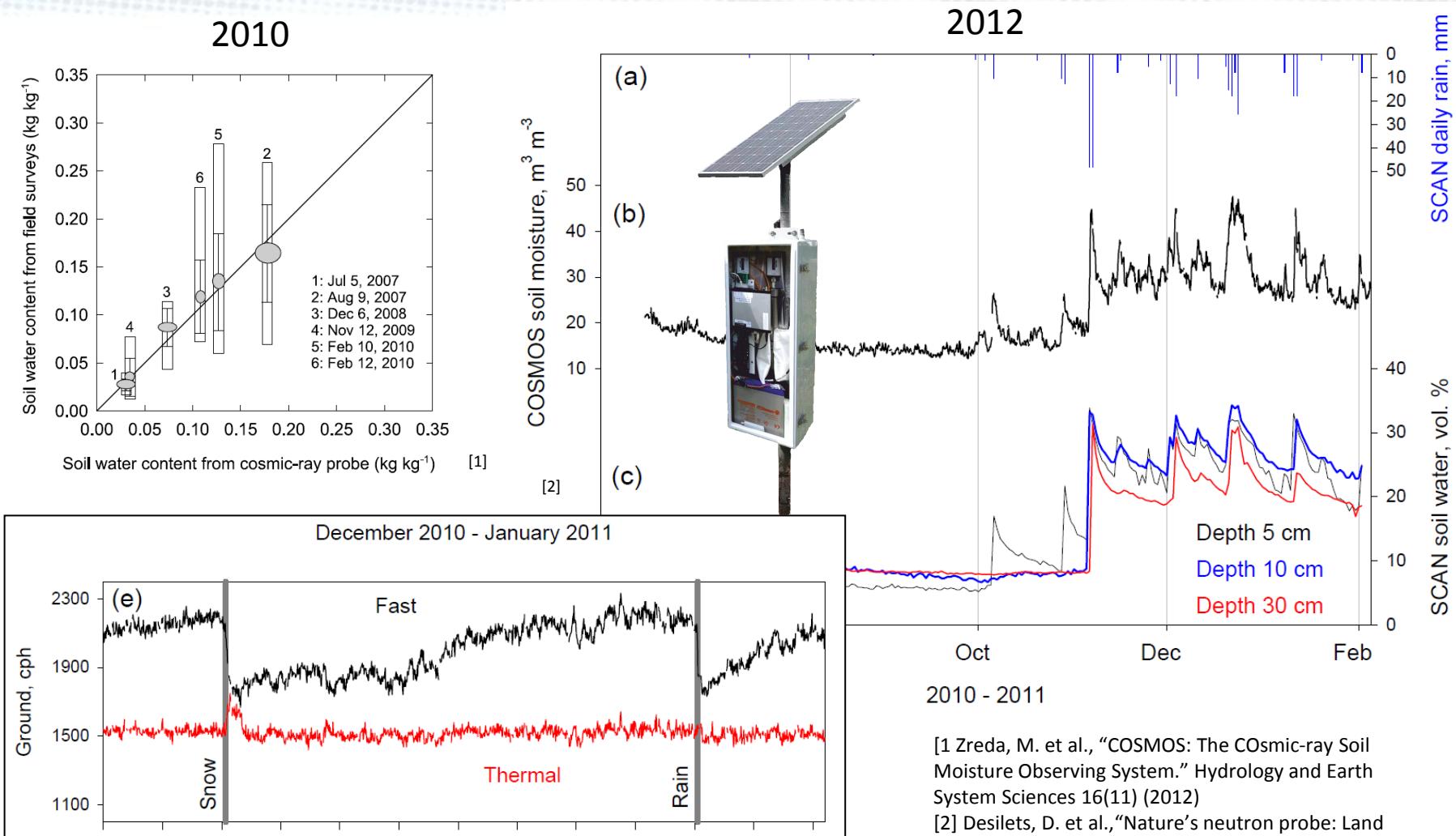
2002+



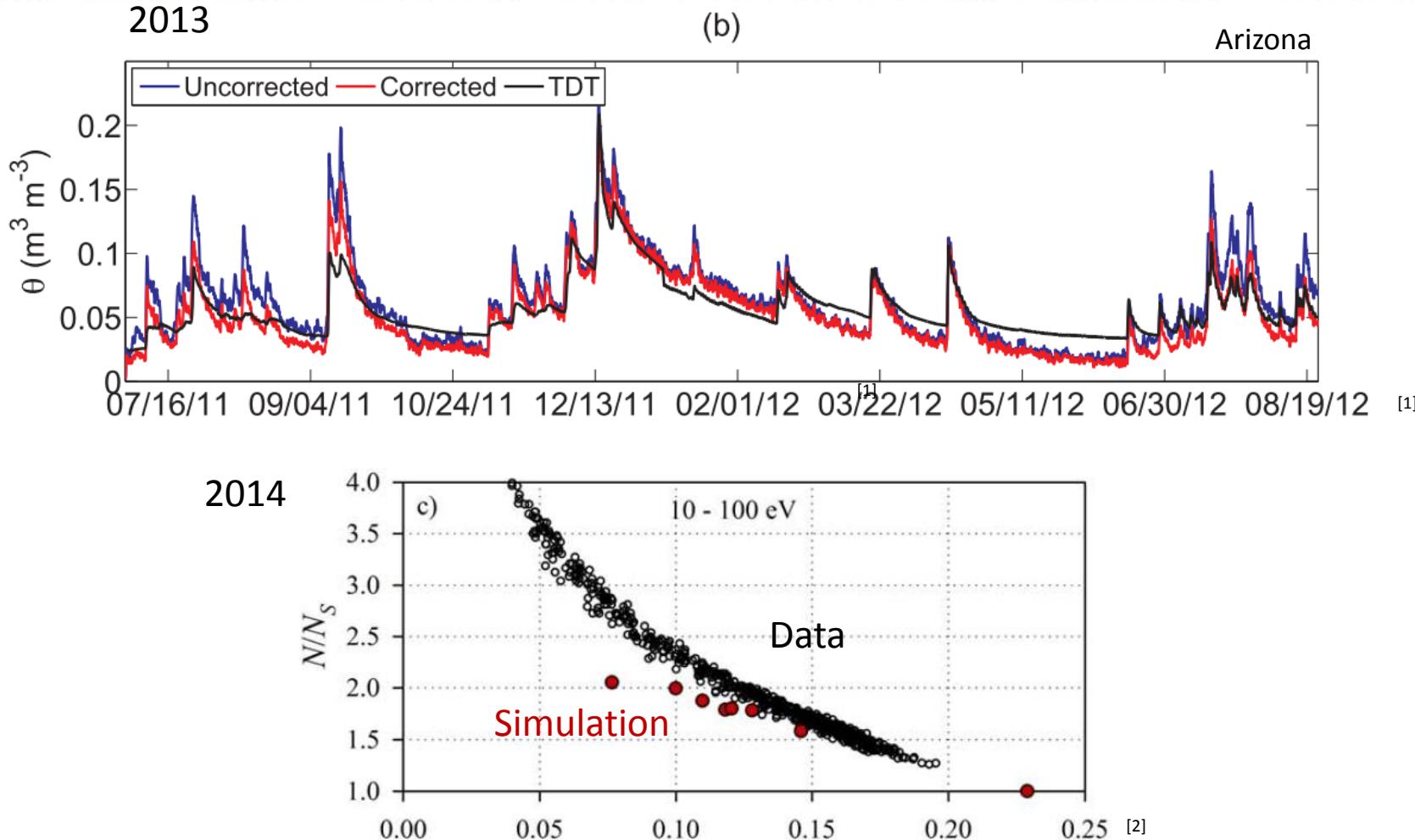
[2]

- [1] Lawrence, D.J. et al., „Improved modeling of Lunar Prospector neutron spectrometer data: Implications for hydrogen deposits at the lunar poles“, Journal of Geophysical Research, 111 (2006)
[2] http://www.tsgc.utexas.edu/spacecraft/lunar_prospector/ns.html

The Birth of CRNS



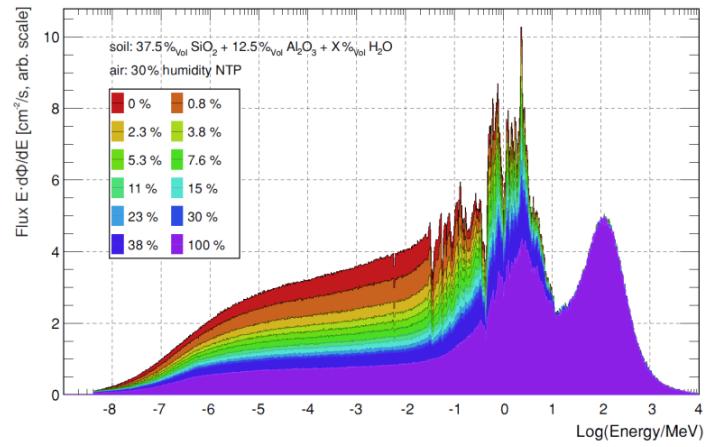
The Birth of CRNS



- [1] Rosolem, R. et al. "The Effect of Atmospheric Water Vapor on Neutron Count in the Cosmic-Ray Soil Moisture Observing System." *J. of Hydrometeorology* 14(5) (2013)
- [2] McJannet, D. et al., "Field testing of the universal calibration function for determination of soil moisture with cosmic-ray neutrons." *Water Resources Res.* 50(6) (2014)

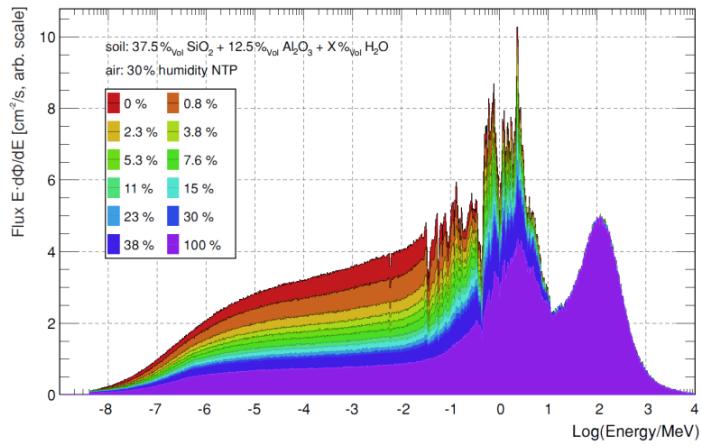
The Birth of CRNS

2015

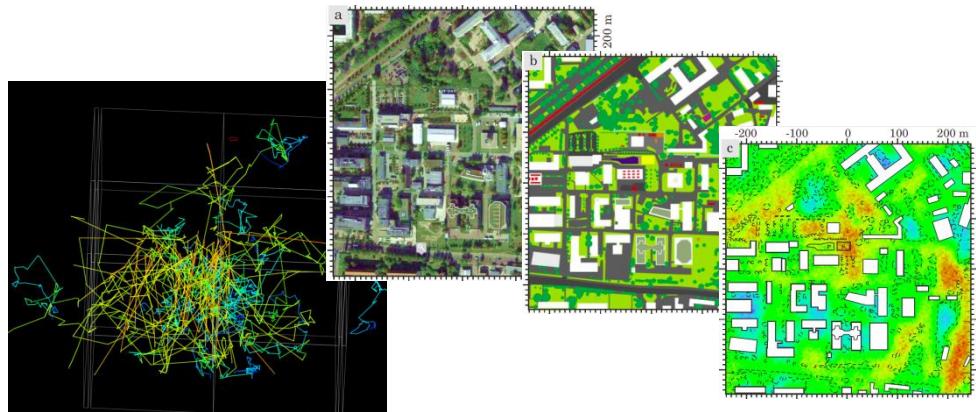


The Birth of CRNS

2015

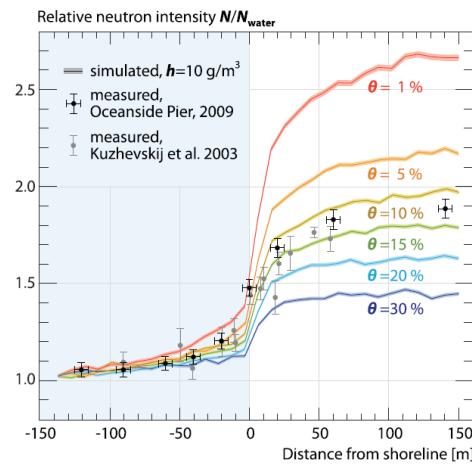
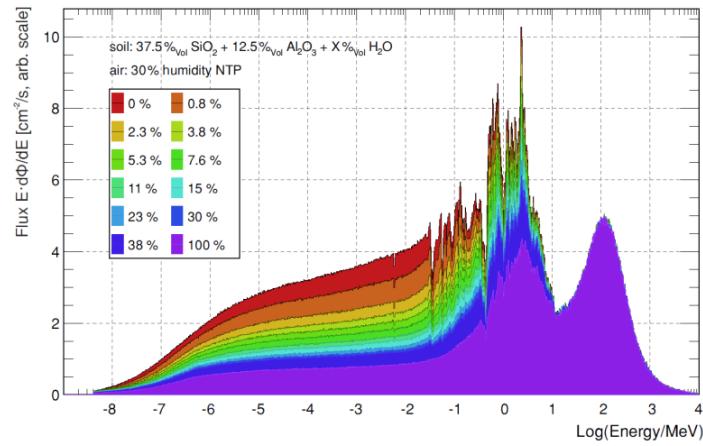


- Neutron Transport Monte Carlo
- Voxel Engine
- Ray-Casting
- Cosmic Neutron Source Option
- written in C++
- linked against ENDF data bases



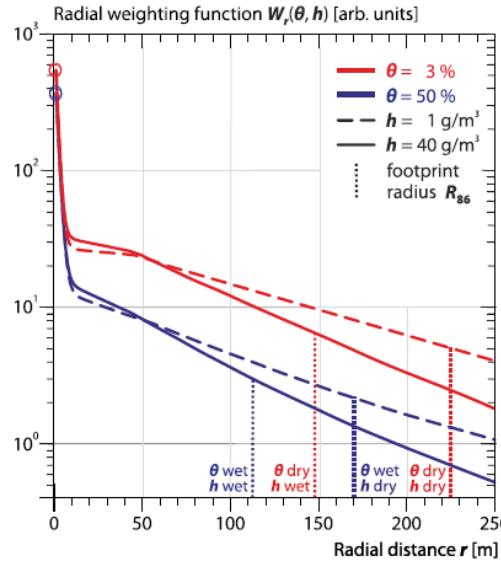
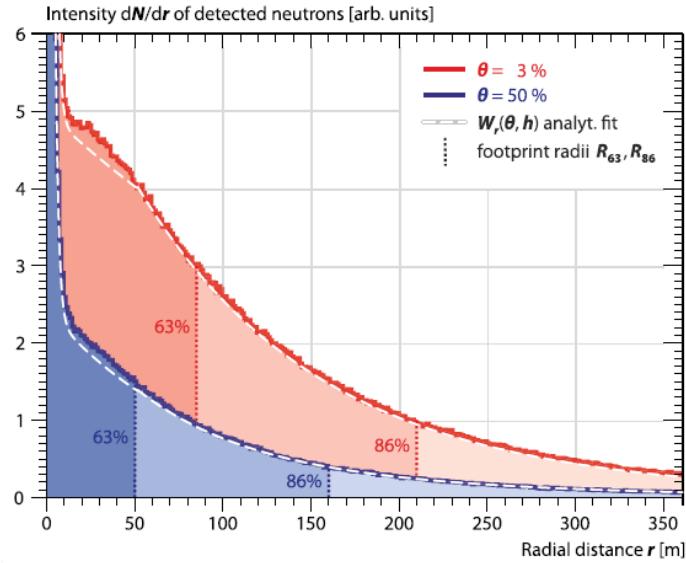
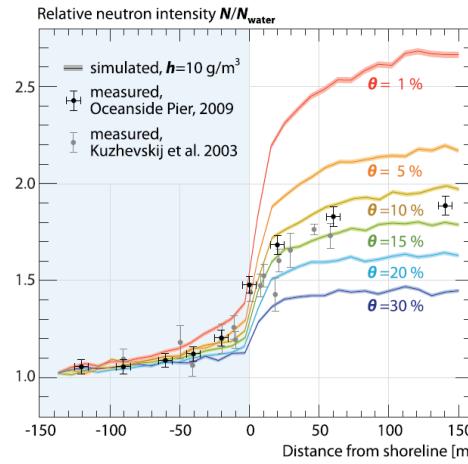
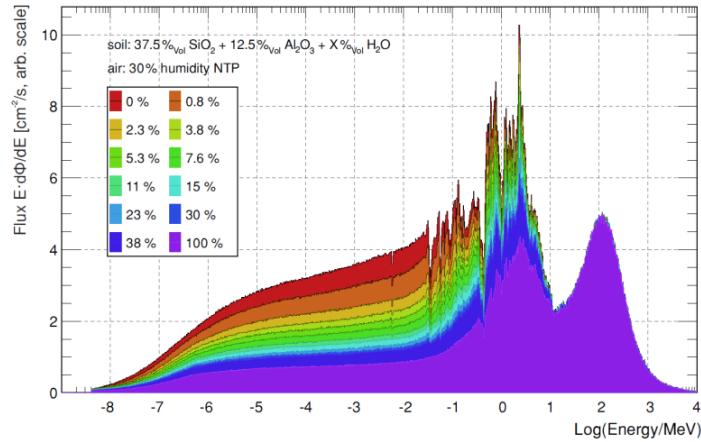
The Birth of CRNS

2015



The Birth of CRNS

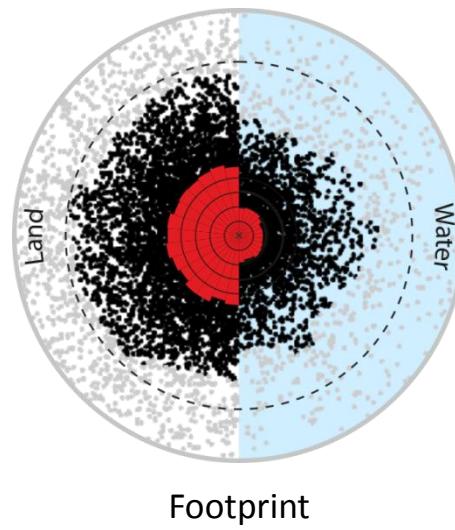
2015



Cosmic Neutron Propagation

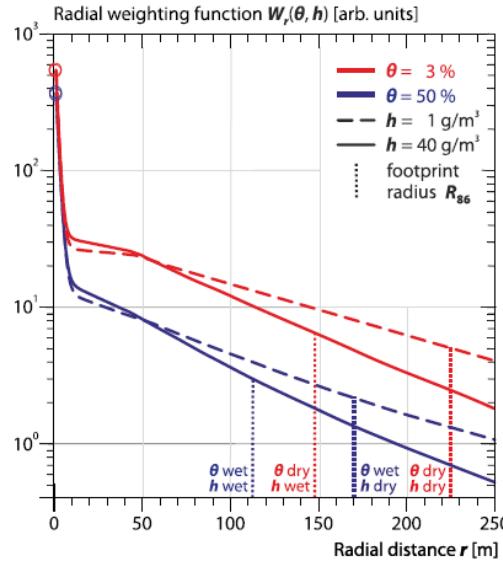
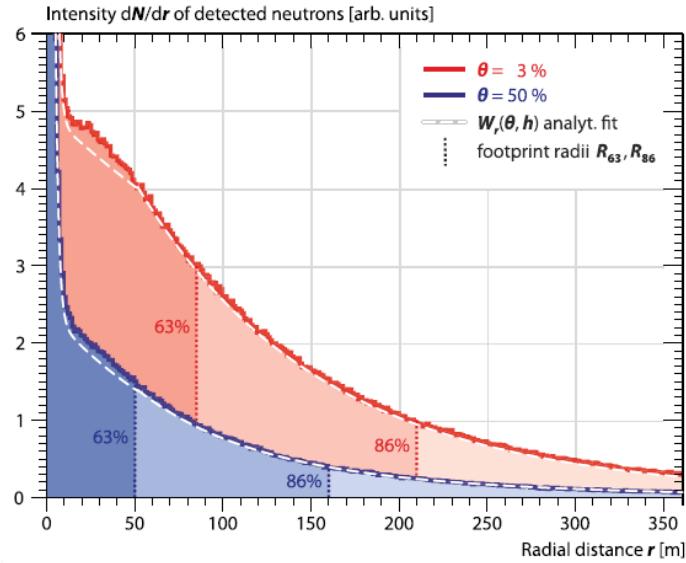
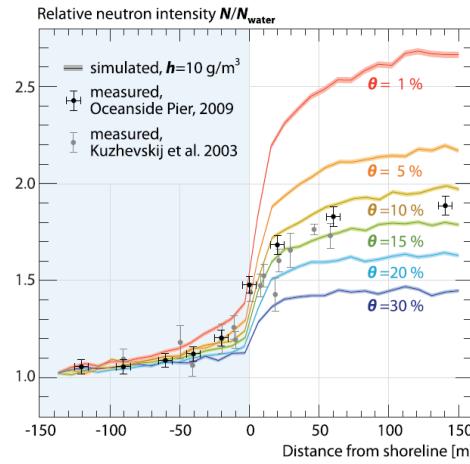
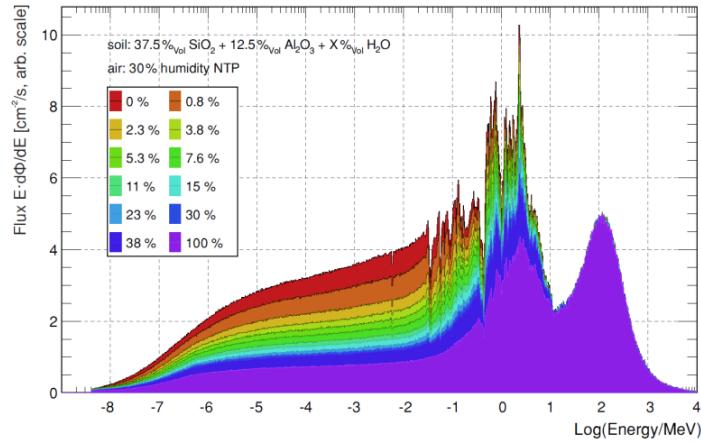
dry land

water



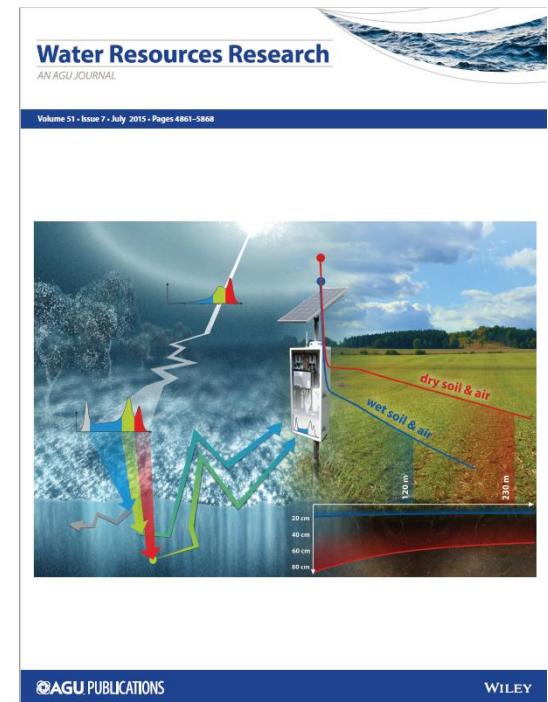
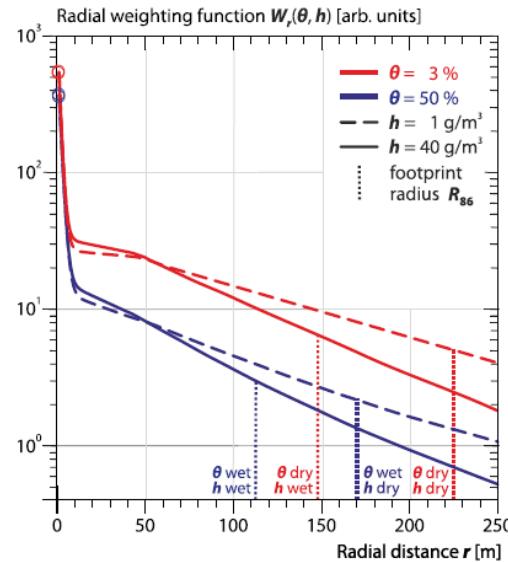
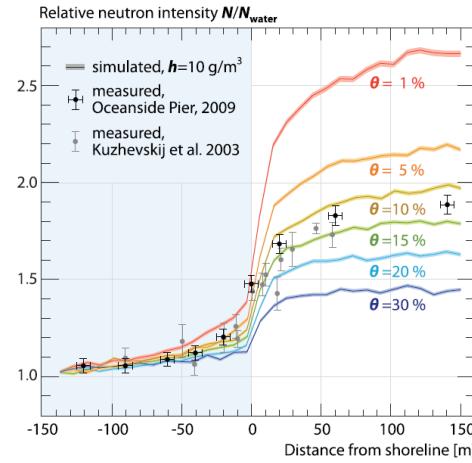
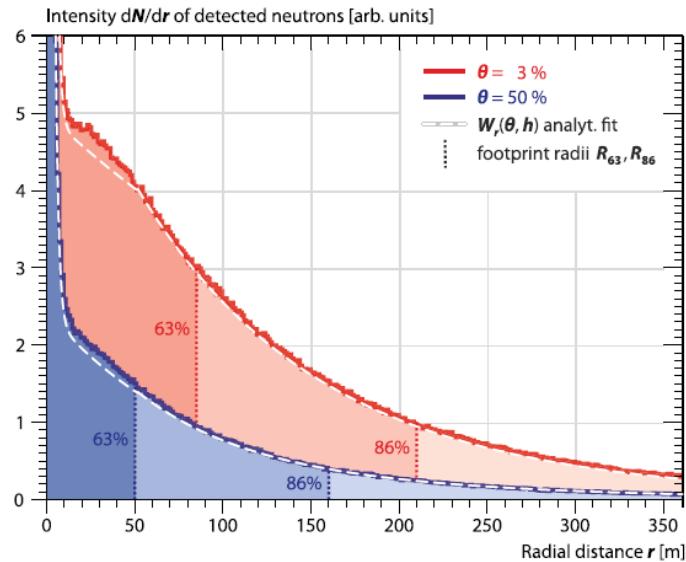
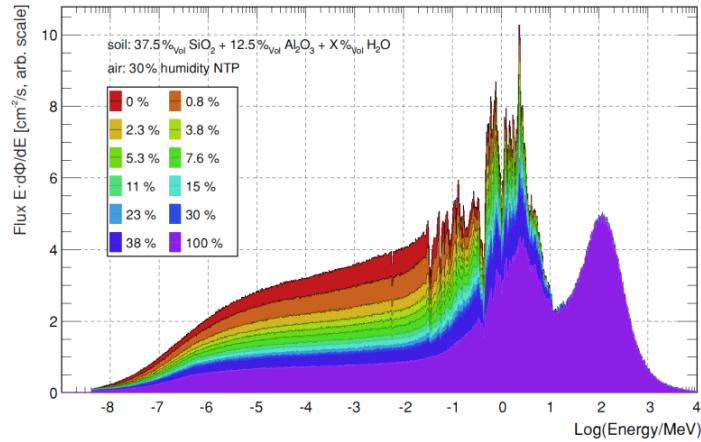
The Birth of CRNS

