**aSPECT**: Final result of measuring the angular correlation coefficient between electron and antineutrino momentum in free neutron  $\beta$ -decay

## Ulrich Schmidt Physikalisches Institut, Uni Heidelberg

Precise measurements of the angular correlation coefficient in free neutron  $\beta$ -decay can be used to determine the parameters of Weak Interaction. Mainly the ratio  $\lambda$  between the axial  $g_A$  and vector coupling  $g_V$  can be derived independently from different angular correlation coefficient measurements. Further the value of the first diagonal matrix element  $V_{ud}$  of the CKM-matrix can be determined by measuring  $\lambda$  and the neutron life time  $\tau_n$  with neutron  $\beta$  —decay and using the Fermi constant  $G_f$  from  $\mu$ -decay.

In my talk I will briefly discus the determination of  $\lambda$  derived from the correlation coefficient A measured by PERKEO III. Then I will focus on the determination of  $\lambda$  form the correlation coefficient a measured by aSPECT, including the reanalysis of aSPECT just finished. Finally I will discuss the tension between the  $\lambda$  values of PERKEO III and aSPECT and show how angular correlation coefficient measurements can be used to search for physics beyond the Standard Model.