2015



The Birth of CRNS

2015



The Birth of CRNS

gu/journal/10.1002/(ISSN)1944-7973/issues/2007/

Water Resources Research ▼ Enter search terms, e.g. title, author, keyword 

Water Resources Research

AN AGU JOURNAL



Home Issues Highlights Collections ▼ About ▼ Submit an article Get Content Alerts Recommend to Your Librarian

2015 - Volume 51
2014 - Volume 50
2013 - Volume 49
2012 - Volume 48
2011 - Volume 47
More ▾

2007 – Volume 43

Vol. 43, Issue 12 December 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 11 November 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 10 October 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 9 September 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 8 August 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 7 July 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 6 June 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 5 May 2007


Vol. 43, Issue 4 April 2007


Current Issue

Volume 51 Issue 7 July 2015


All Issues
Browse a free sample issue

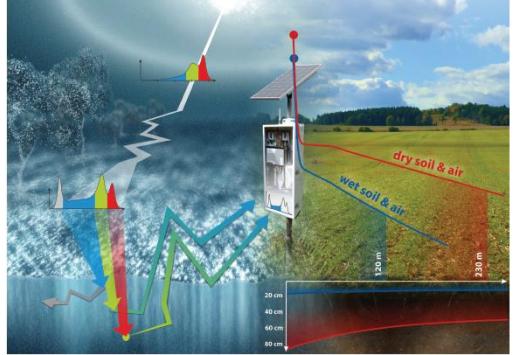
Find an article
volume (required) and
page or citation # 

Stay Connected to Eos

Explore the **LATEST**
Earth and space science news.
EOS.org
Access Eos Archive Issues 

Water Resources Research
AN AGU JOURNAL

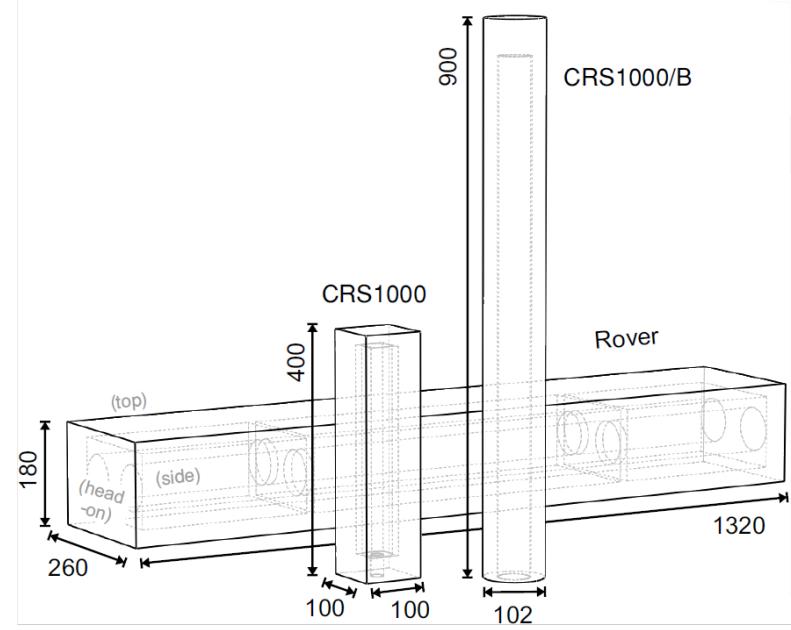
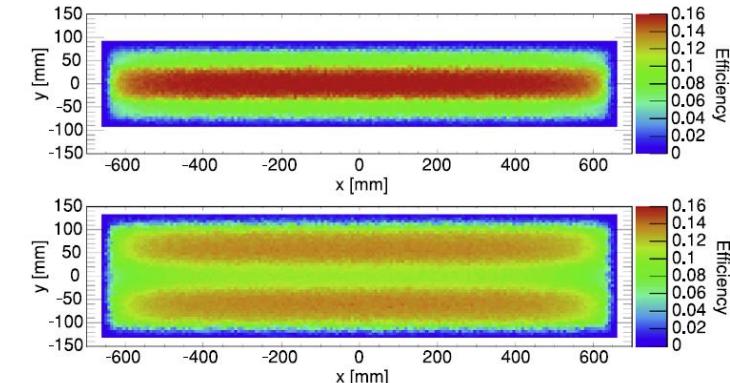
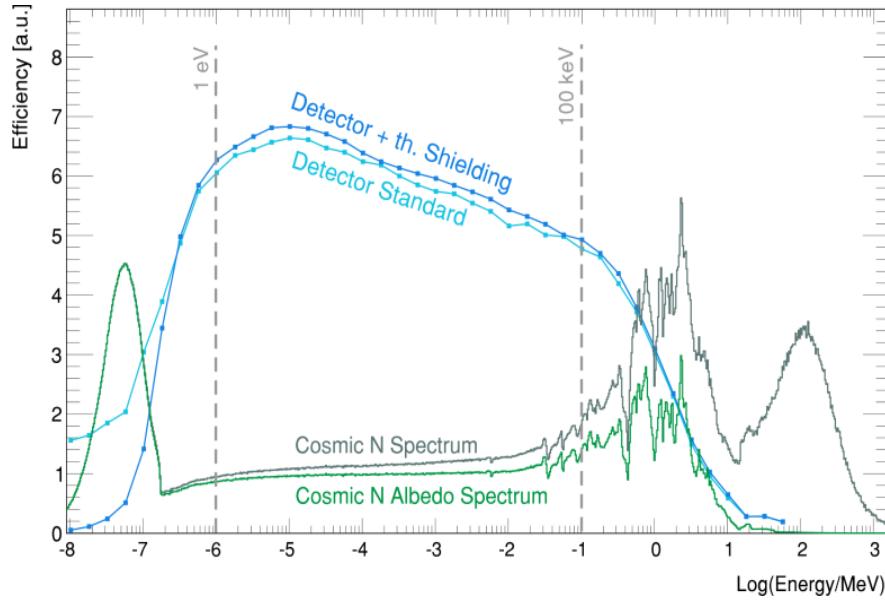
Volume 51 • Issue 7 • July 2015 • Pages 4861–5868



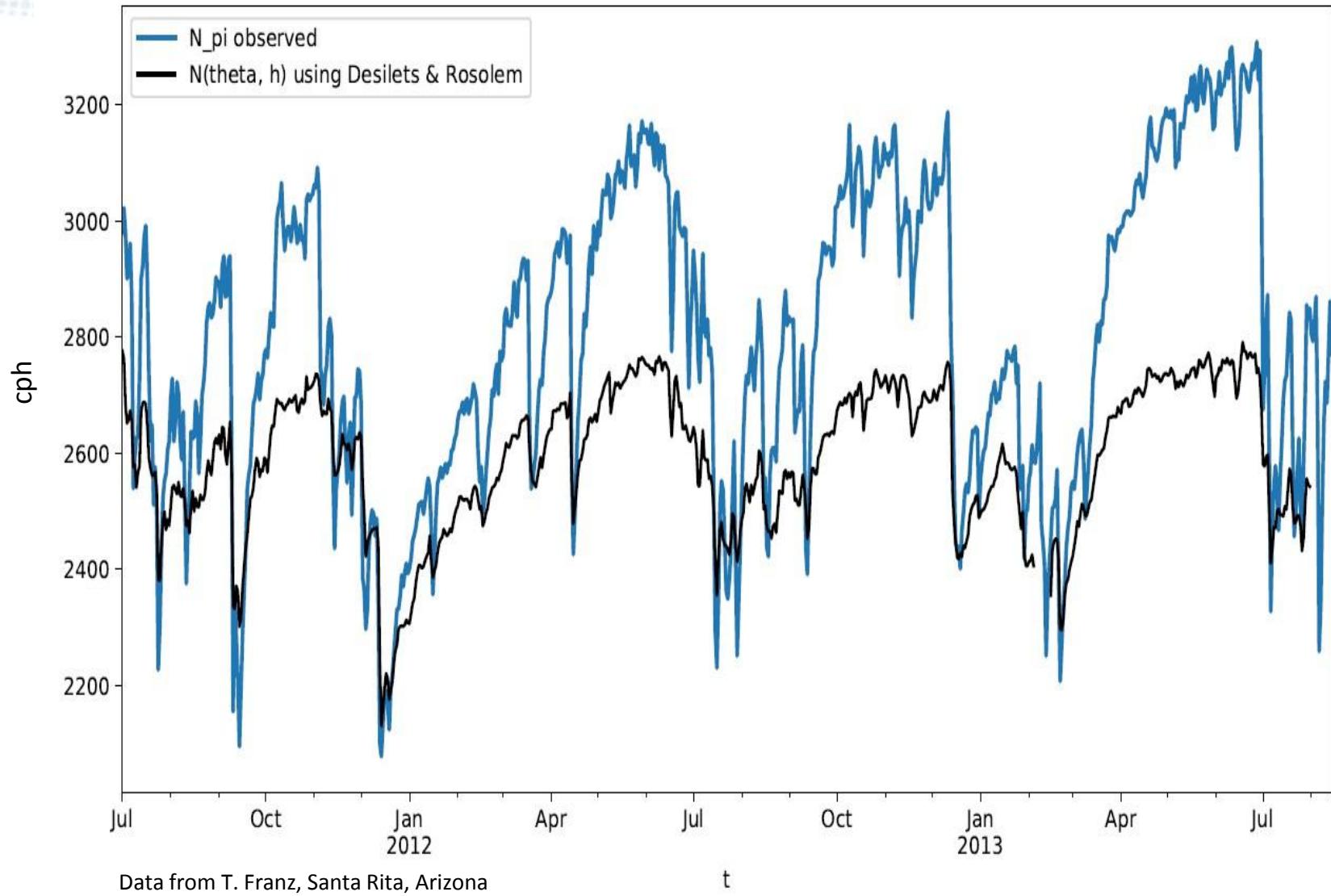
WILEY

AGU PUBLICATIONS

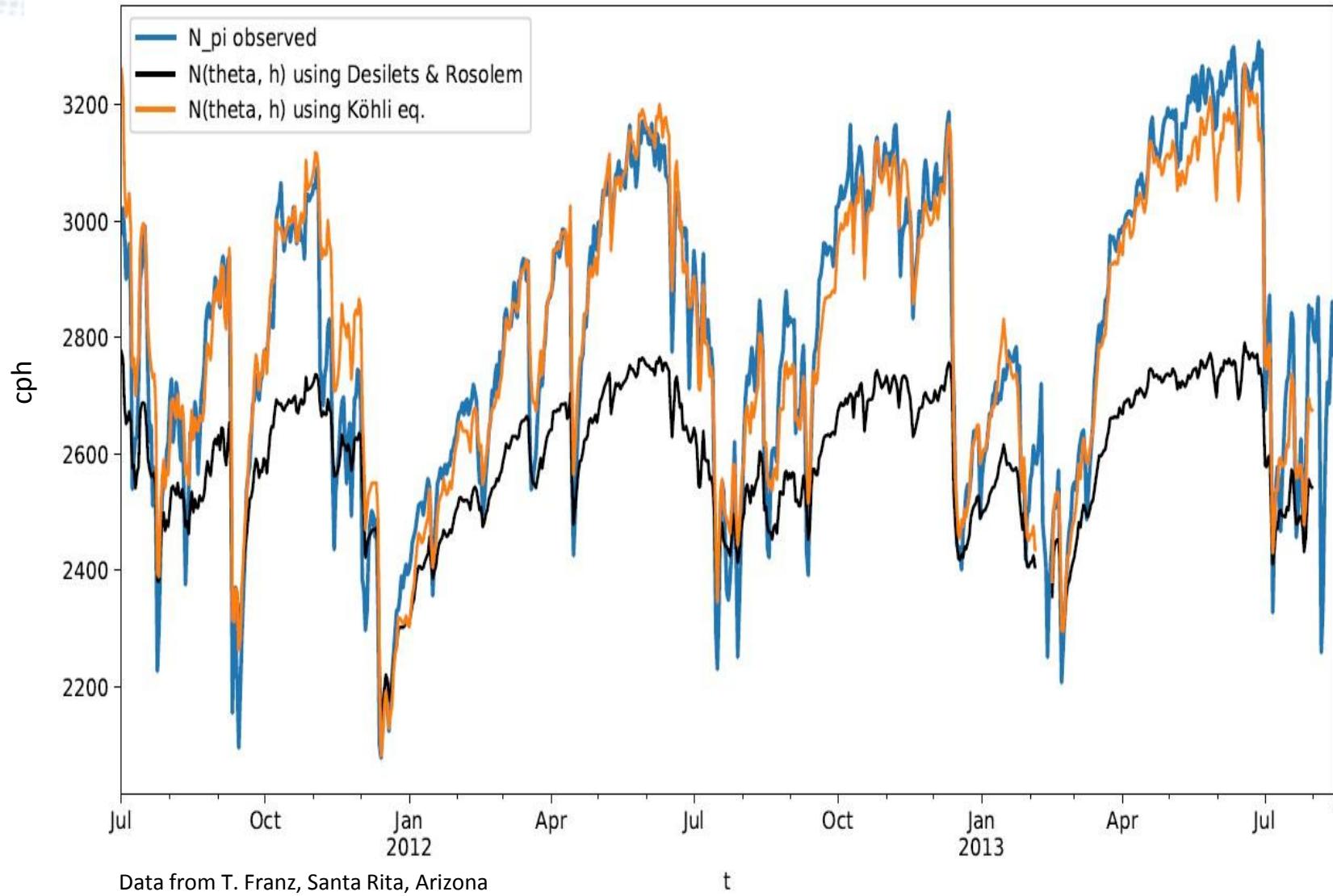
Detector Response Function



Intensity Function



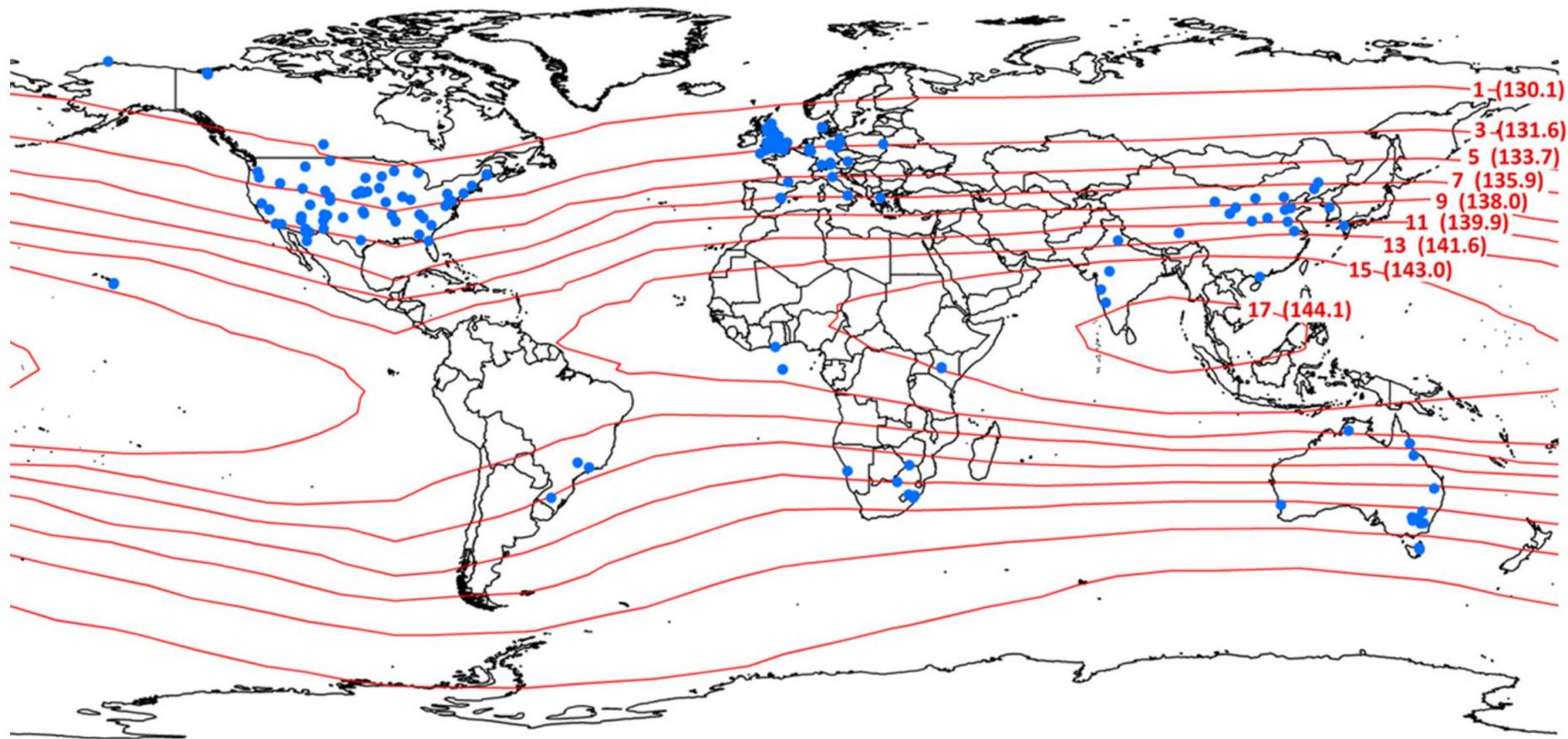
Intensity Function Revised





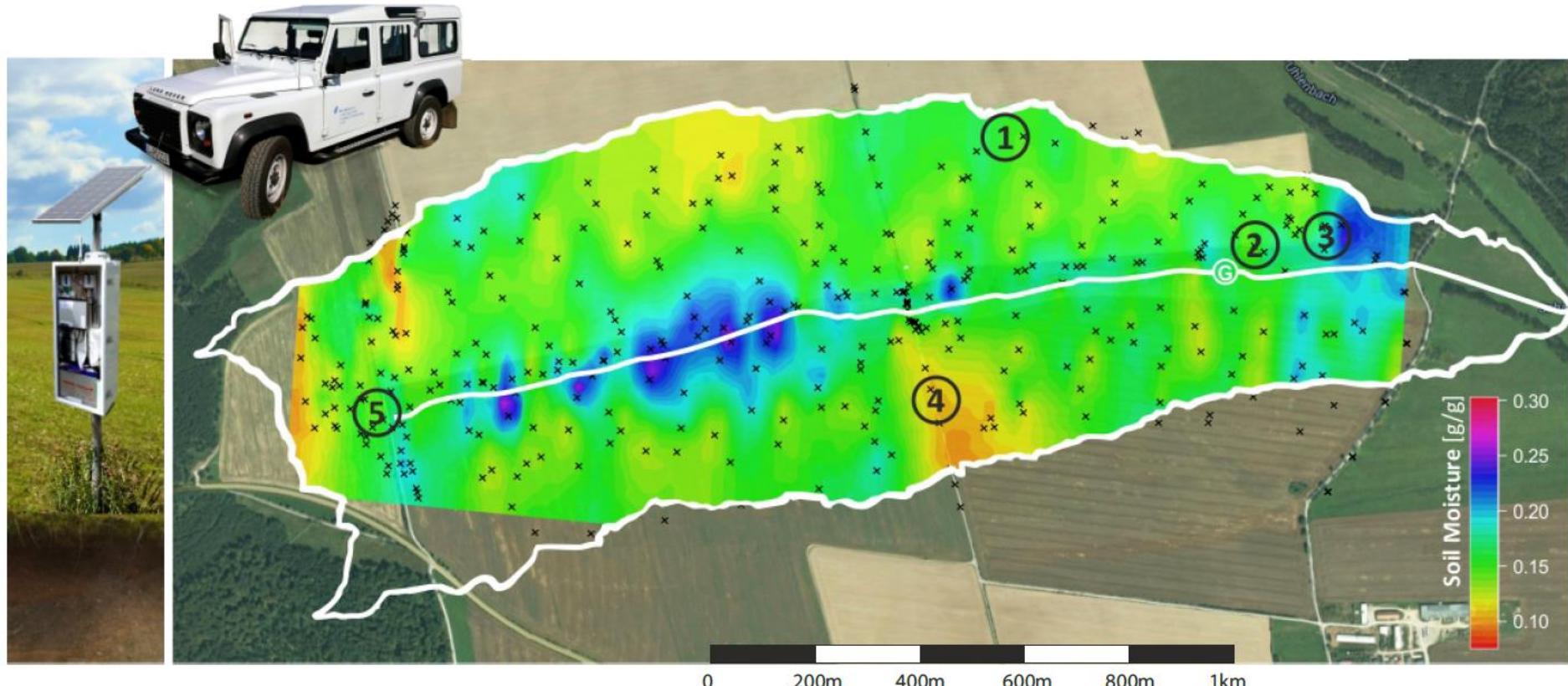
Examples and Recent Studies

COSMOS Probe Deployment

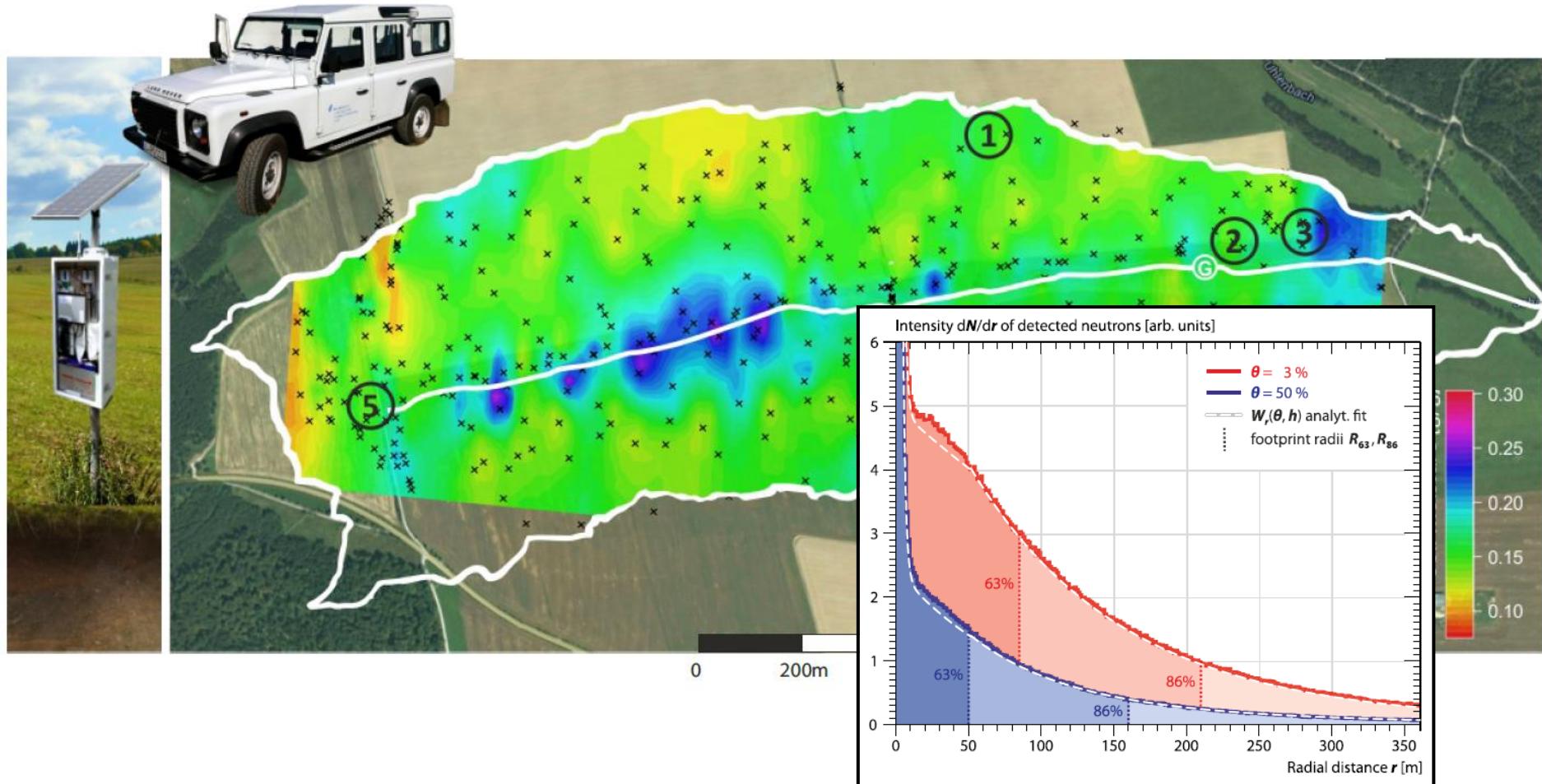


[5] Andreassen, M. et al. "Status and Perspectives on the Cosmic-Ray Neutron Method for Soil Moisture Estimation and Other Environmental Science Applications." Vadose Zone Journal 16(8) (2017)

Roving

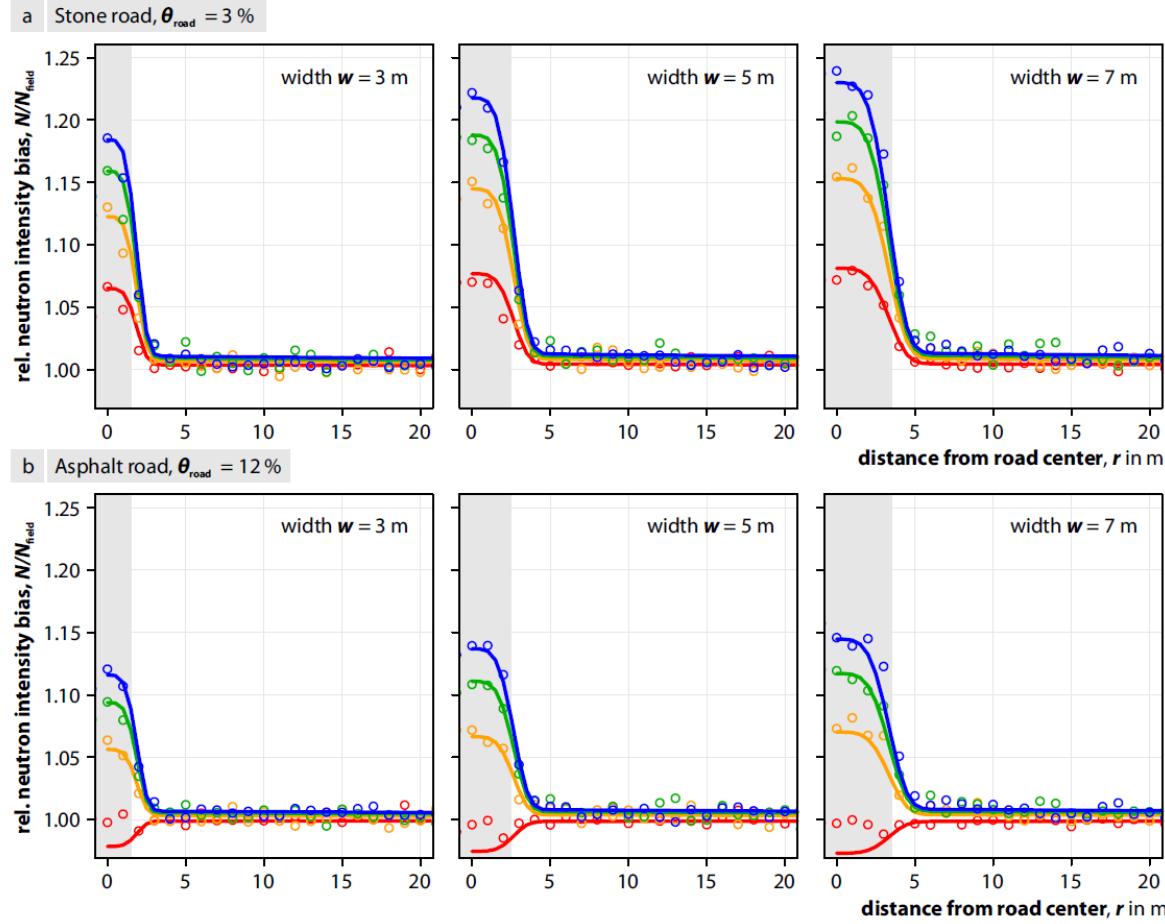


Roving



The Road Effect

In collaboration with
Martin Schrön
UFZ Leipzig



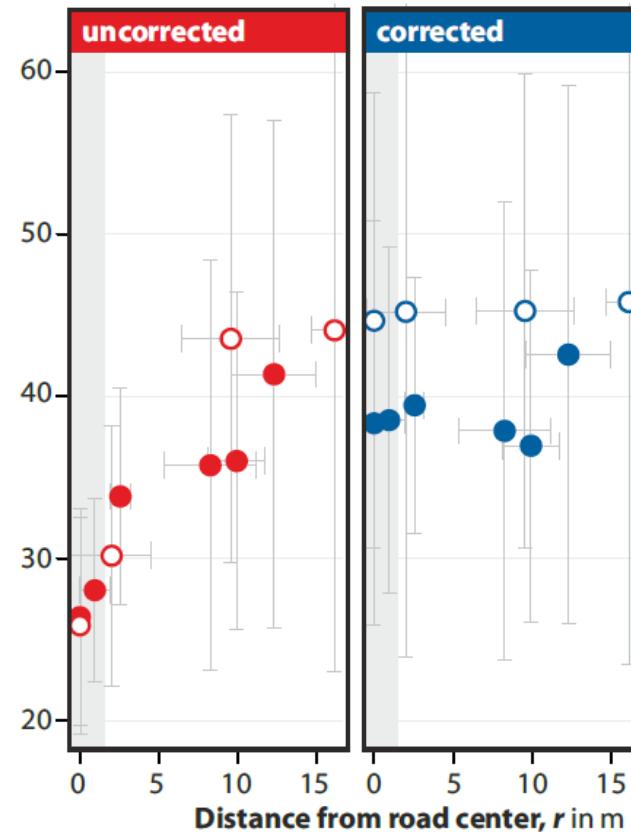
The Road Effect

a Ex B: Parallel tracks at Sheepdrove Farm



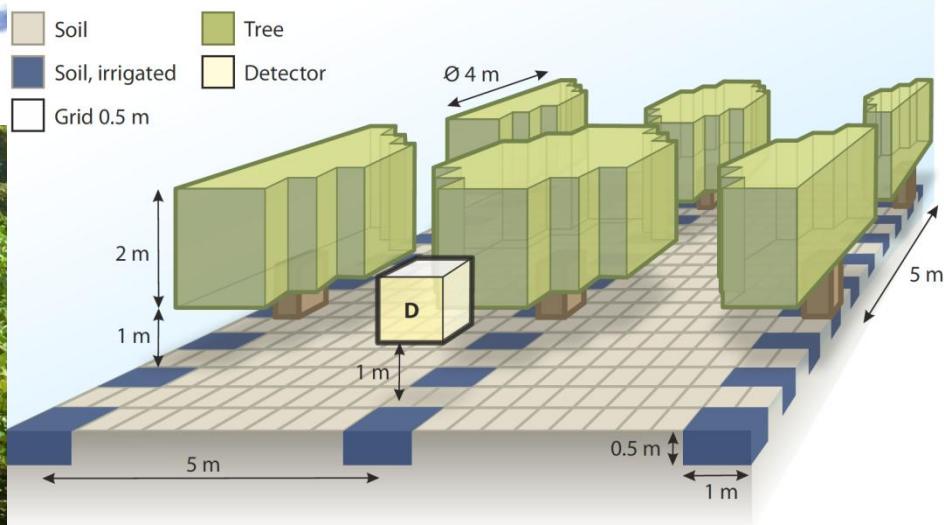
b Ex B: Observed vol. soil moisture in %

○ gravel/stone road ● asphalt/stone road
variability along each track (400 m)



Drip Irrigation

Schematic segment of the URANOS setup, total extent: 500 m



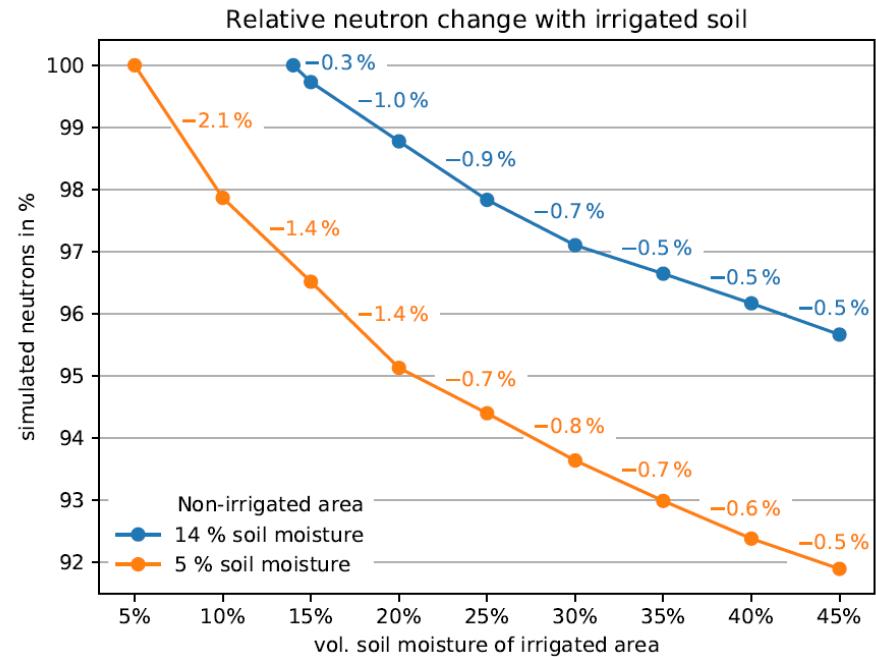
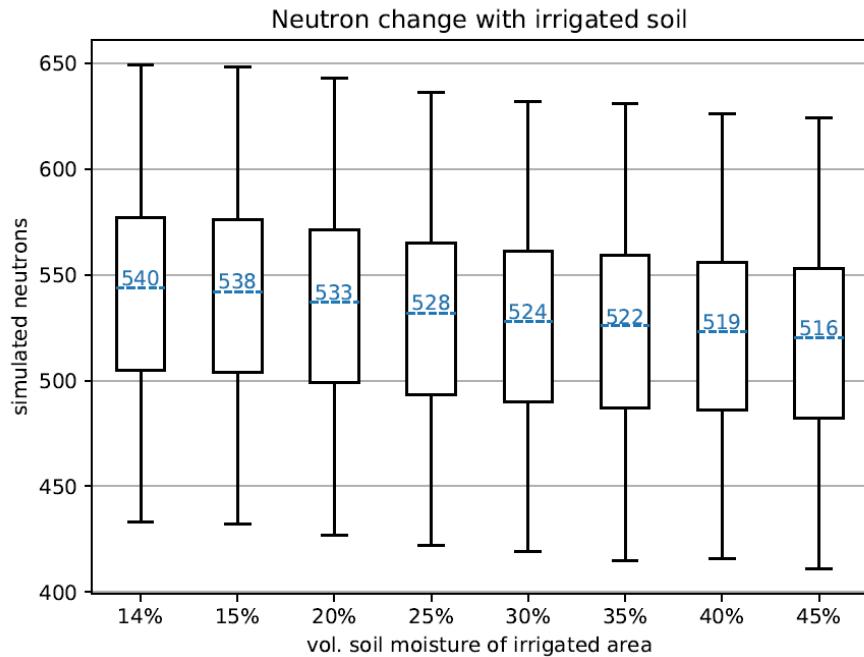
Drip Irrigation



In collaboration with
Dazhi Li
FZ Jülich

Lemon trees: 3 kg/m³ biomass

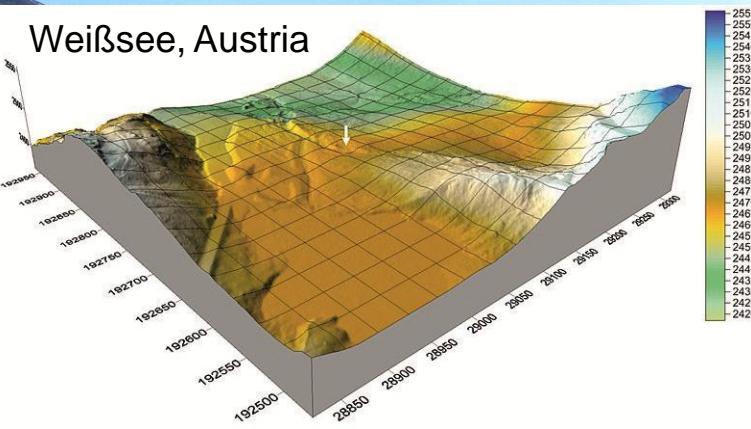
8 % of soil irrigated



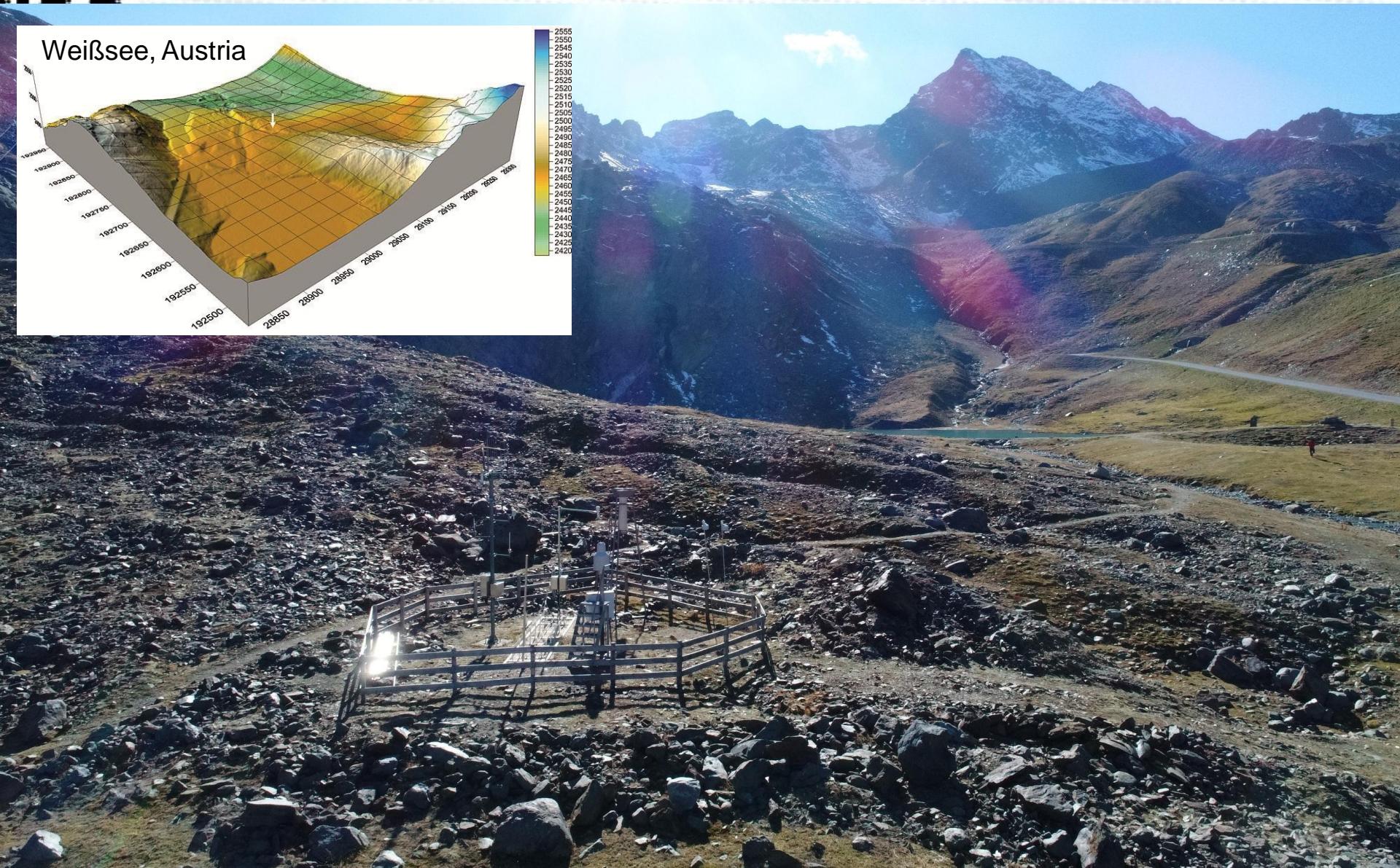
Only a few percent change -> needs large sensor

Snow Water Equivalent

Weißsee, Austria

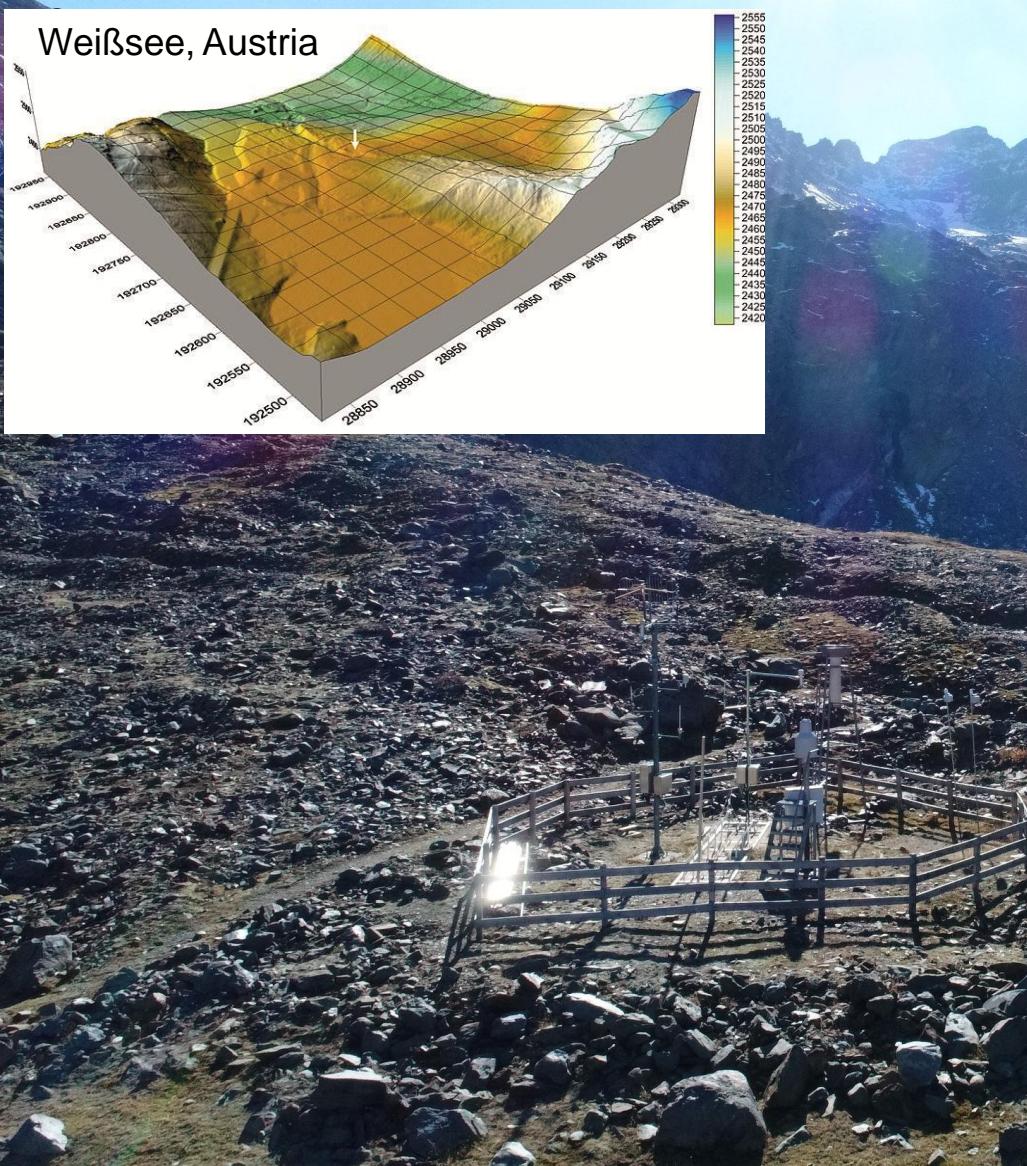


2555
2550
2545
2540
2535
2530
2525
2520
2515
2510
2505
2500
2495
2490
2485
2480
2475
2470
2465
2460
2455
2450
2445
2440
2435
2430
2425
2420



Snow Water Equivalent

Weißsee, Austria

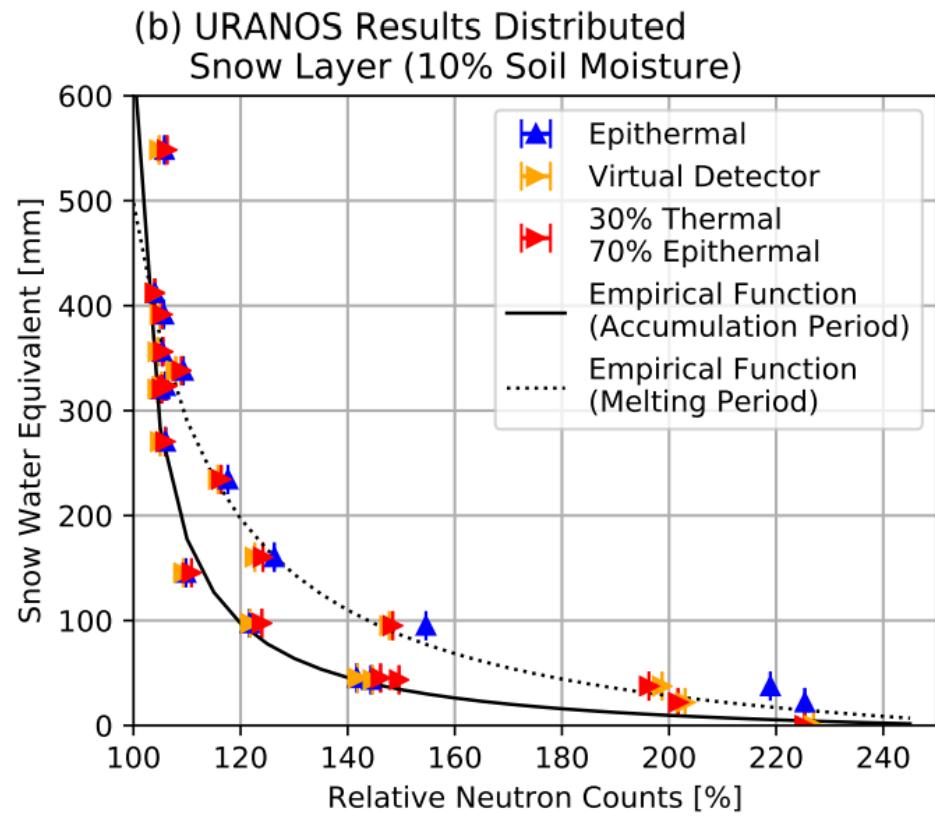
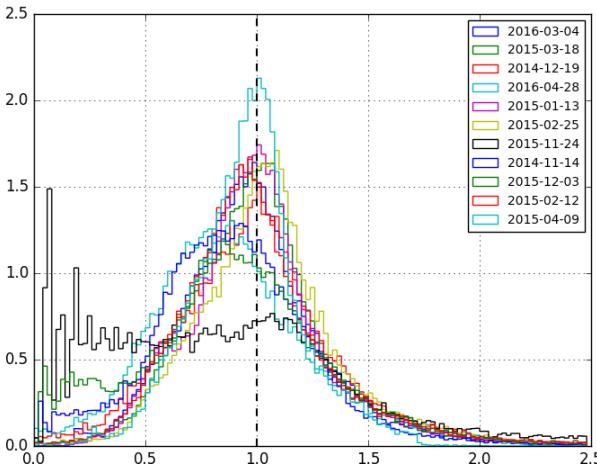


Neutron Flux Density

Snow Water Equivalent

In collaboration with
Paul Schattan
Uni Innsbruck

3D Laser scanner
snow distribution measurements





Neutron Detection

Basics

Neutron Detection

- No charge
- „Low“ energies - as low as thermal ($k_B T = 25 \text{ meV}$)
 $\text{MeV} \longrightarrow \text{neV}$

Scattering

coherent

elastic
(n,n)

inelastic
(n,n')

Absorption

photonic
(n, γ')

charged
(n,p)
(n,d)
(n, α)

neutral
(n,2n)
(n,3n)

fission
(n,f)

Neutron Detection

- No charge
- „Low“ energies - as low as thermal ($k_B T = 25 \text{ meV}$)
MeV —————→ neV

Scattering

coherent

elastic
(n,n)

inelastic
(n,n')

Absorption

photonic
(n, γ')

charged
(n,p)
(n,d)
(n, α)

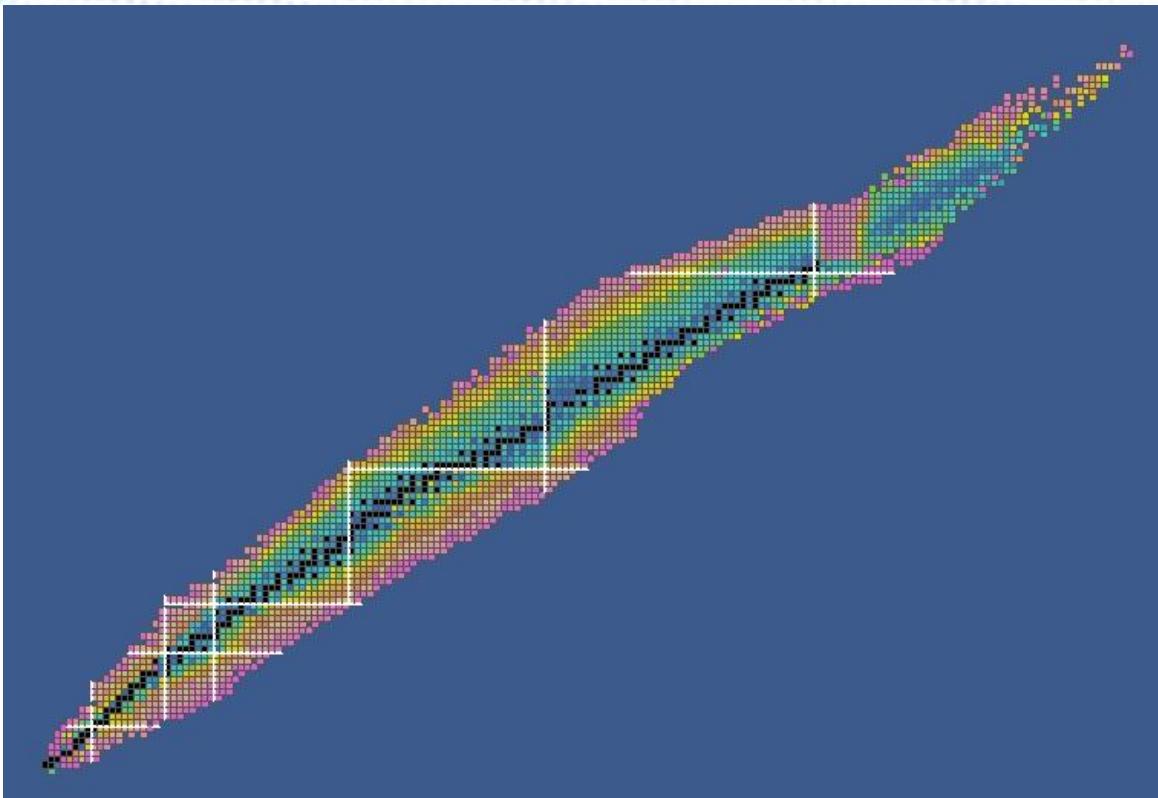
neutral
(n,2n)
(n,3n)

fission
(n,f)

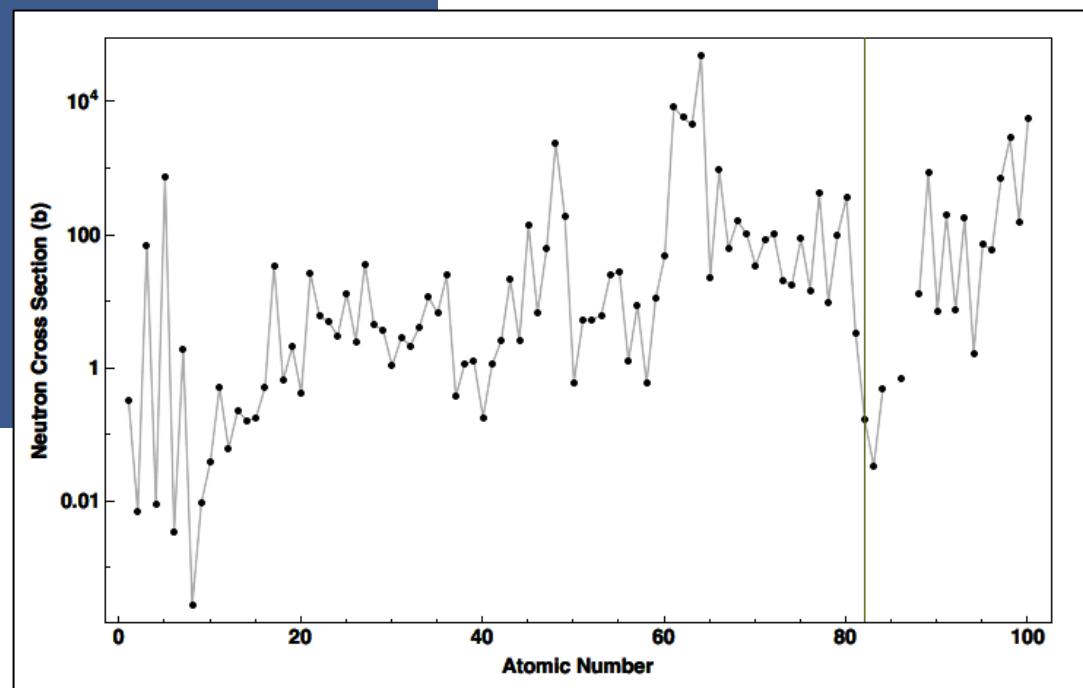
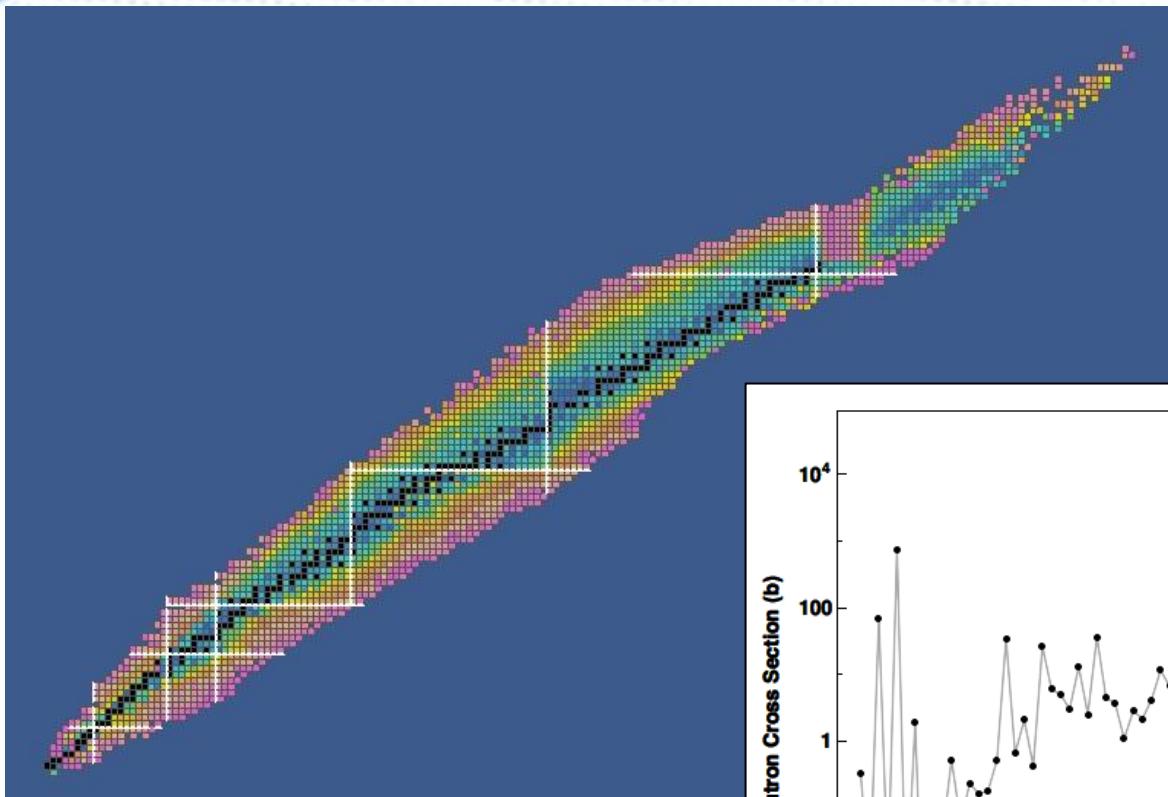
,converters‘



Neutron Detection

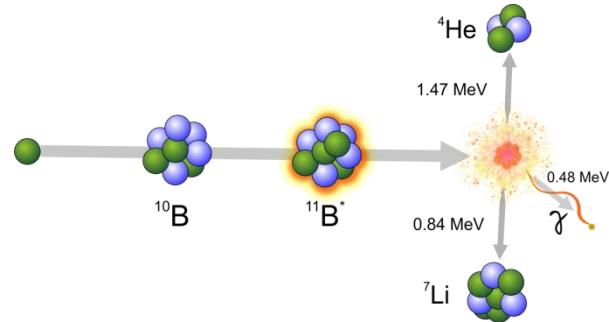


Neutron Detection

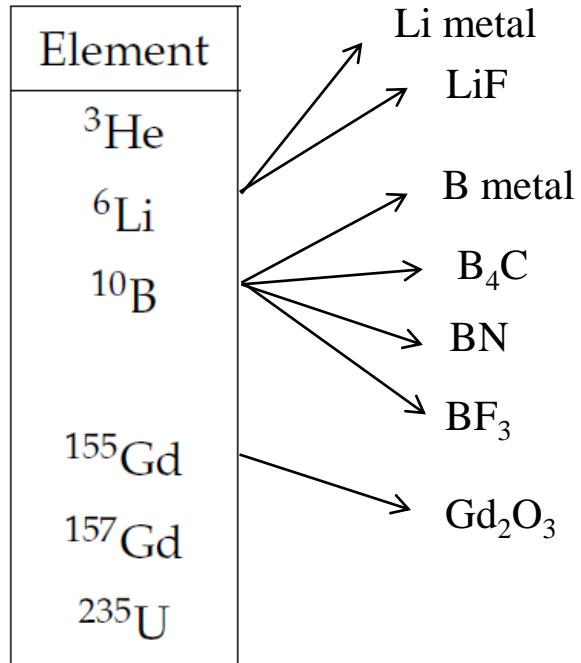


Neutron Converters

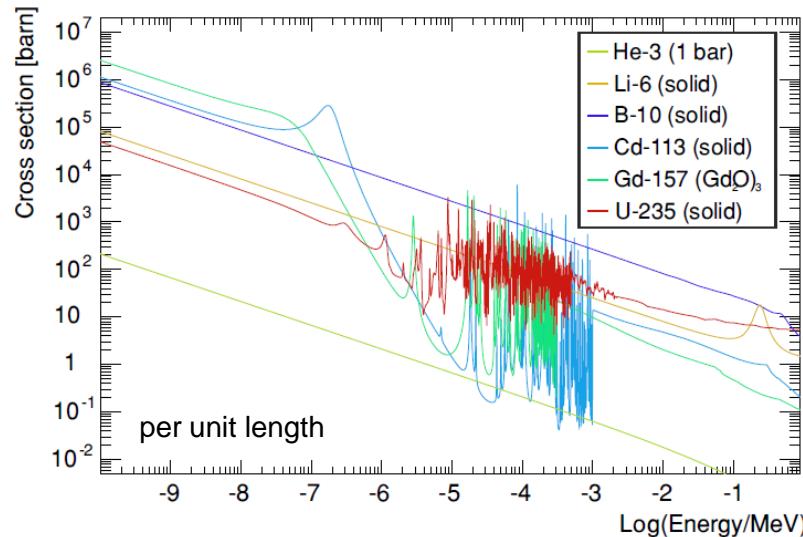
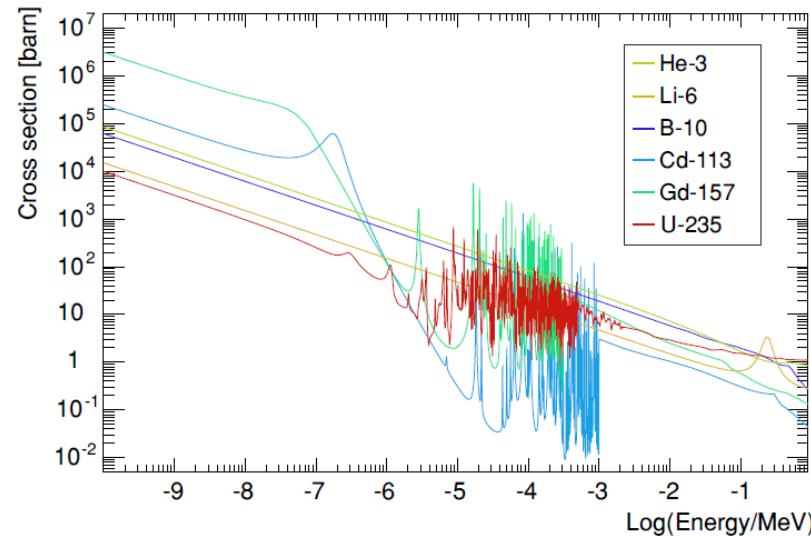
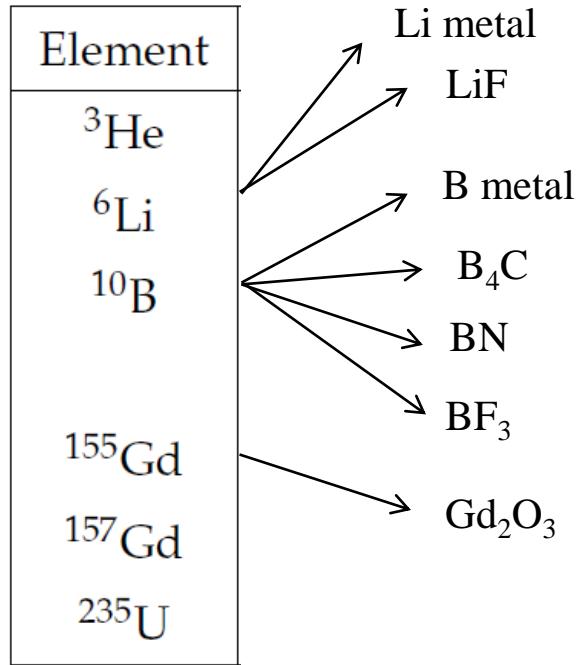
Element	Reaction	CS at 25.2 meV
^3He	$^3\text{He} + \text{n} \rightarrow ^3\text{H} + 764 \text{ keV} + \text{p}$	5327 b
^6Li	$^6\text{Li} + \text{n} \rightarrow ^3\text{H} + \alpha + 4.78 \text{ MeV}$	940 b
^{10}B	$^{10}\text{B} + \text{n} \rightarrow ^7\text{Li} + \alpha + 2.79 \text{ MeV} (6\%)$ $^{10}\text{B} + \text{n} \rightarrow ^7\text{Li}^* + \alpha + 2.31 \text{ MeV} (94\%)$	3837 b
^{155}Gd	$^{155}\text{Gd} + \text{n} \rightarrow ^{156}\text{Gd} + \gamma + e^- + (30 - 180) \text{ keV}$	61000 b
^{157}Gd	$^{157}\text{Gd} + \text{n} \rightarrow ^{158}\text{Gd} + \gamma + e^- + (30 - 180) \text{ keV}$	254000 b
^{235}U	fission fragments + 160 MeV	584 b



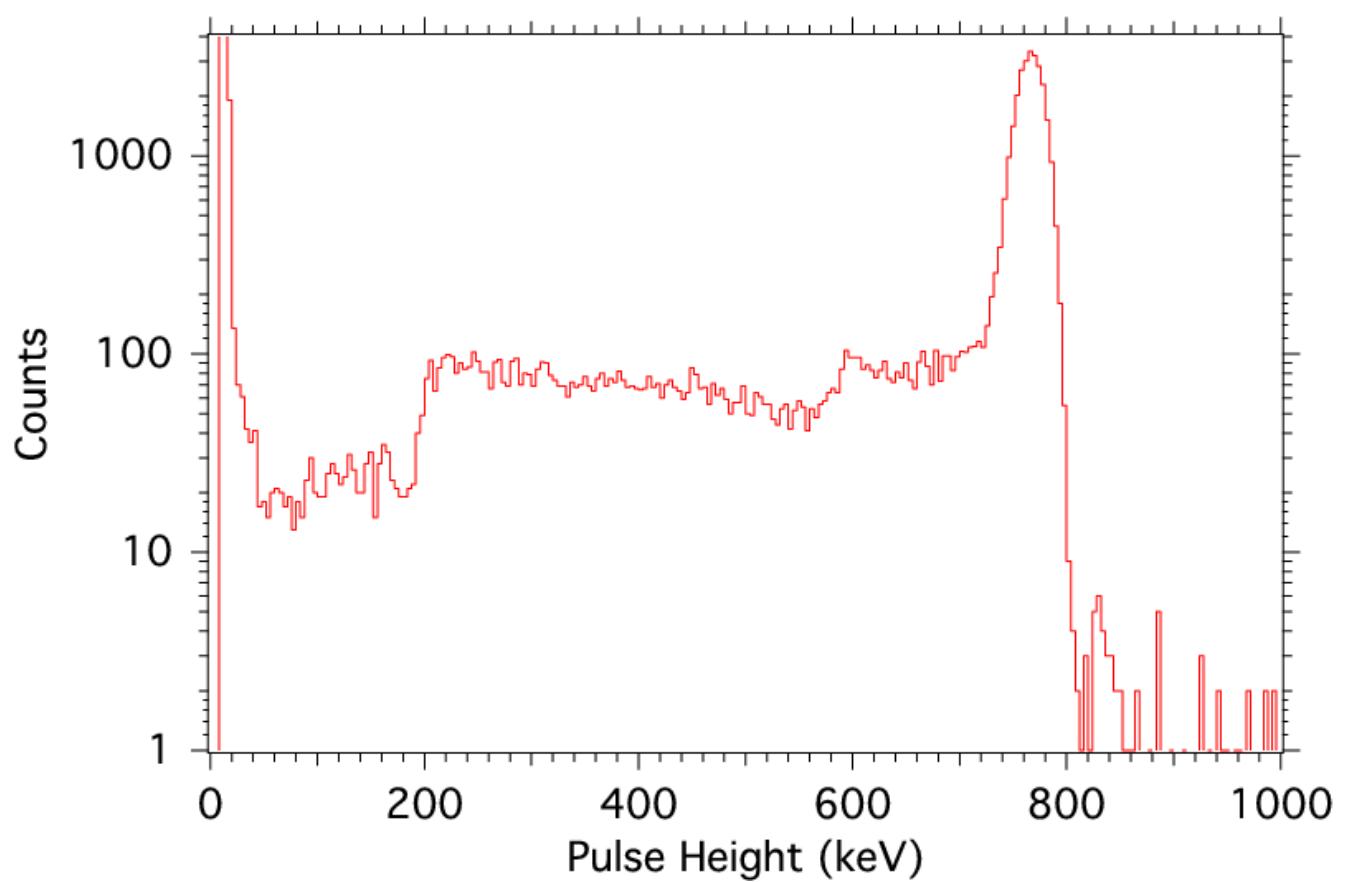
Neutron Converters



CS vs. absorption coefficient



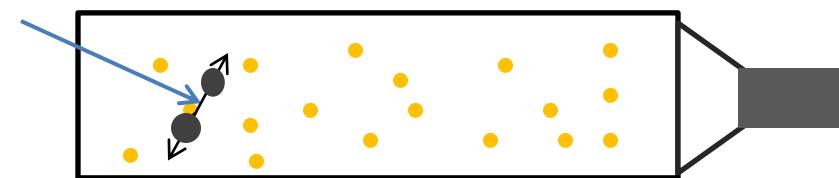
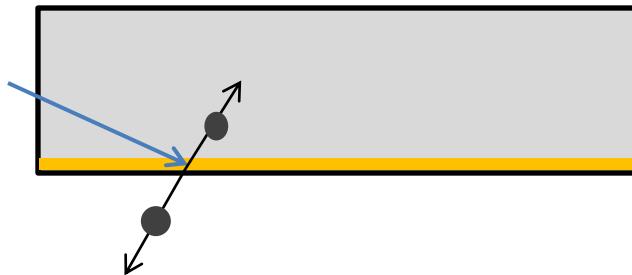
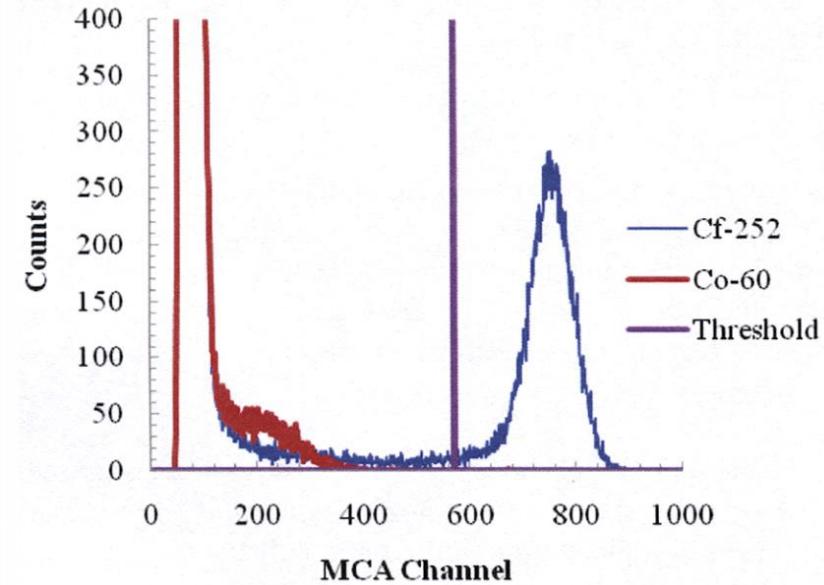
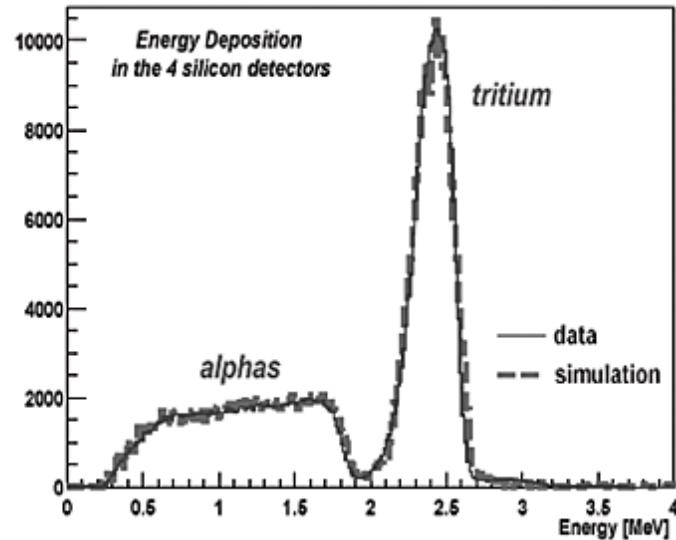
Conversion in ^3He



1" 4 atm He-3

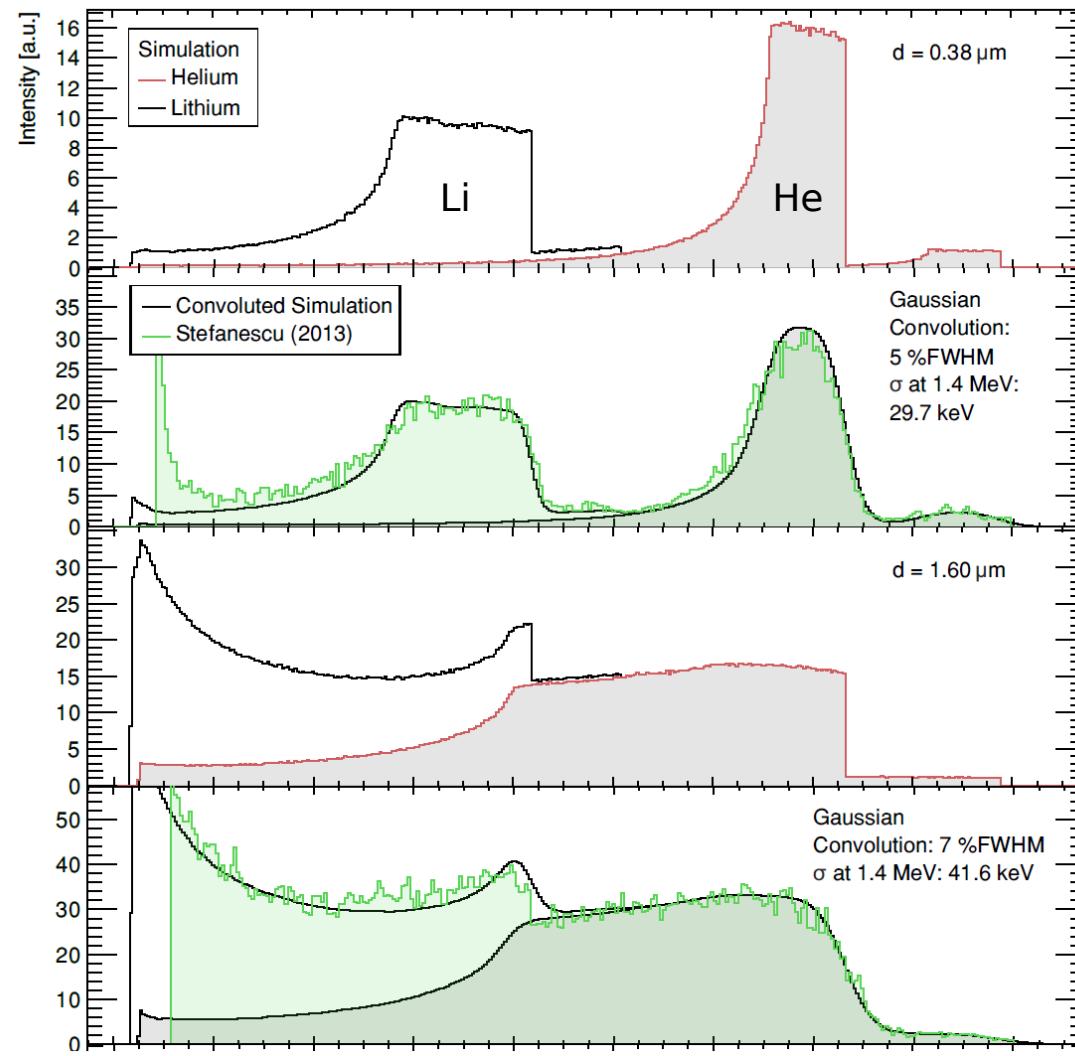
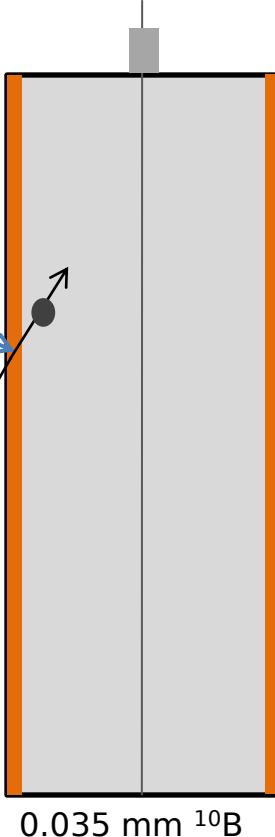
Langford et al., "Event Identification in ^3He Proportional Counters Using Risetime Discrimination" arXiv:1212.4724v1

Conversion in ${}^6\text{Li}$

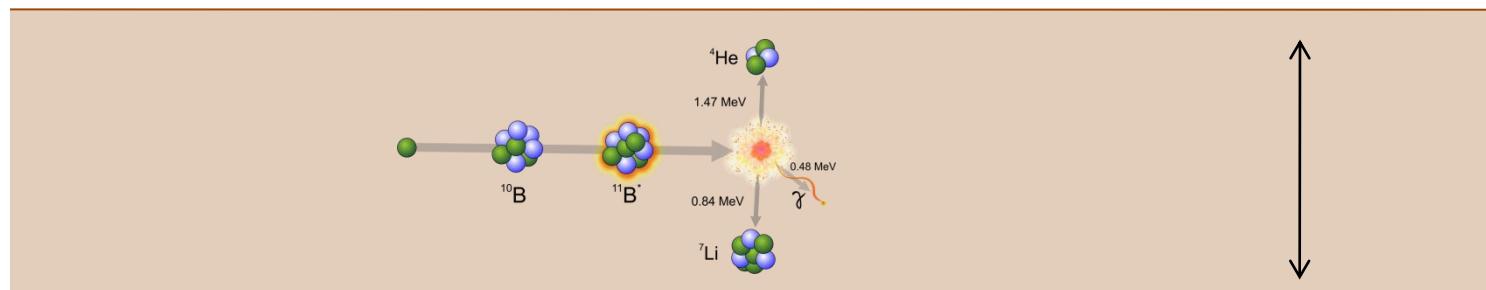
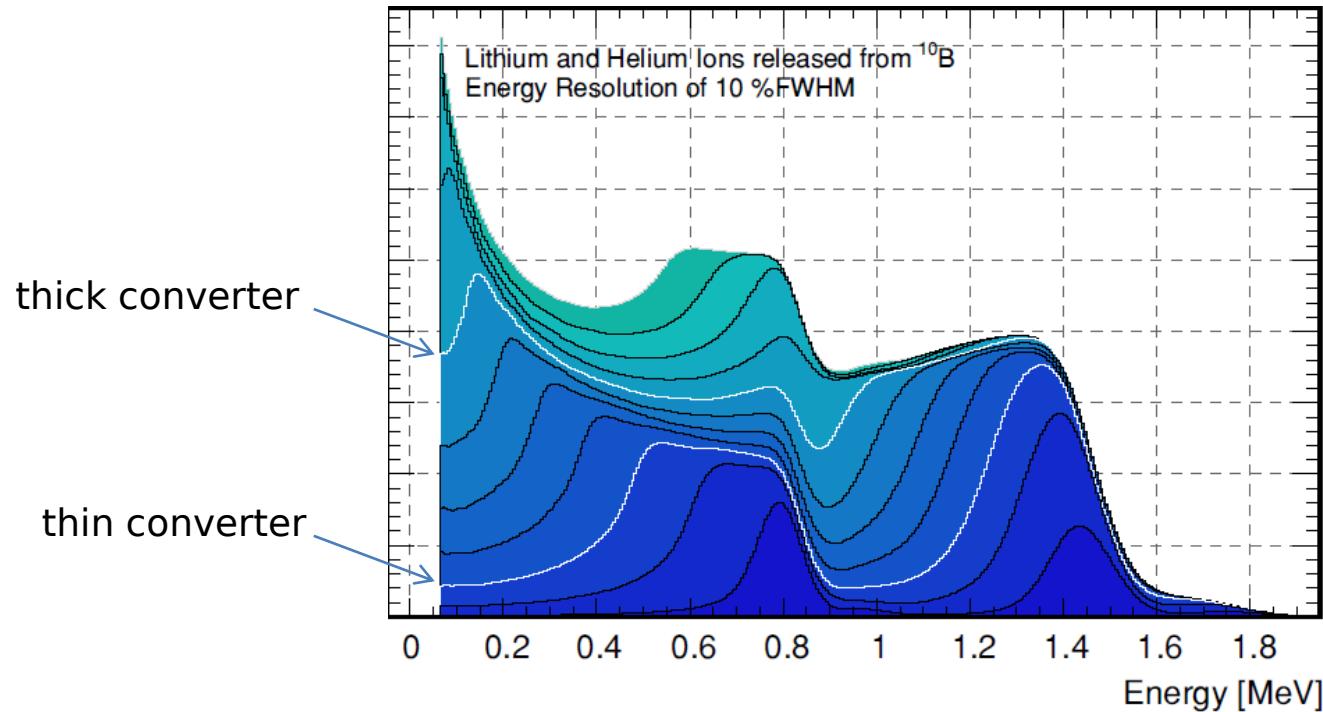


- [1] P.F. Mastinu et al., "A low-mass neutron flux monitor for the n_TOF facility at CERN", Braz. J. Phys. vol.34 no.3, 2004
[2] "A Compact Neutron Detector Based on the use of a SiPM Detector", IEEE Nuc. Spring Symp., 2008

Conversion in ^{10}B



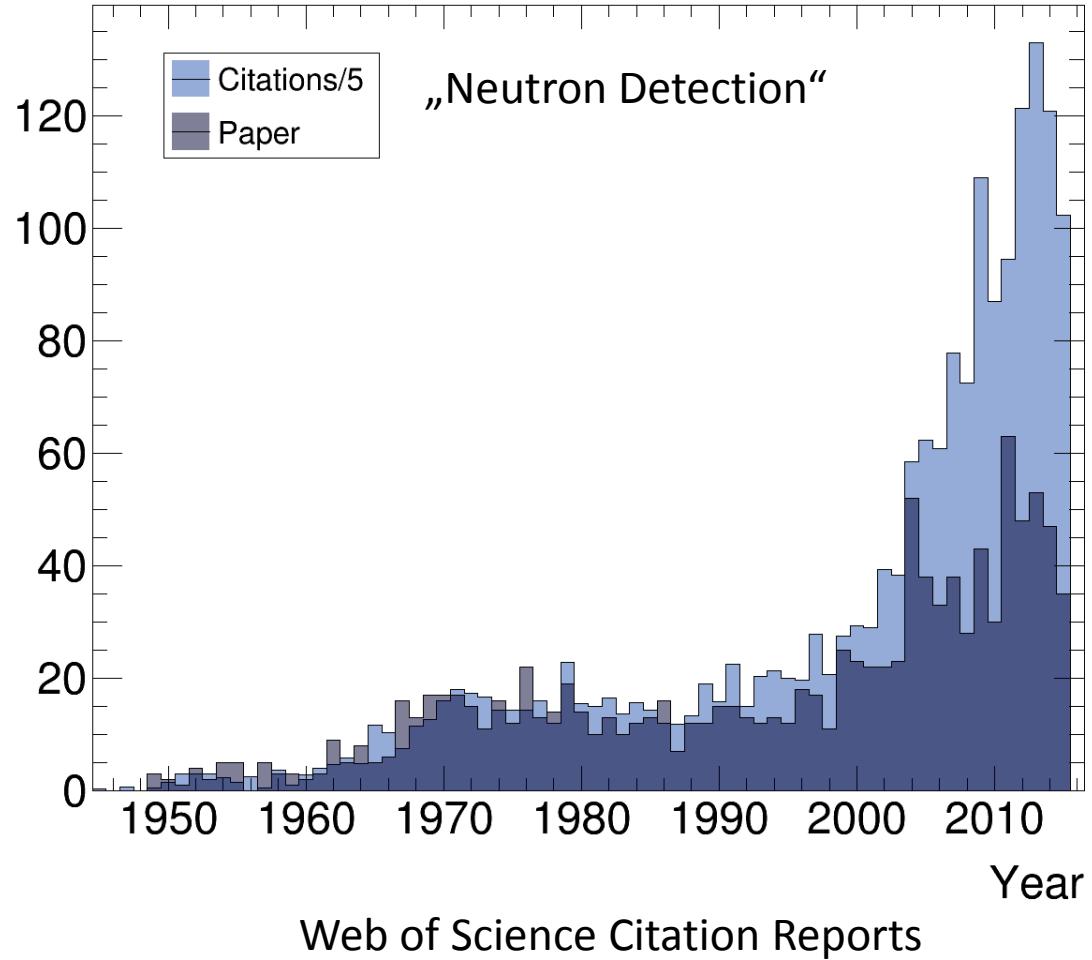
Conversion Products: Energy Spectra



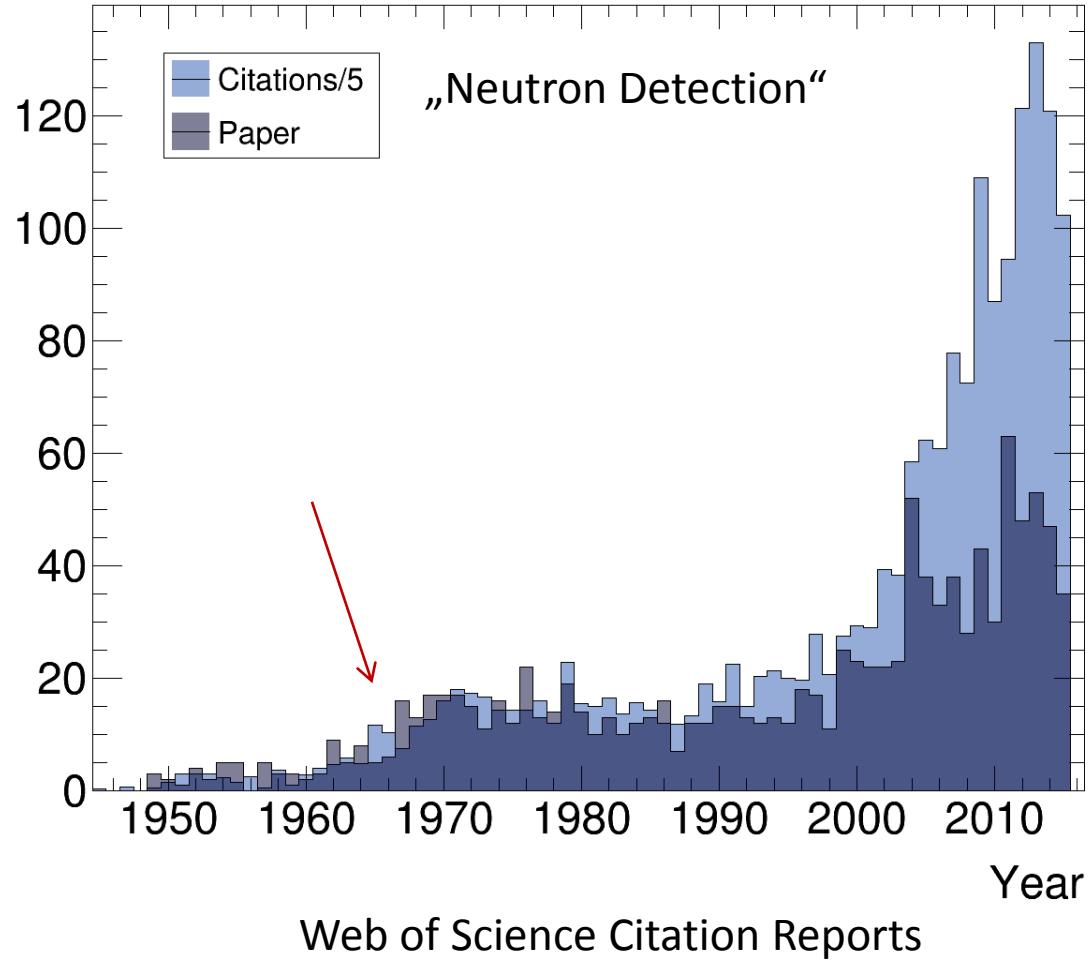


The rise and rise of citation analysis

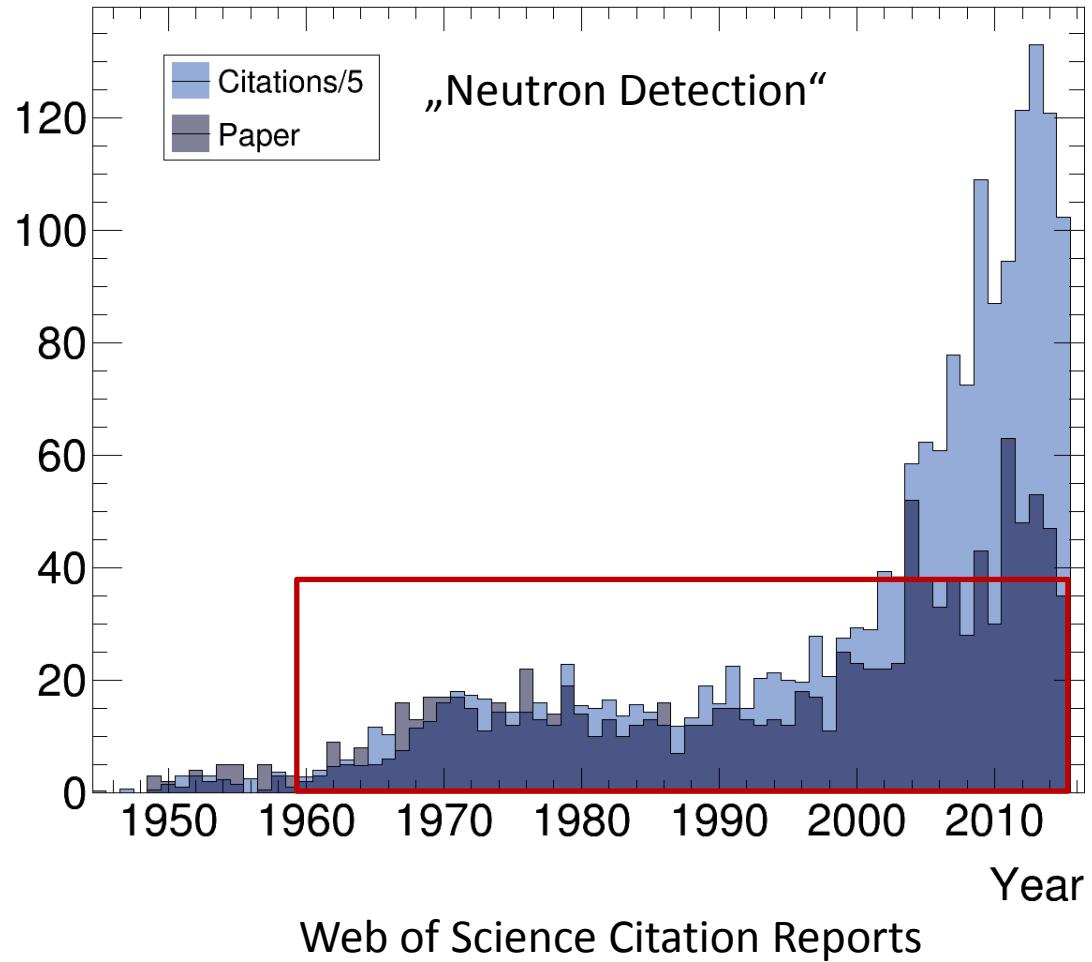
Citation Analysis



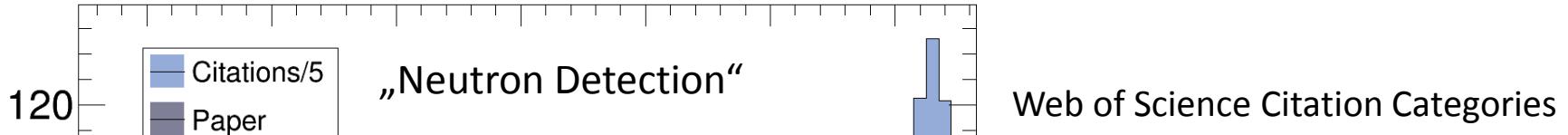
Citation Analysis



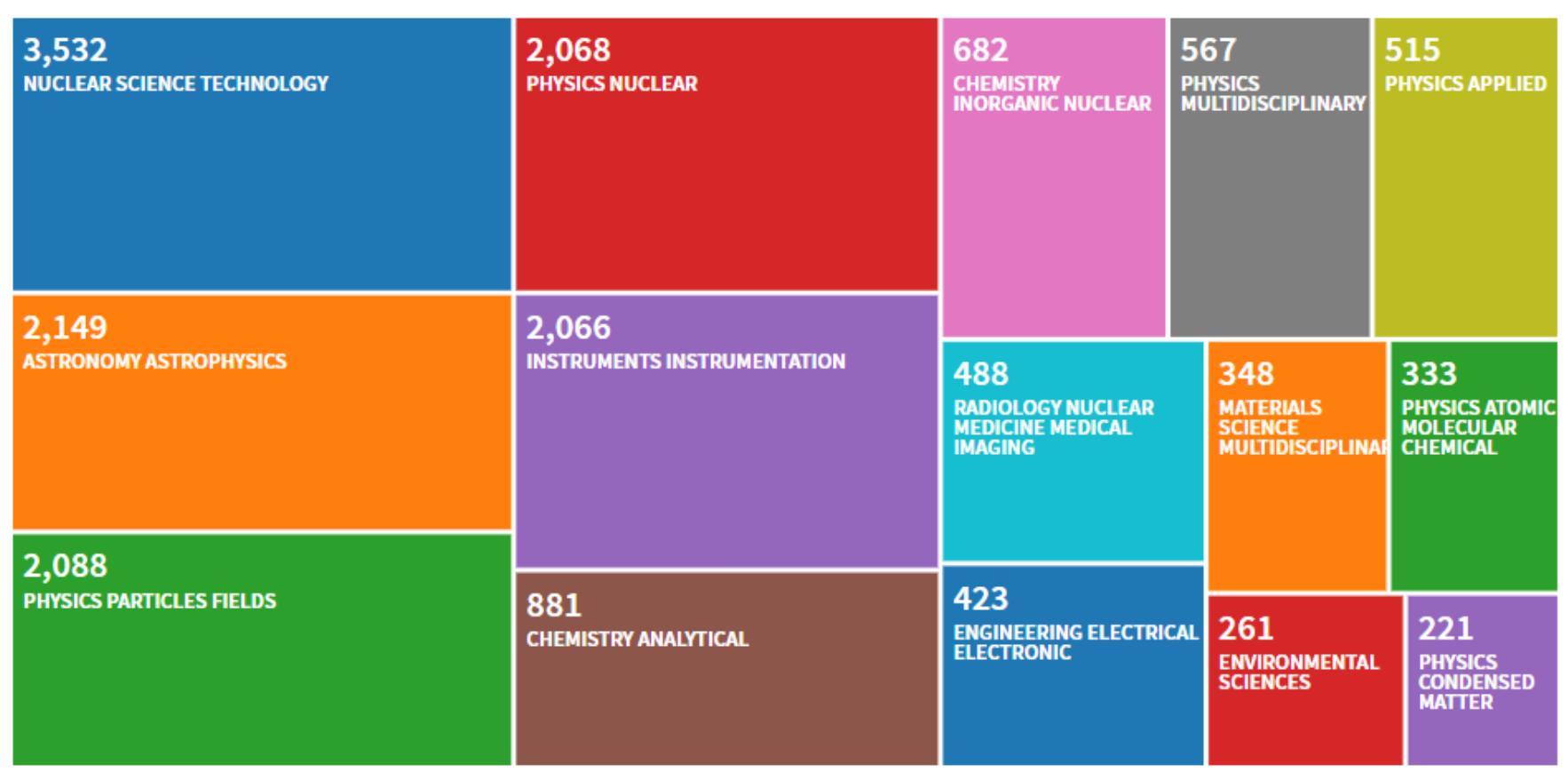
Citation Analysis



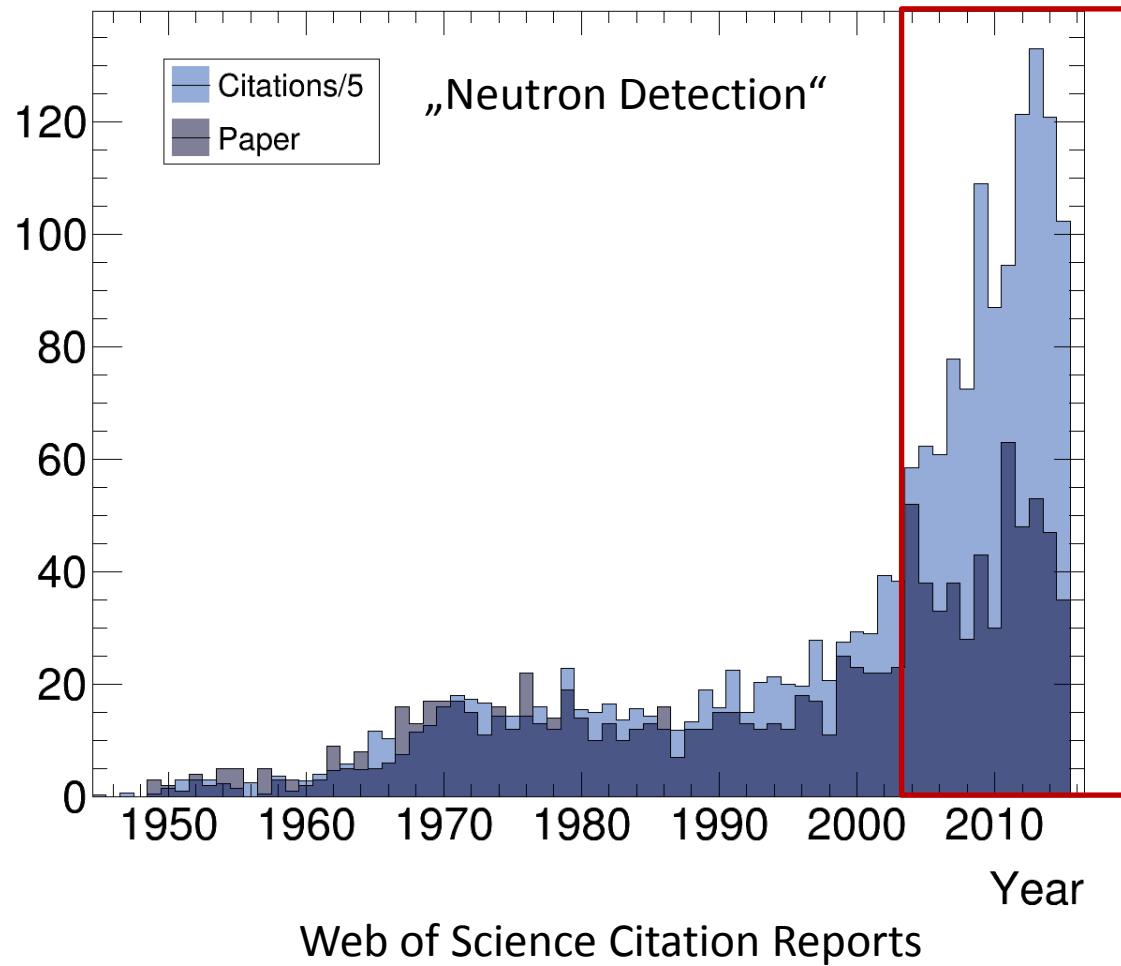
Citation Analysis



Web of Science Citation Categories



Citation Analysis

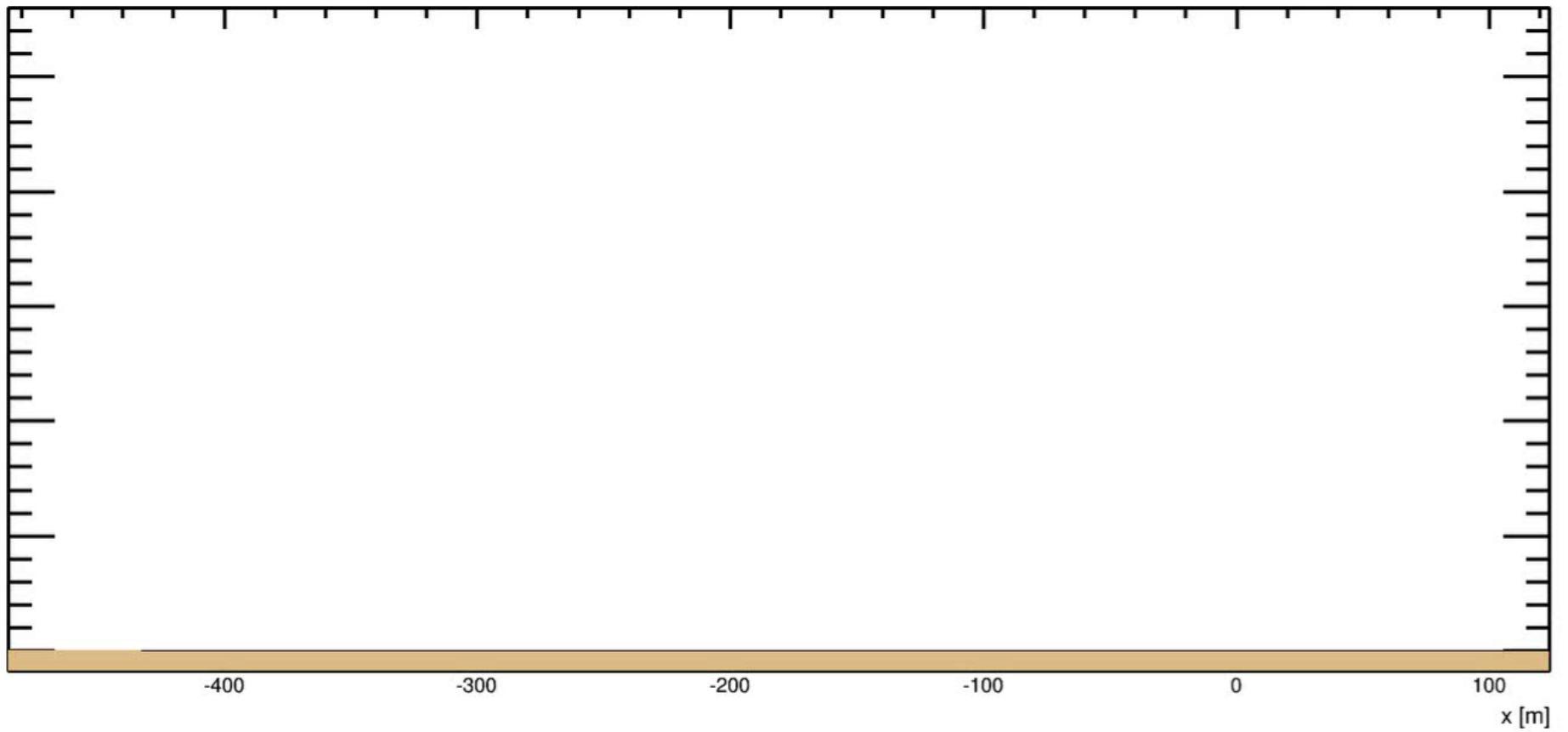




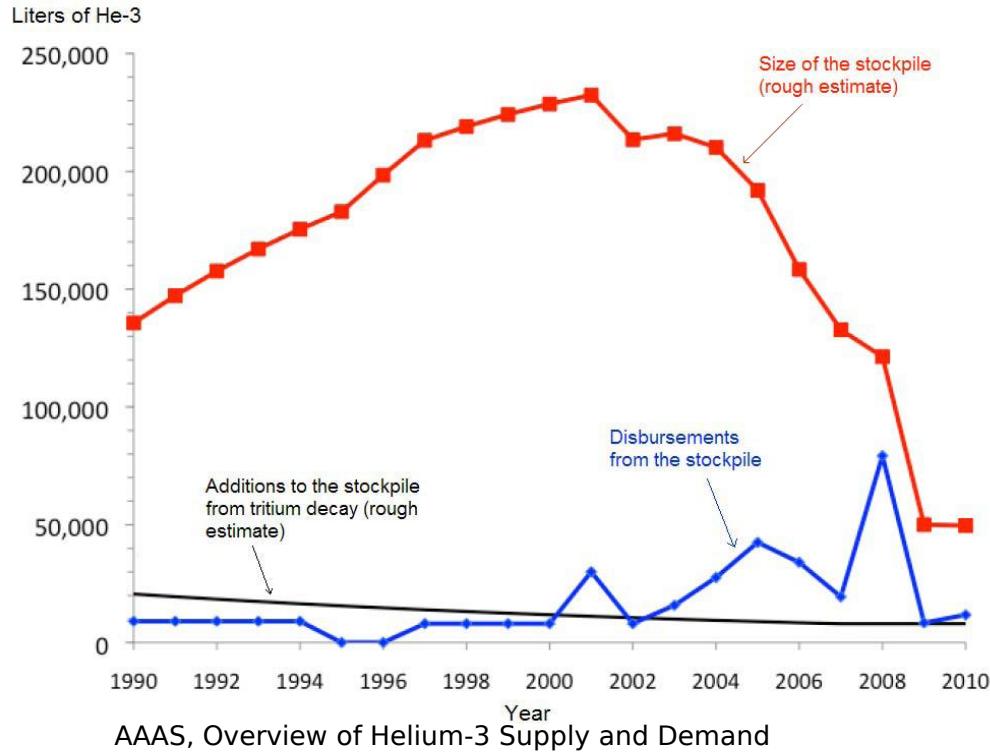


Titan II Rocket in Launch Silo, Arizona State Museum

Where does the He-3 come from?

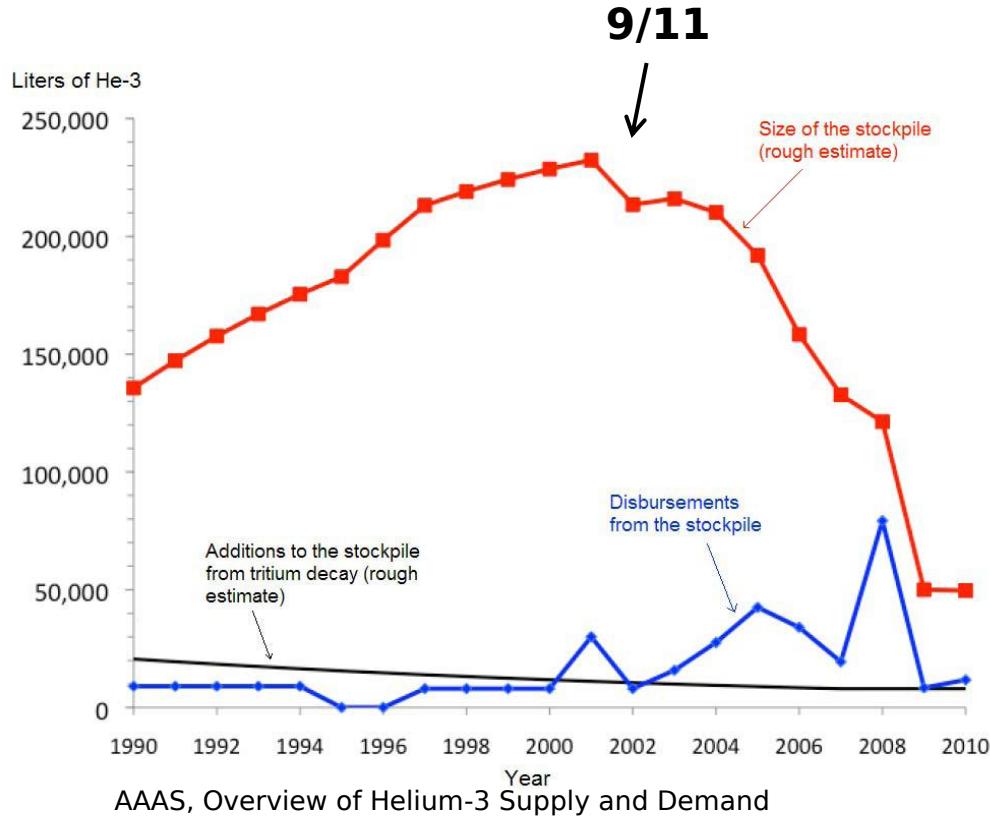


The Helium-3 Crisis



- [1] <http://www.saphymo.com/photos/ecatalogue/116-2/access-control-clearance-monitors-rcp-radiological-control-for-pedestrian.jpg>
[2] http://cits.uga.edu/uploads/1540compass/1540images/_compass750/RPM1.jpg

The Helium-3 Crisis

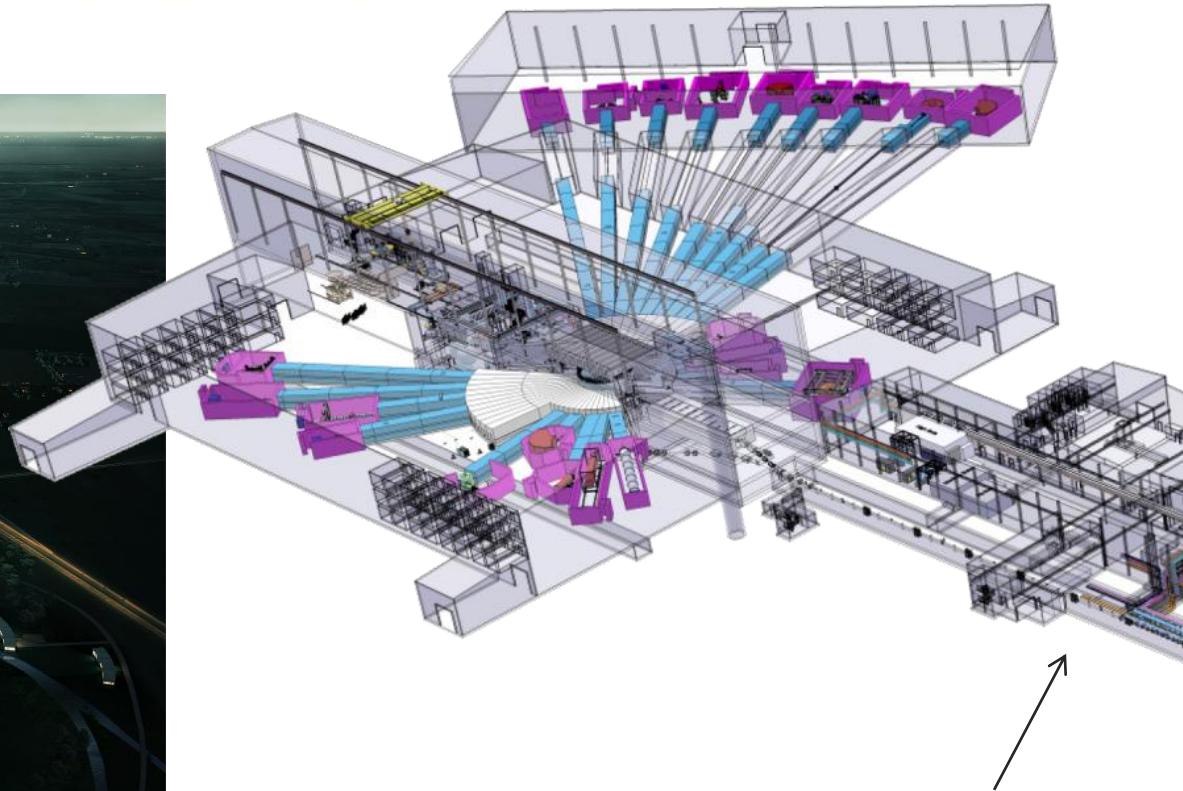


- [1] <http://www.saphymo.com/photos/ecatalogue/116-2/access-control-clearance-monitors-rcp-radiological-control-for-pedestrian.jpg>
[2] http://cits.uga.edu/uploads/1540compass/1540images/_compass750/RPM1.jpg

The European Spallation Source



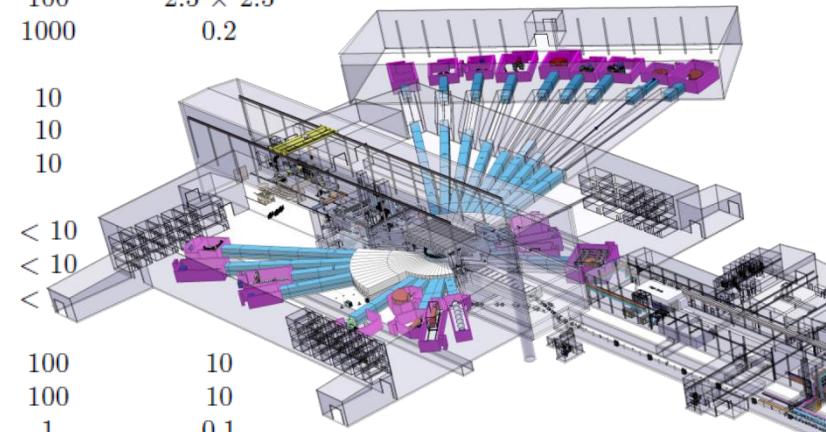
ESS TDR 2013
Lund, Sweden



Linear Accelerator
2 GeV
3 ms Pulse
62.5 mA

ESS Instrumentation

Instrument	Detector area [m ²]	Wavelength range [Å]	Time resolution [μs]	Spatial resolution [mm]
Multi-purpose imaging	0.5	1 - 20	1	0.001 - 0.5
General purpose polarised SANS	5	4 - 20	100	10
Broad-band small sample SANS	14	2 - 20	100	1
Surface scattering	5	4 - 20	100	10
Horizontal reflectometer	0.5	5 - 30	100	1
Vertical reflectometer	0.5	5 - 30	100	1
Thermal powder diffractometer	20	0.6 - 6	< 10	2 × 2
Bi-spectral powder diffractometer	20	0.8 - 10	< 10	2.5 × 2.5
Pulsed monochromatic powder diffractom.	4	0.6 - 5	< 100	2 × 5
Material science & engineering diffractom.	10	0.5 - 5	10	2
Extreme conditions instrument	10	1 - 10	< 10	3 × 5
Single crystal magnetism diffractometer	6	0.8 - 10	100	2.5 × 2.5
Macromolecular diffractometer	1	1.5 - 3.3	1000	0.2
Cold chopper spectrometer	80	1 - 20	10	
Bi-spectral chopper spectrometer	50	0.8 - 20	10	
Thermal chopper spectrometer	50	0.6 - 4	10	
Cold crystal-analyser spectrometer	1	2 - 8	< 10	
Vibrational spectroscopy	1	0.4 - 5	< 10	
Backscattering spectrometer	0.3	2 - 8	<	
High-resolution spin echo	0.3	4 - 25	100	10
Wide-angle spin echo	3	2 - 15	100	10
Fundamental & particle physics	0.5	5 - 30	1	0.1
Total		282.6		



ESS TDR 2013

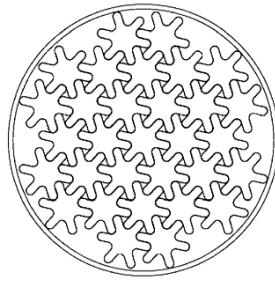
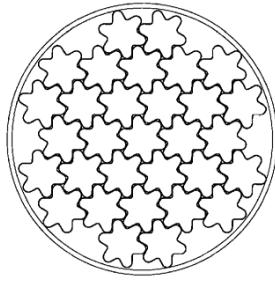
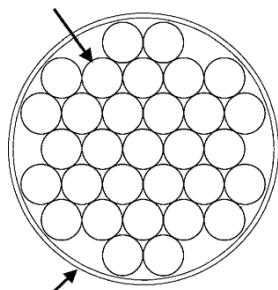


Neutron Detection

Alternative detection technologies

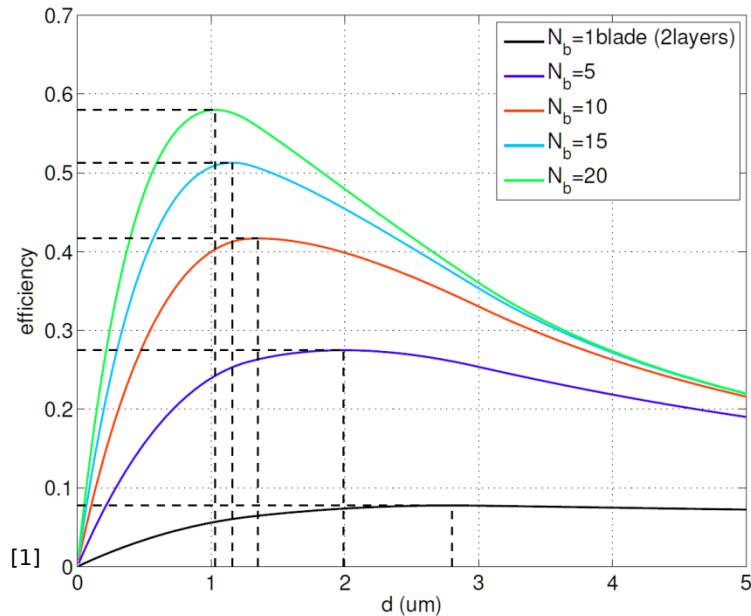
New Detectors – Tube Replacement

31× boron-coated straws,
4.43 mm diameter each

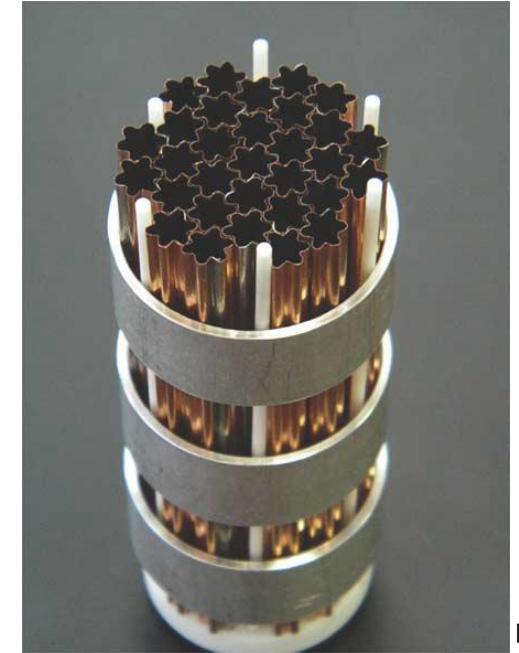


[2]

Aluminum tube, 1.15" ID



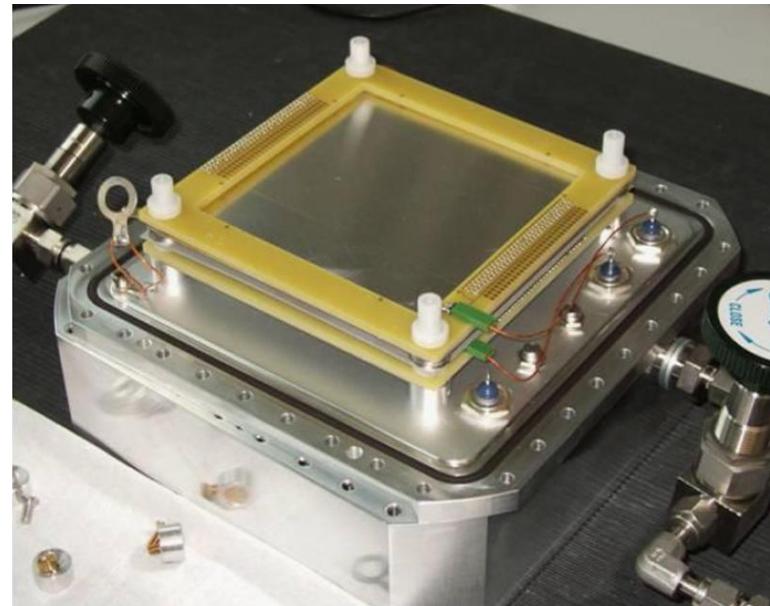
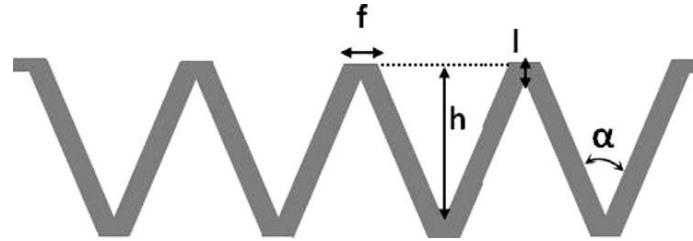
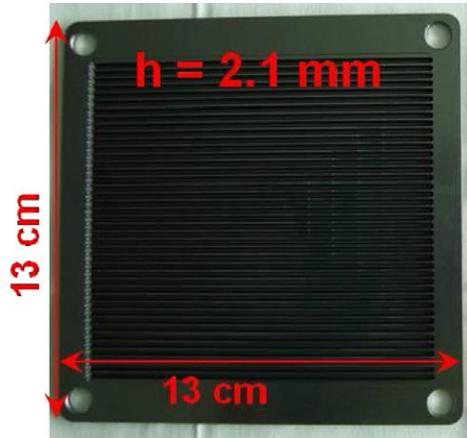
[1] F. Piscitelli, "Boron-10 layers, Neutron Reflectometry and Thermal Neutron Detectors", PhD Thesis 2014



[2]

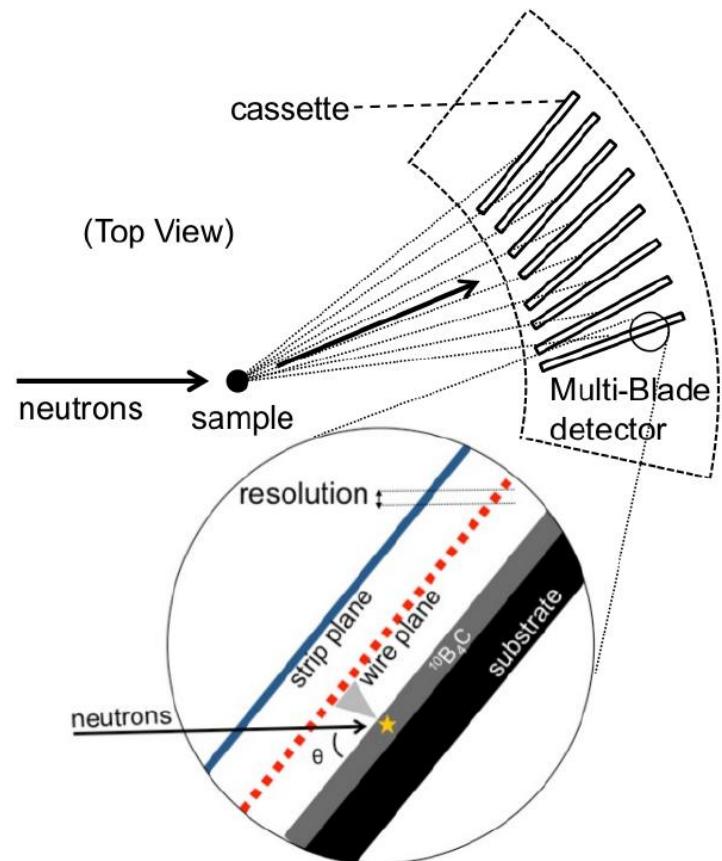
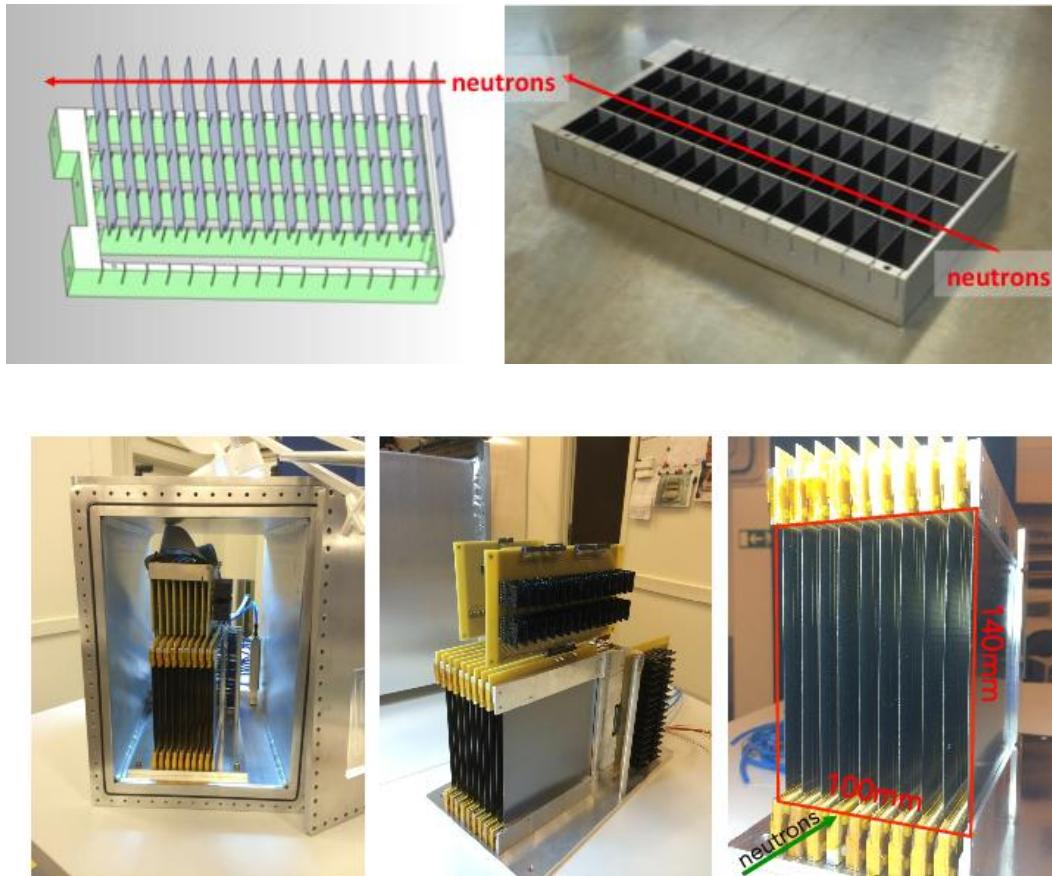
[2] J. L. Lacy et al., "The Evolution of Neutron Straw Detector -Applications in Homeland Security", IEEE Transactions on Nucl. Science, 60,2 (2013)

New Detectors – Cathode Structures



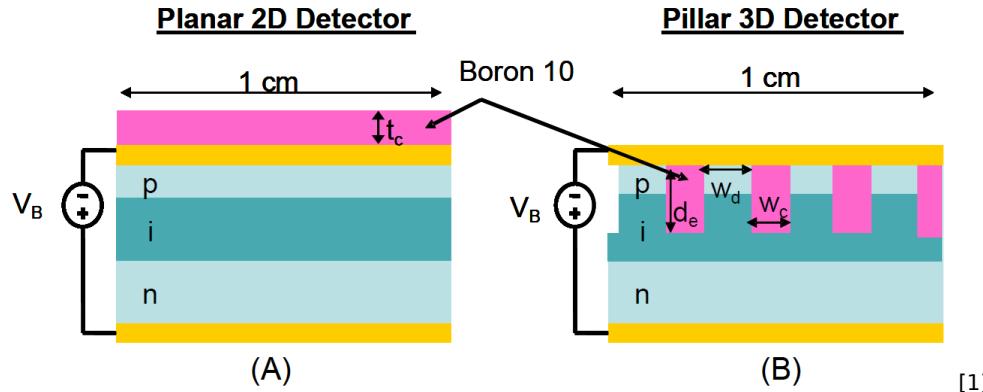
I. Stefanescu et al., „Development of a novel macrostructured cathode for large-area neutron detectors based on the ^{10}B -containing solid converter“, NIMA 727 (2013)

New Detectors – He-3 Replacements

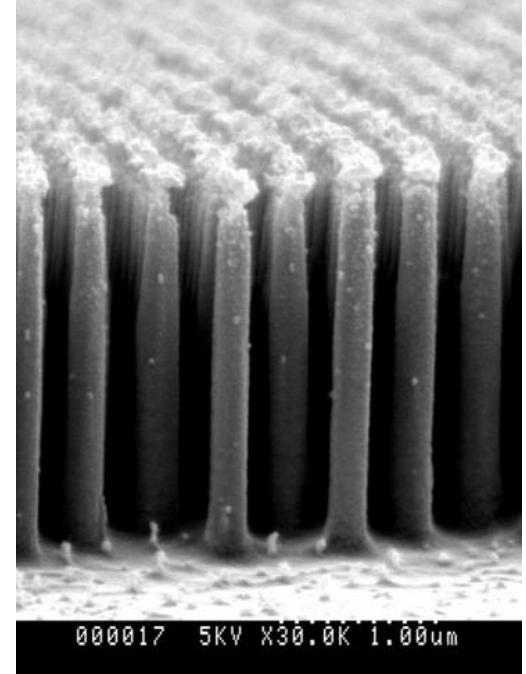
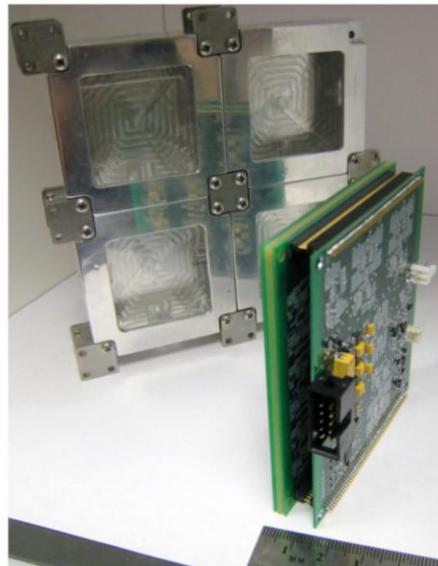
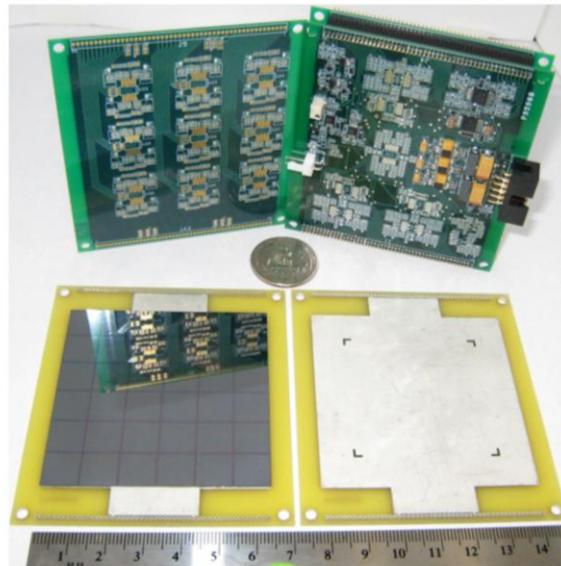


F. Piscitelli et al., "Novel Boron-10-based detectors for Neutron Scattering Science" arXiv:1501.05201v1 (2015)

New Detectors – 3D Silicon



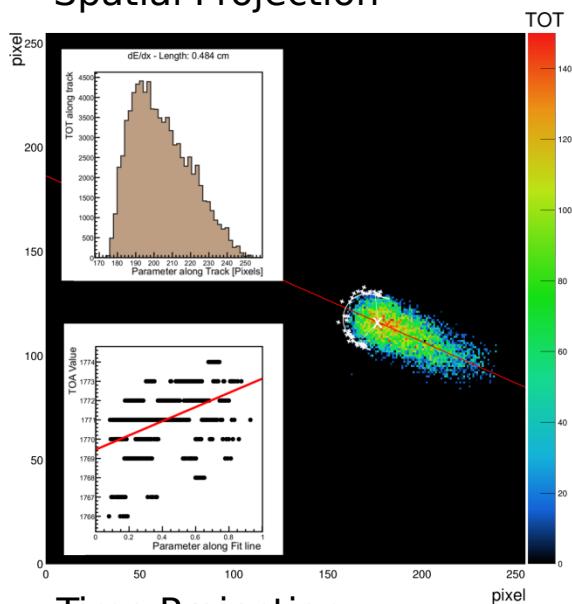
[1]



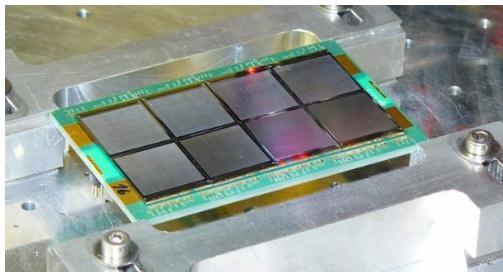
- [1] R.J. Nikolic et al. "Roadmap for High Efficiency Solid-State Neutron Detectors", Barry Chin Li Cheung Publications, 15 (2005)
- [2] D.S. McGregor et al., „High-efficiency microstructured semiconductor neutron detectors that are arrayed, dual-integrated, and stacked „, Applied Radiation and Isotopes 70 (2012)

New Detectors – Time Projection

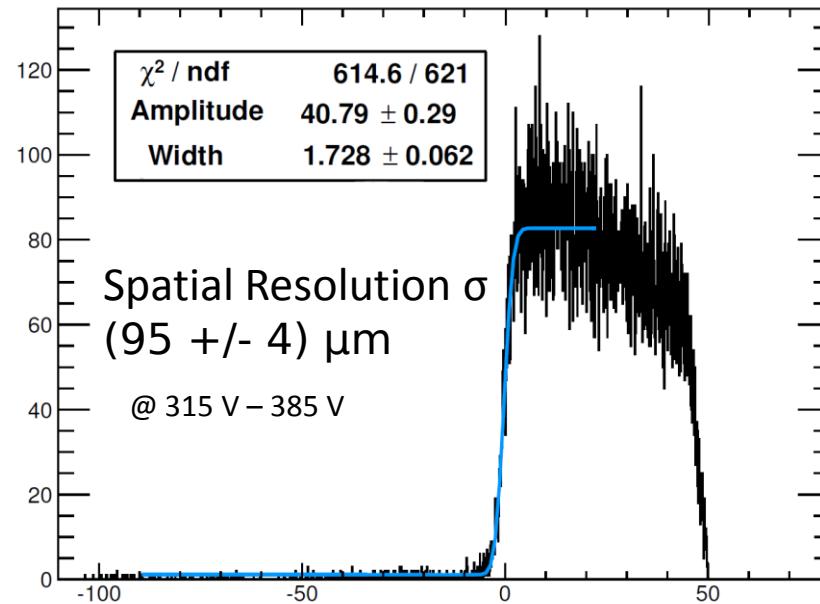
Spatial Projection



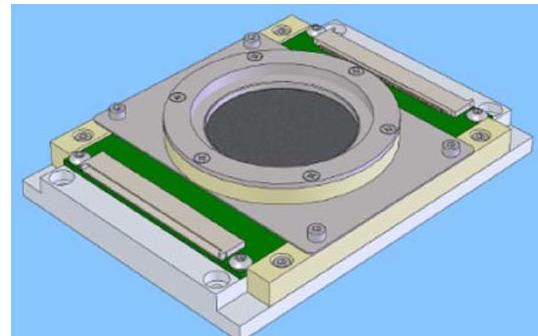
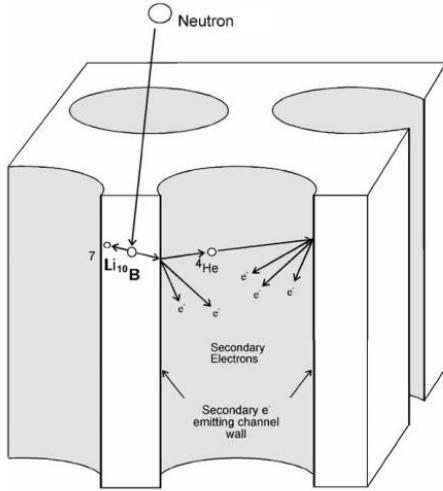
Time Projection



Edge Projection



New Detectors - MCP



A. Tremsin et al., "High-resolution neutron radiography with microchannel plates: Proof-of-principle experiments at PSI", NIM A, 605 (2009)
A. Tremsin et al., „Efficiency optimization of microchannel plate (MCP) neutron imaging detectors. I. Square channels with ^{10}B doping“, NIM A, 539 (2005)

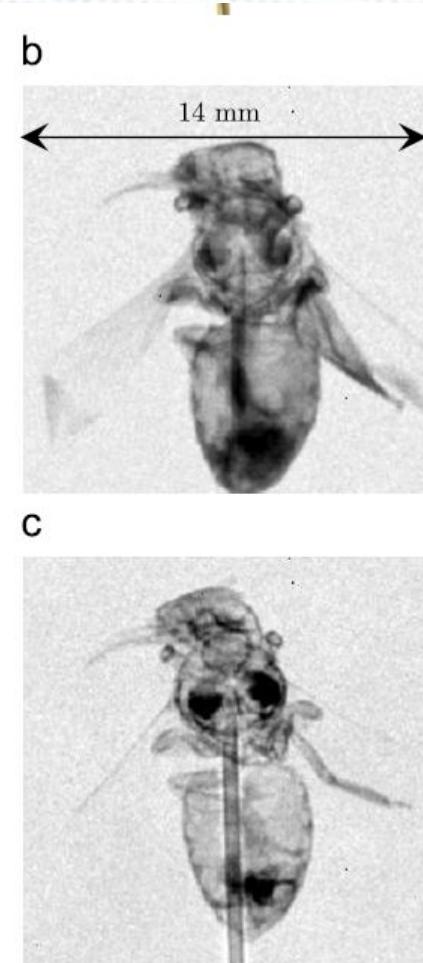
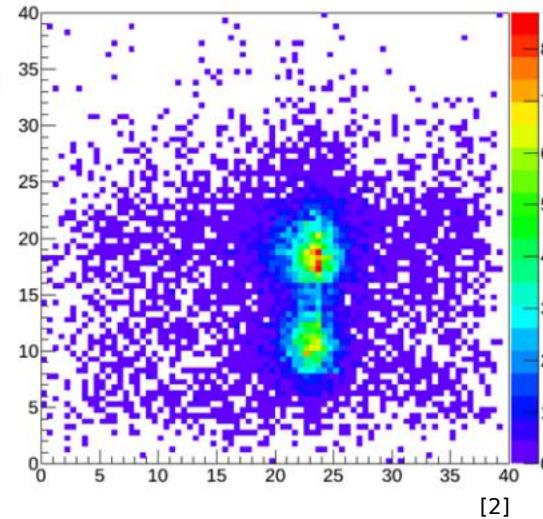
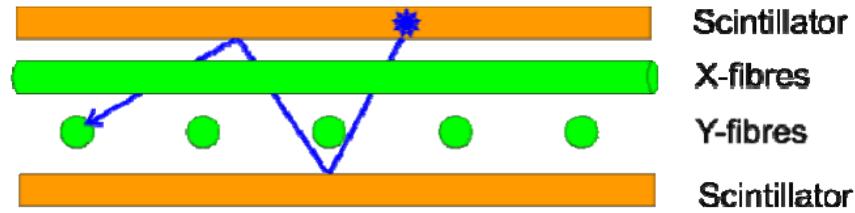
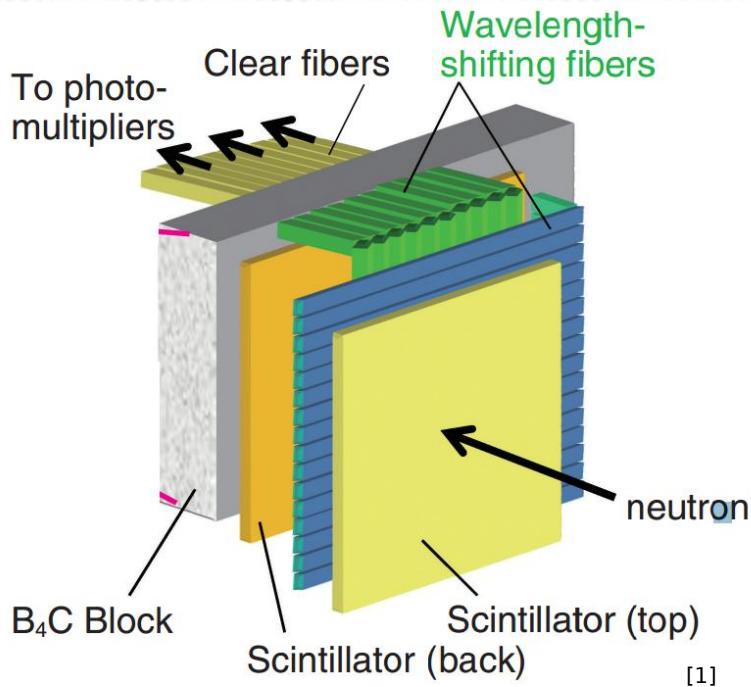


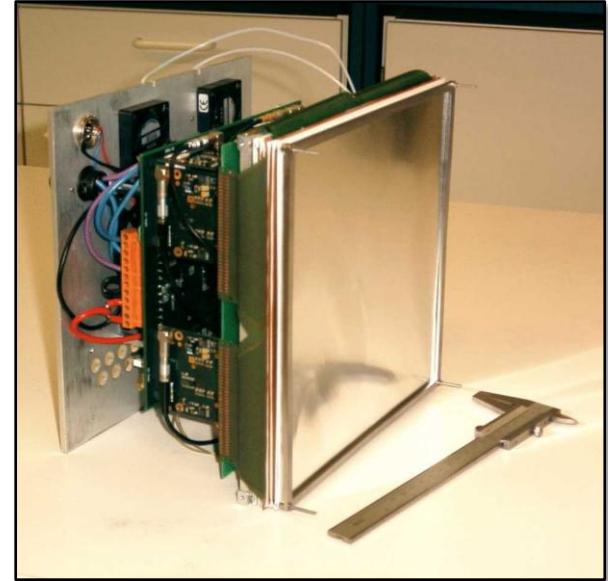
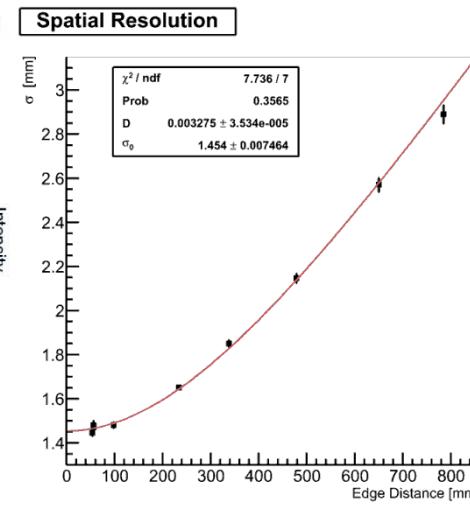
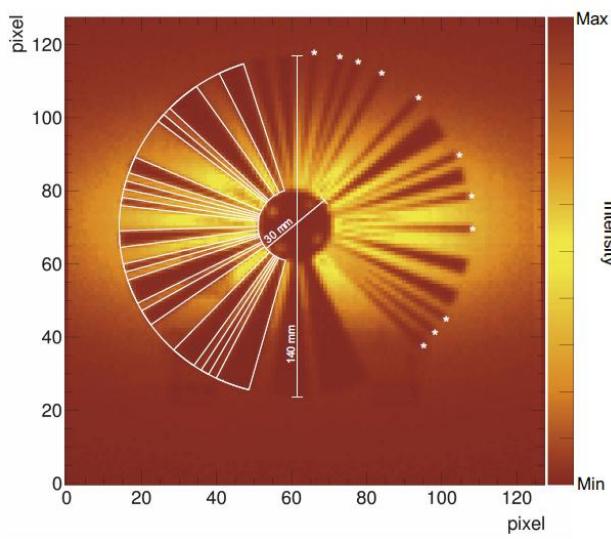
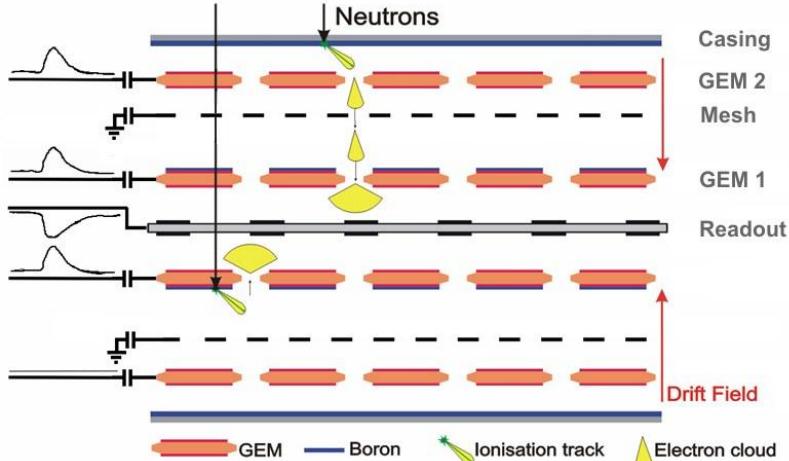
Fig. 3. Photograph (a) and neutron radiographic images of a bee; (b) thermal neutron beamline NEUTRA, acquisition time 15 min; (c) cold neutron beamline ICON, acquisition time 3 min. The edges of the hypodermic needle show some diffraction enhancement.

New Detectors - WLSF



- [1] J. Sykora, "WLSF detector status and future plans at ISIS" (2013)
- [2] R. Engels "Status WLSF Neutron Detector Prototype from FZJ" (2012)
- [3] Nakamura, T. et al., "A Large-Area Two-Dimensional Scintillator Detector with a Wavelength-Shifting Fibre Readout for a Time-of-Flight Single-Crystal Neutron Diffractometer", NIM A, 686, issue 1 (2012)

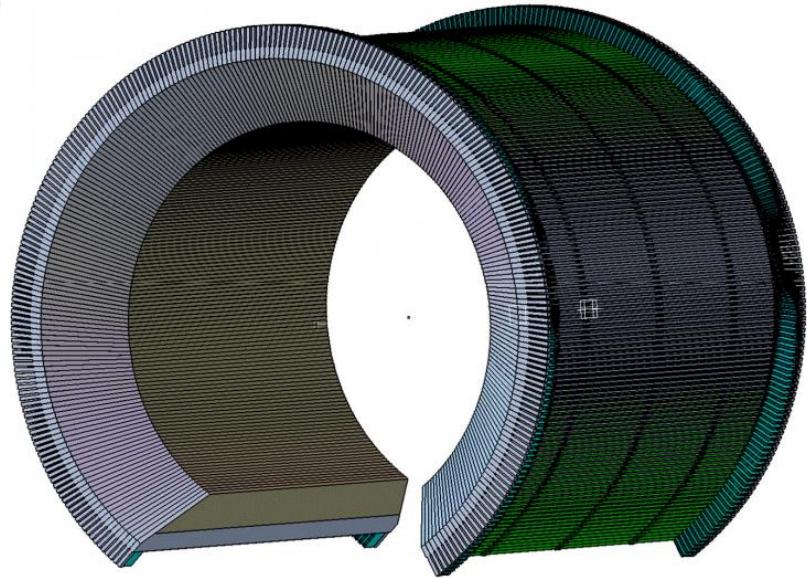
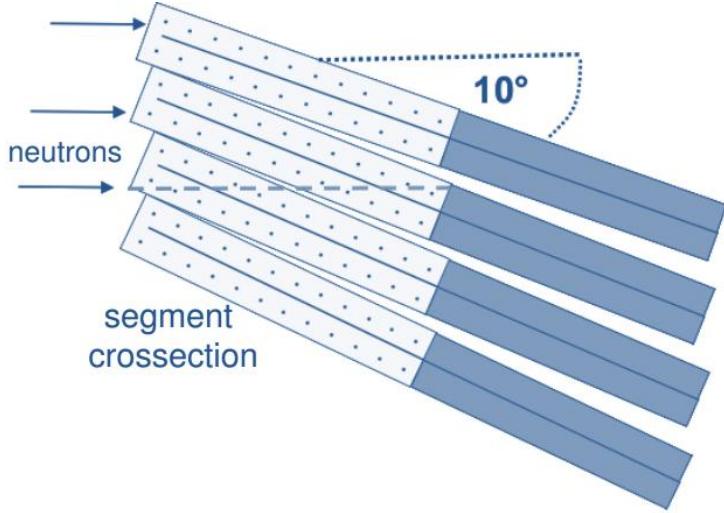
„New“ Detectors – CASCADE



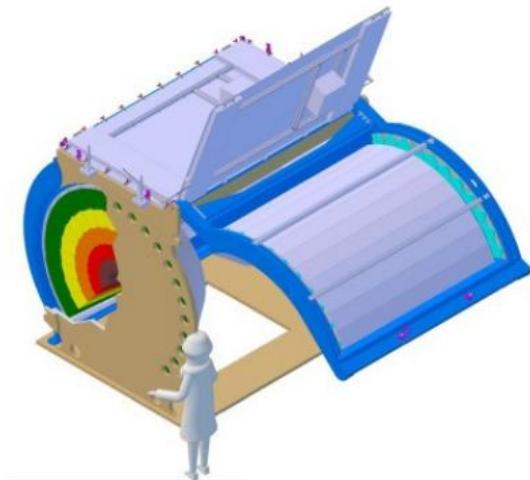
for RESEDA
FRM II, TU Munich

Spatial Resolution σ
(1.4) mm

„New“ Detectors – Jalousie



The Jalousie Detector Concept
for Powtex (FZJ @ FRM II, Munich)
and DREAM (FZJ @ ESS, Sweden)

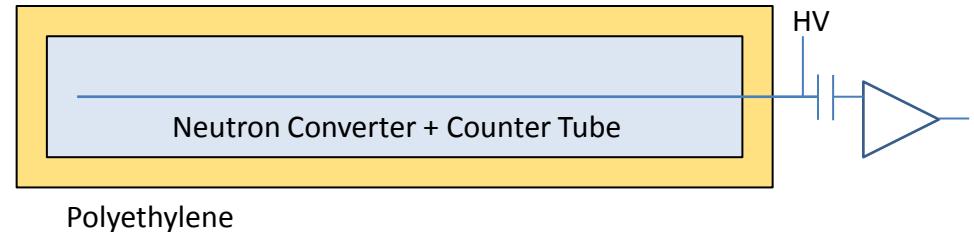




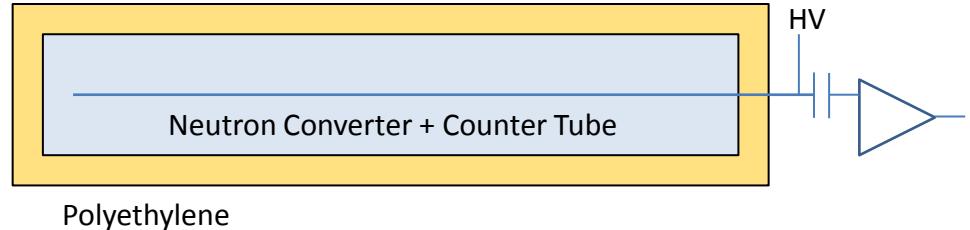
Neutron Detection

CRNS Inhouse Developments

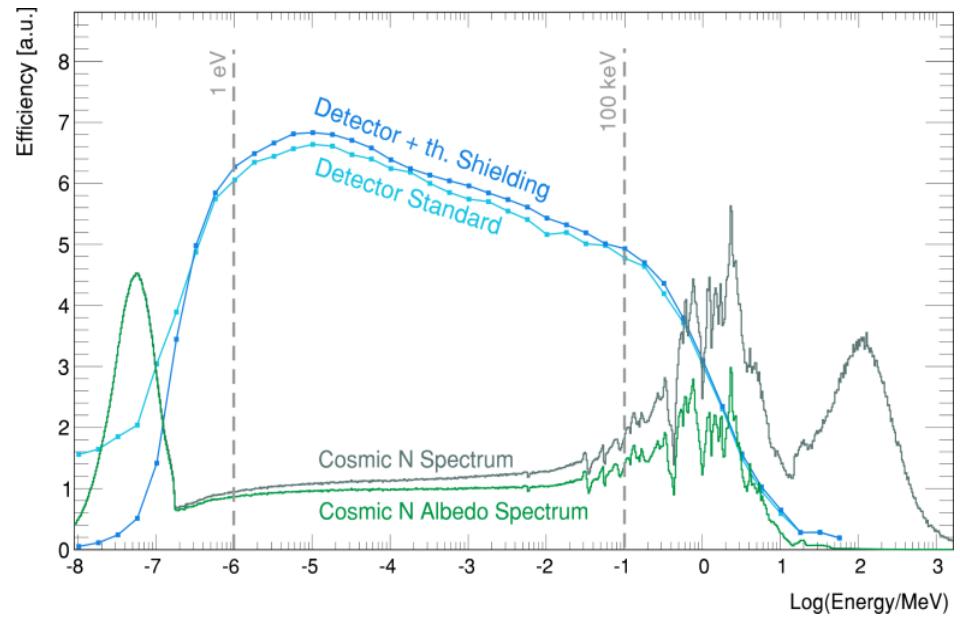
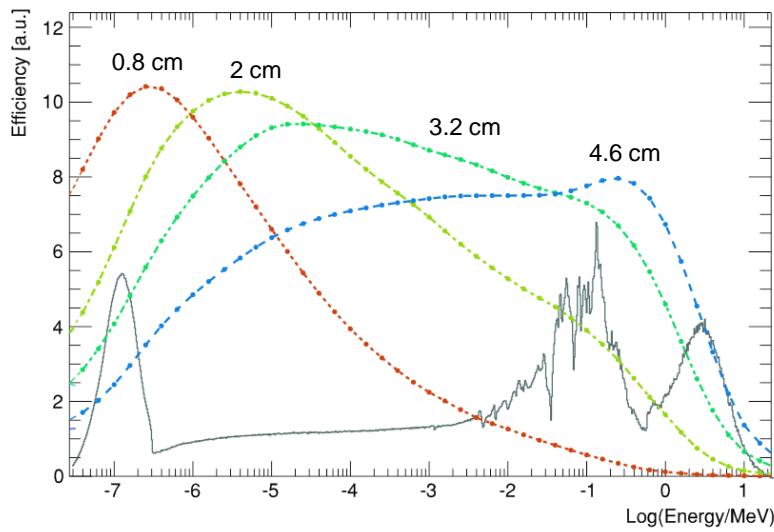
CRNS Detectors



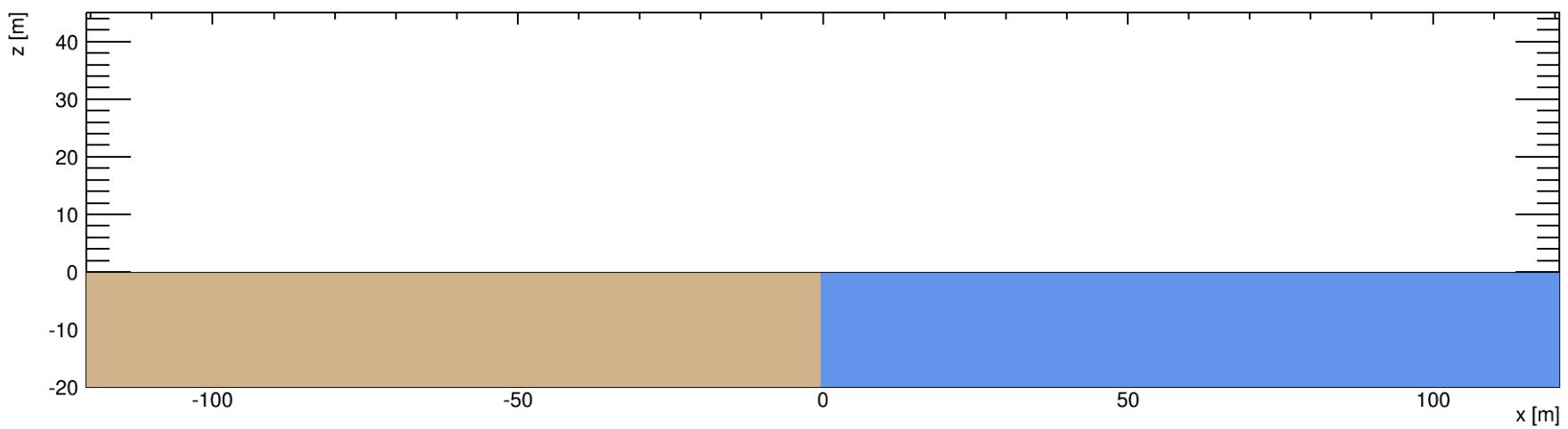
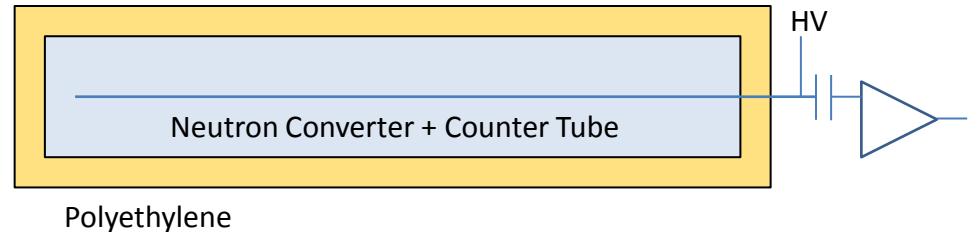
CRNS Detectors



Response function for Bonner Sphere moderator thicknesses

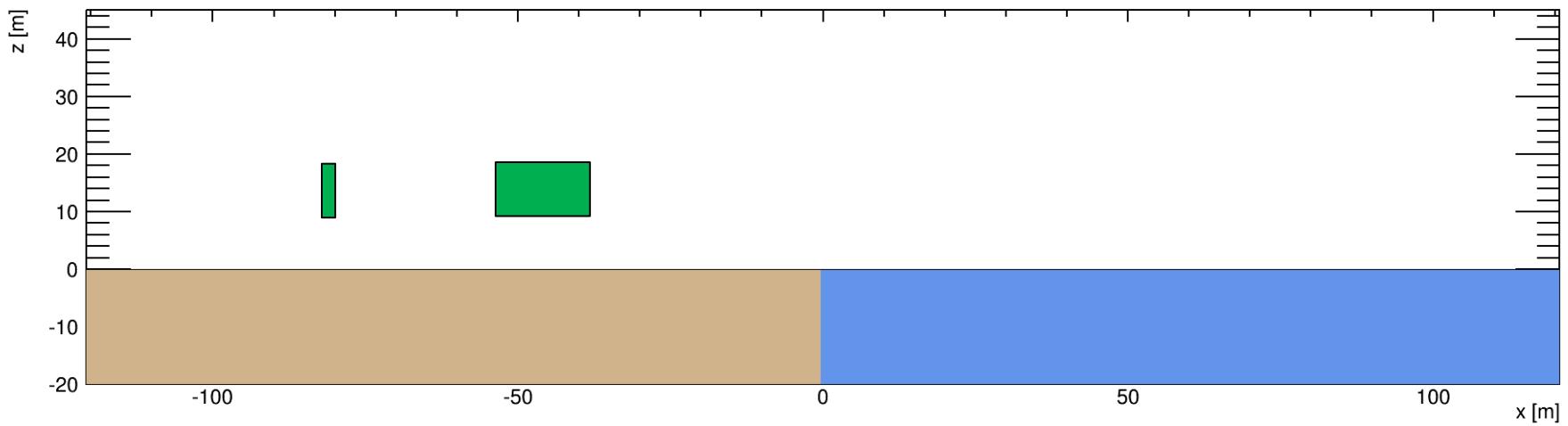
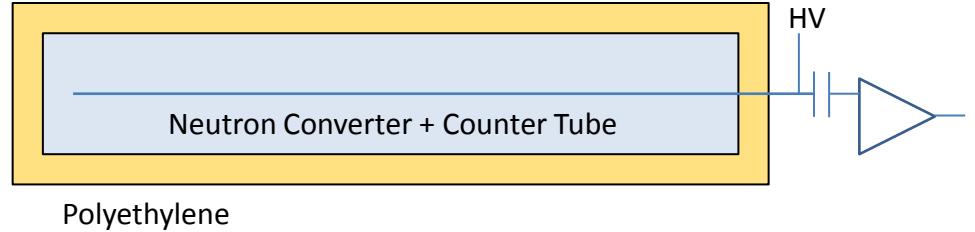


CRNS Detectors

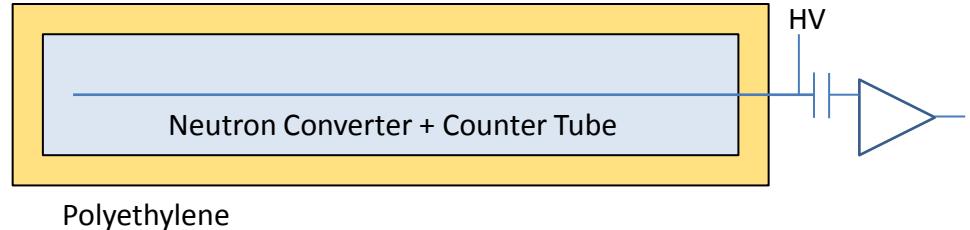




CRNS Detectors



CRNS Detectors



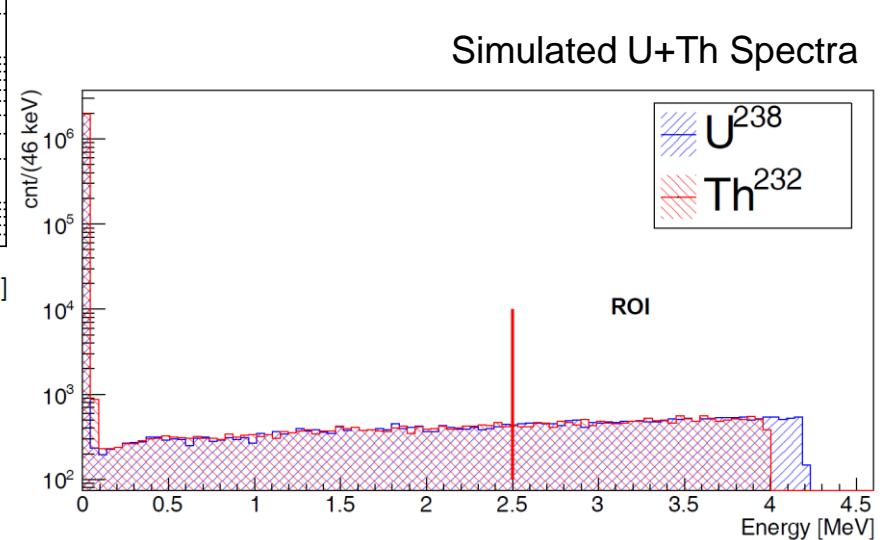
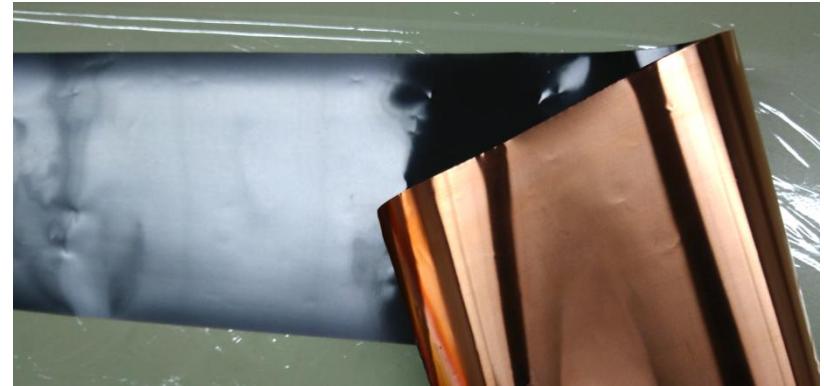
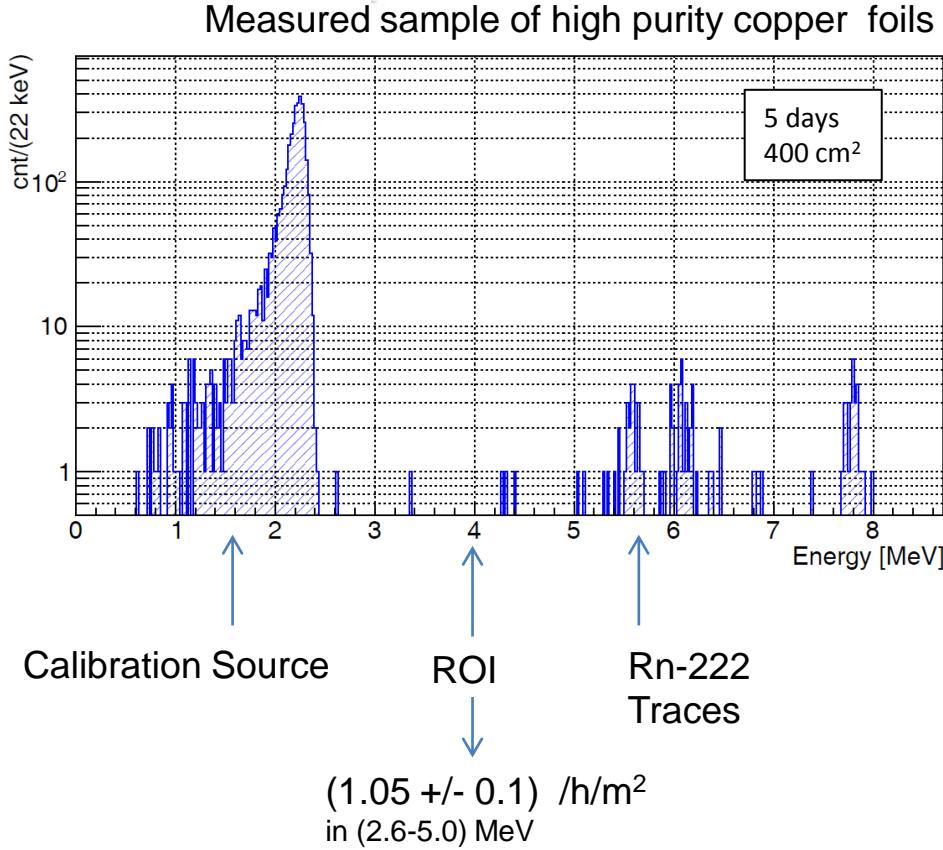
Challenges:

- radiopure materials
- good background suppression
- independent 24/7 operation
 - over months and years
- low power consumption
- wireless data transmission

Radiopurity of tube materials



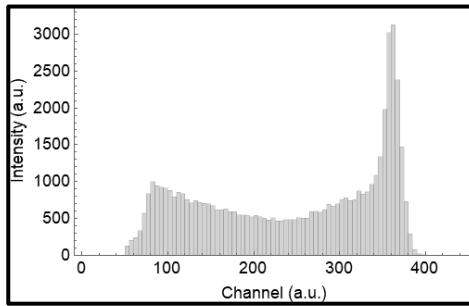
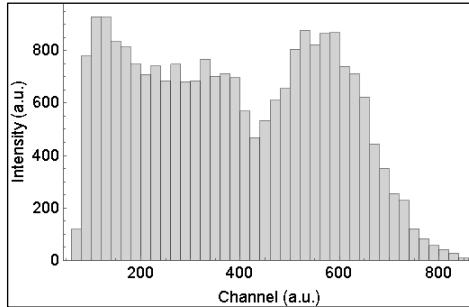
In collaboration with
Heinrich Wilsenach
IKTP, TU Dresden



Microcontroller Readout Electronics

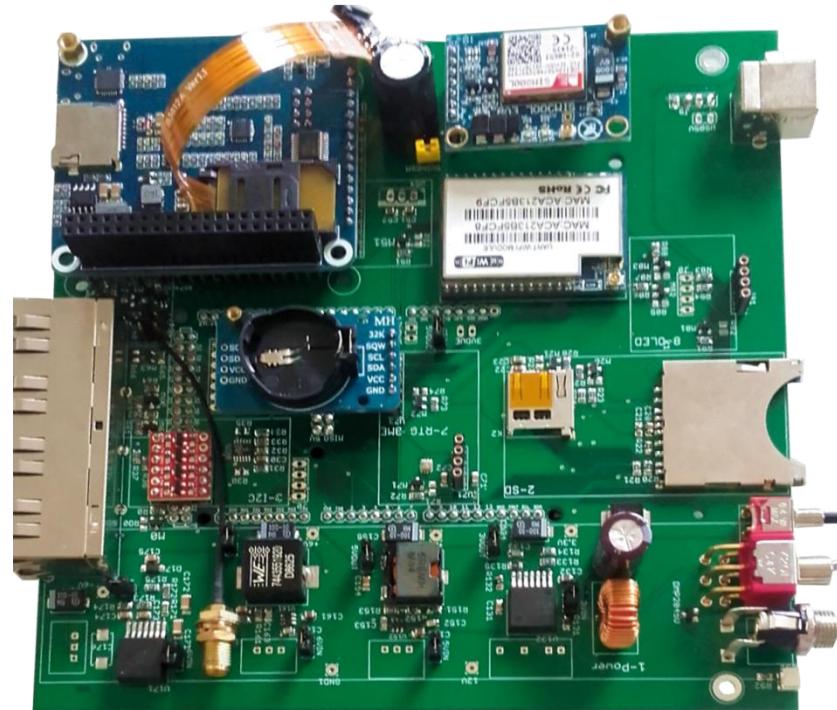


Data logger

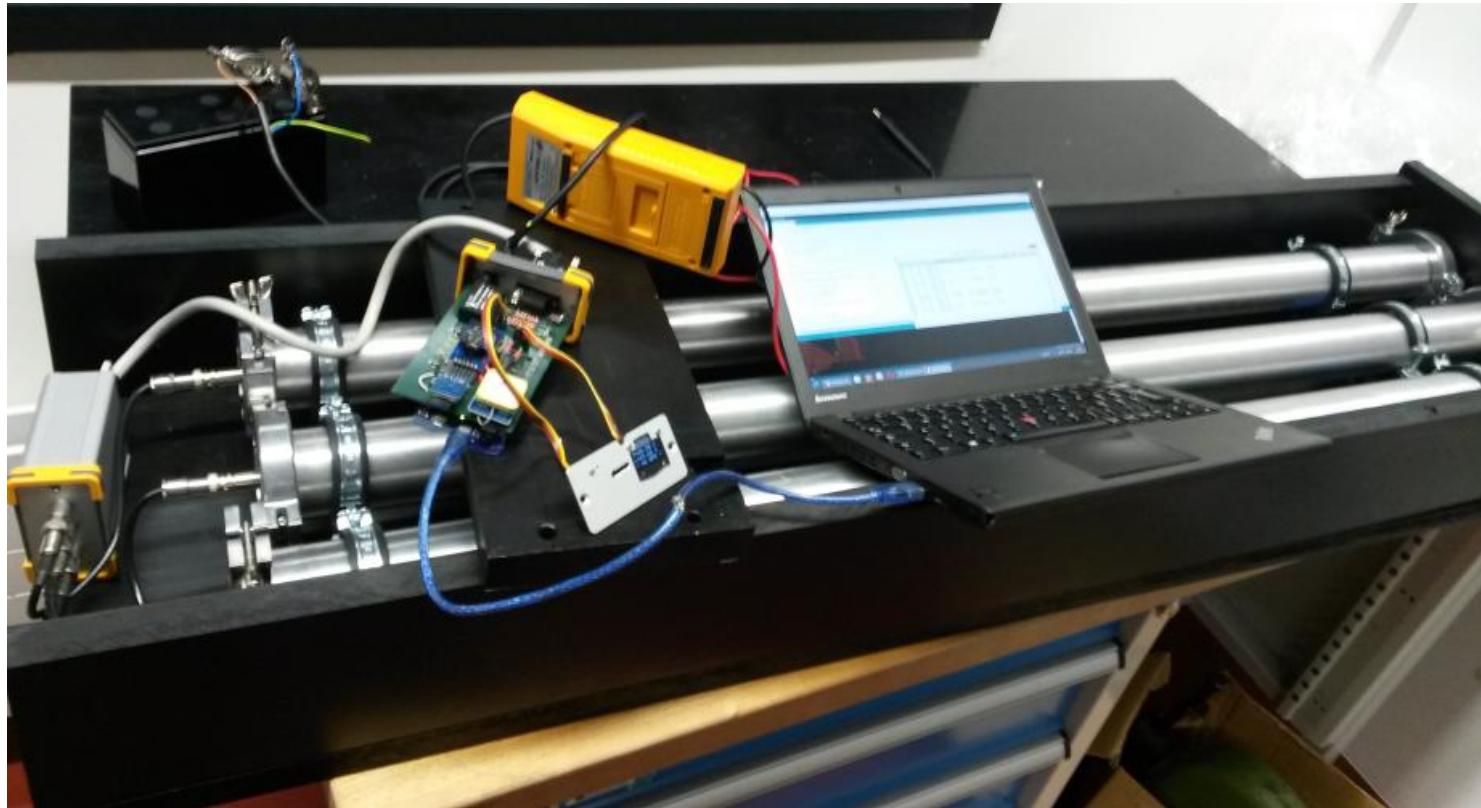


Improvements/Features:

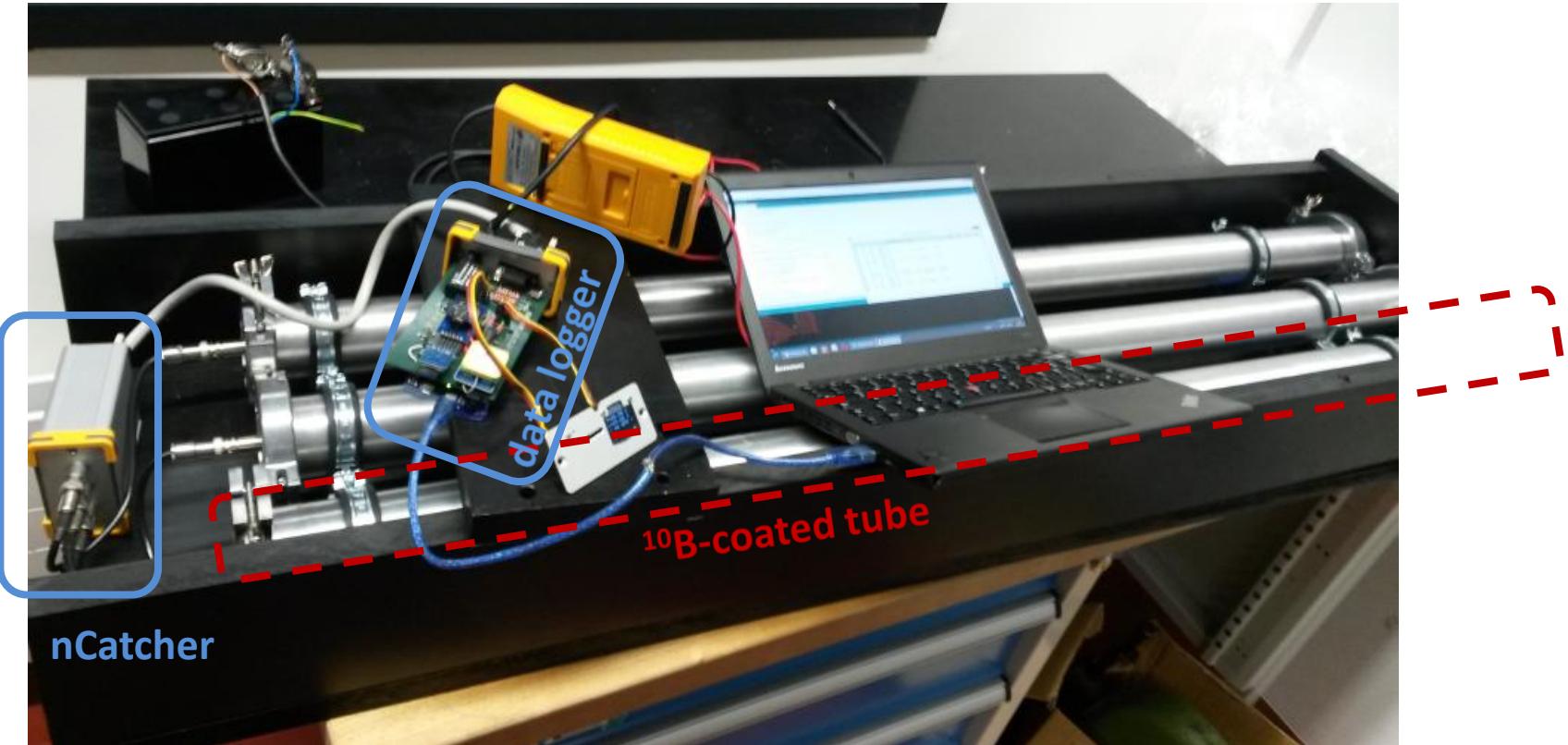
- Low temperature dependence (Remaining drift can be corrected by the firmware)
- Display: RL, p, event info
- High resolution for environmental variables (especially pressure)
- Battery/voltage monitoring
- Multi-purpose RJ45 Connector
- (SDI-12 implementation to come)



^{10}B CRNS Detectors - Prototype



^{10}B CRNS Detectors - Prototype



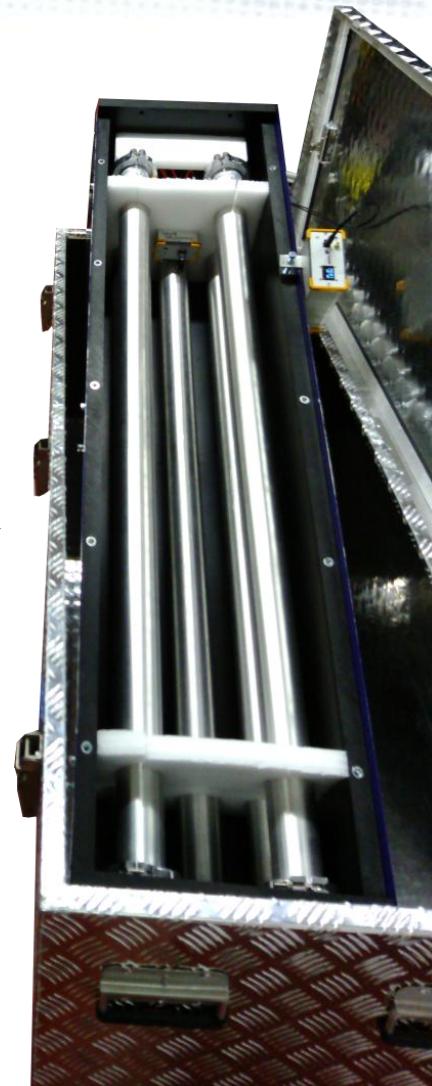


^{10}B CRNS Detectors - Prototype



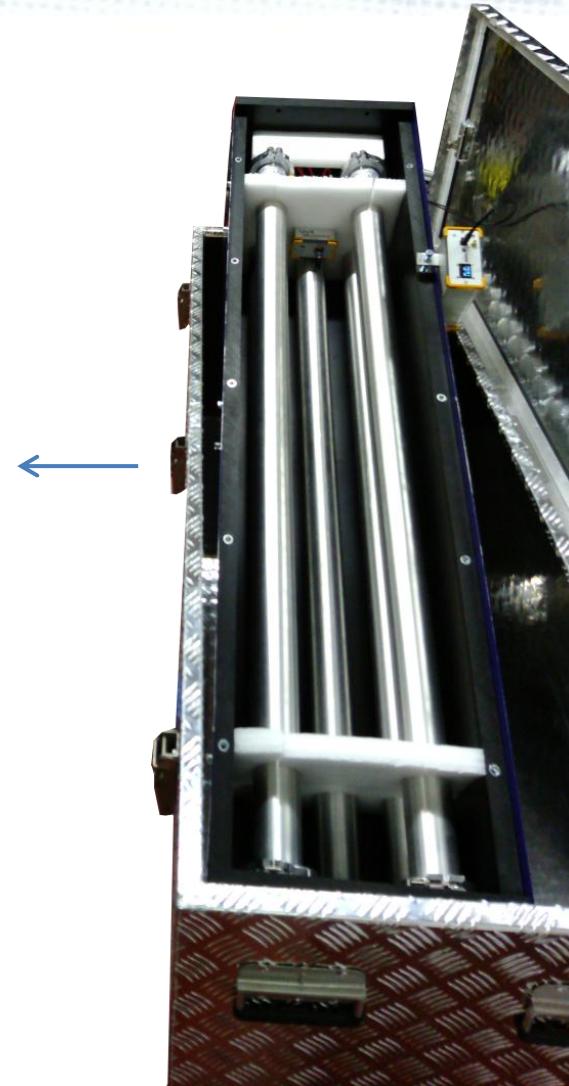
In collaboration with
Heye Bogena and Jannis Jakobi
FZ Jülich

Measurements @ Wüstebach (Eifel)

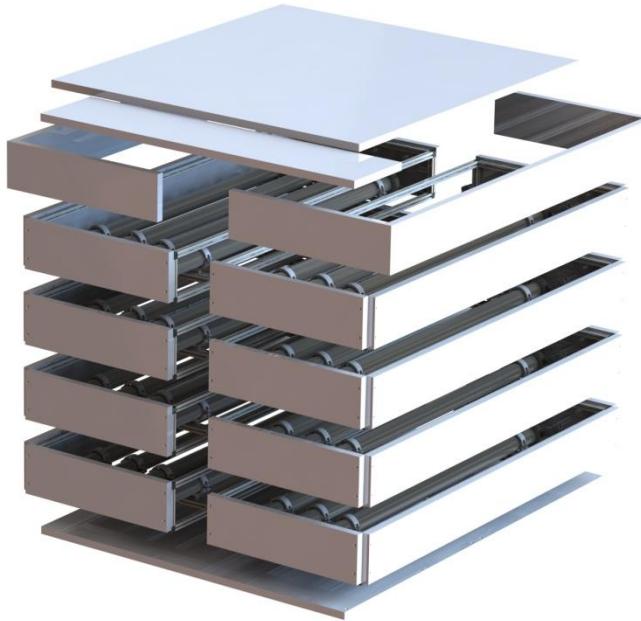


^{10}B CRNS Detectors – Full Size

Measurements @ Fendt (Bavaria)



The largest CRNS Detector



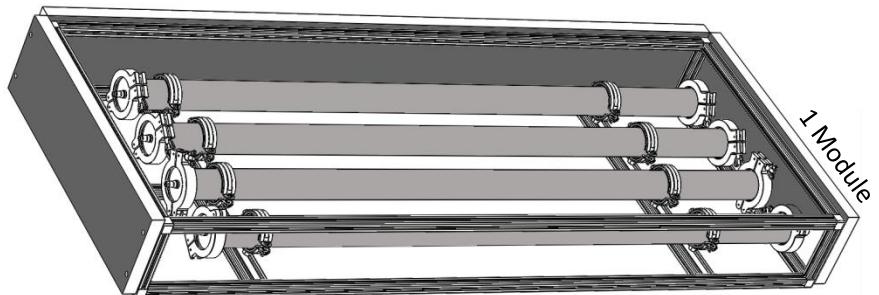
First Data:

Standard Sensor: 600 /h

Heidelberg Rover: 18000 /h

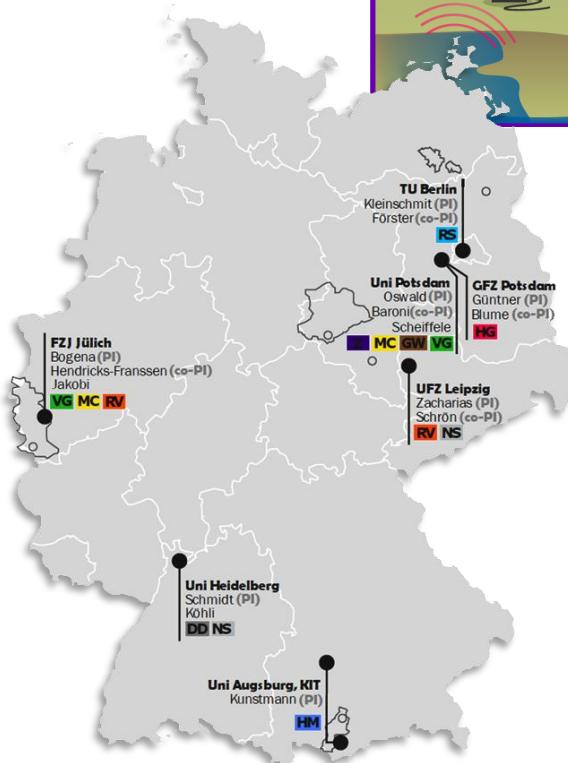
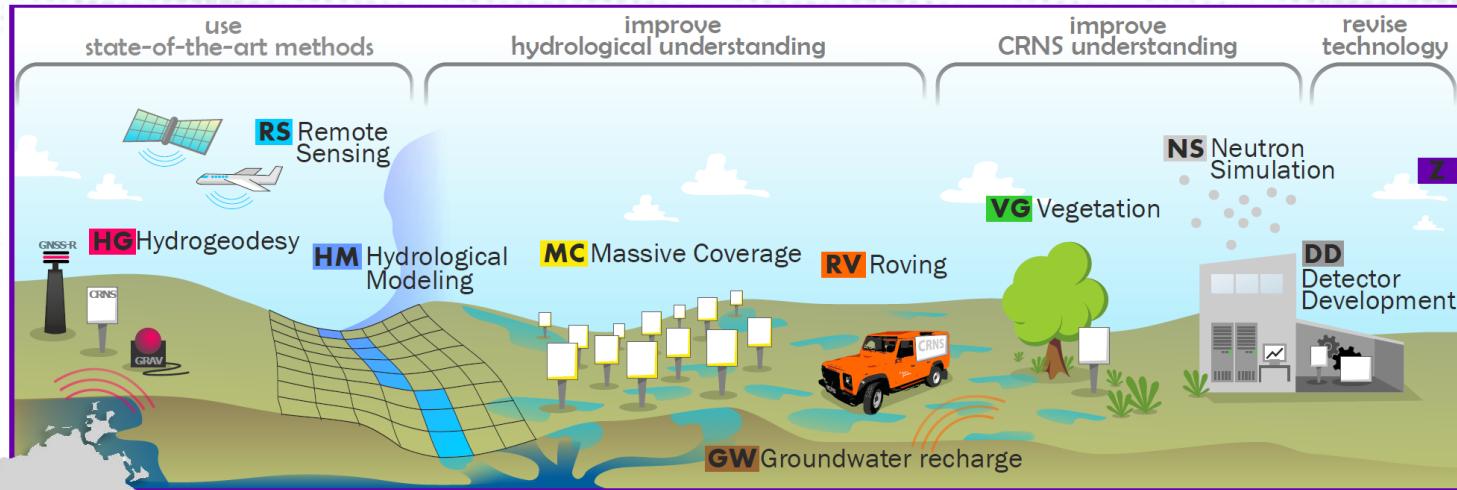
Team: Jannis Weimar
Fabian Allmendinger

Matthias Janke
Markus Köhli



An interdisciplinary Collaboration

DFG
FOR 2694



DFG Research Group



<https://www.uni-potsdam.de/de/cosmicsense.html>

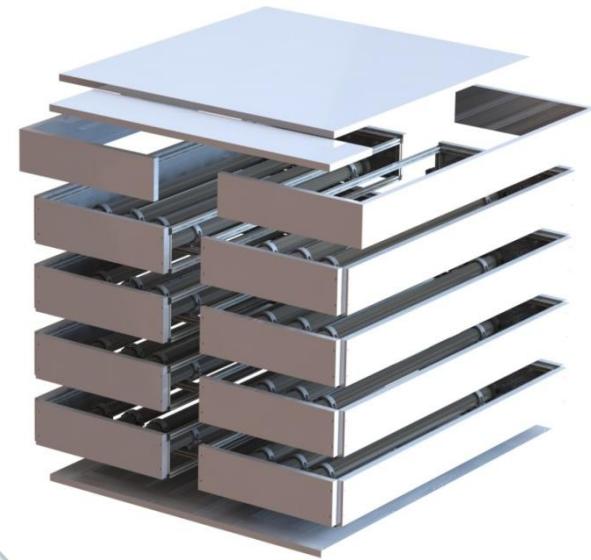
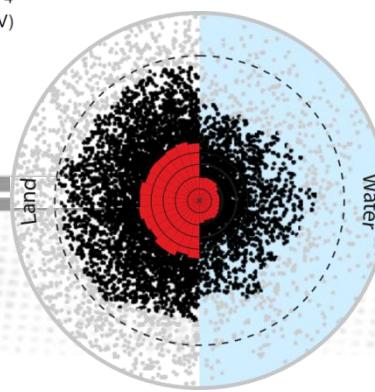
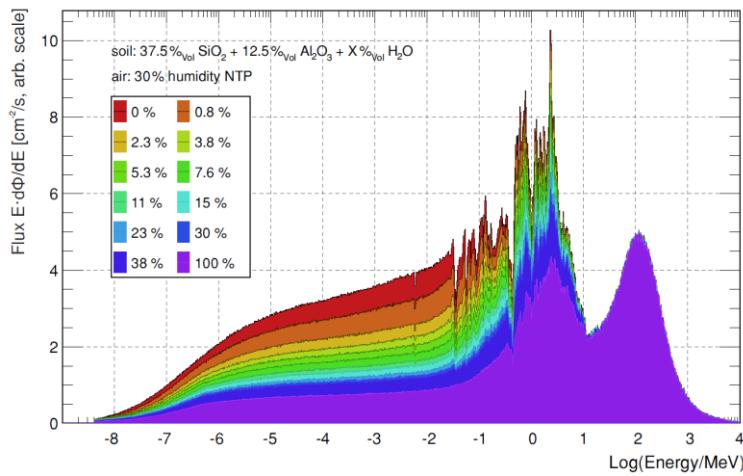


Neutron Physics

↑
(detection)

across the scales
and disciplines

Soil Moisture Measurements with Cosmic-Ray Neutrons



Physikalisches Institut

Ruprecht-Karls-Universität
Heidelberg

Markus Köhli
AG Schmidt
ANP-PAT